TOWN OF FALMOUTH, MAINE



Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020 Town of Falmouth, Maine Comprehensive Annual Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

Prepared by:

Peter McHugh Finance Director

TOWN OF FALMOUTH, MAINE COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

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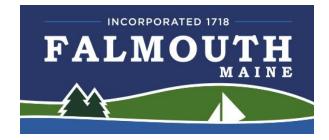
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INTRODUCTORY SECTION



December 16, 2020

To the Town Council and Citizens of the Town of Falmouth:

Maine state statutes and the Falmouth Town Charter require that the Town issue annually a financial report audited in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards. Pursuant to these requirements, we hereby issue the comprehensive annual financial report of the Town of Falmouth, Maine, for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020.

Management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of the information contained in this report, based upon a comprehensive framework of internal control that it has established for this purpose. Because the cost of internal control should not exceed anticipated benefits, the objective is to provide reasonable, rather than absolute, assurance that the financial statements are free of any material misstatements.

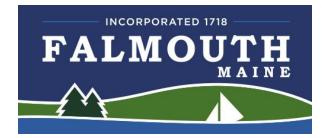
RHR Smith & Company, Certified Public Accountants, has issued an unmodified ("clean") opinion on the Town of Falmouth, Maine's, financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2020. The independent auditor's report is located at the front of the financial section of this report.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) immediately follows the independent auditor's report and provides a narrative introduction, overview and analysis of the basic financial statements. MD&A complement this letter of transmittal and should be read in conjunction with it.

The Town was required to undergo an annual single audit in conformity with the Single Audit Act of 1984 and U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations as total Federal Grants exceeded \$750,000 for the year ended June 30, 2020.

Profile of the Town of Falmouth

The Town of Falmouth, incorporated in 1718, is located in the southern part of the State of Maine, in Cumberland County, directly north of the City of Portland. The Town currently occupies a land area of 32 square miles and serves a population of approximately 12,162 persons (Census estimate for 2017). Under Maine statutes, the Town is empowered to levy a property tax on both real and personal property located within its boundaries.

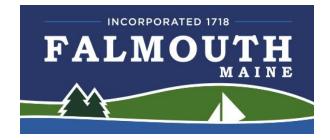


The Town has operated under the Council-Manager form of government since 1962. Policy-making and legislative authority is vested in a seven-member Town Council. The Town Council is responsible, among other things, for passing ordinances, adopting the budget, appointing committees and hiring the Town Manager. The Town Manager is responsible for carrying out the policies and ordinances of the Town Council, for overseeing the day-to-day operations of the Town, and for appointing the heads of the Town's departments. The Council is elected on a non-partisan basis to three-year staggered terms. All Council members are elected at large.

The Town of Falmouth provides a full range of services, including police, emergency medical services and fire protection; the construction and maintenance of highways, streets, and other infrastructure; recreational activities; elementary and secondary education; harbor control and emergency preparedness; municipal planning, assessing, building inspection and code enforcement; and wastewater treatment. Under the Town Charter, the Town of Falmouth's Education department is a department of the Town with an elected school board and an appointed Superintendent of Schools.

The annual budget serves as the foundation for the Town of Falmouth's financial planning and control. Each fall, all departments of the Town, including the Education department, submit requests for appropriation to the Town Manager so that a budget may be prepared. The Town Manager uses these requests as the starting point for developing a proposed budget. The Town Manager then presents this budget to the Town Council for multiple reviews in the months January through April. The Town Council is required to hold a public hearing on the proposed budget before a final budget is adopted. The appropriated budget is prepared by fund, function (e.g., public safety), and department (e.g., police). (Note that Wastewater and the Vehicle Maintenance Internal Service Fund also carry a budget)

The budget includes information on the past year, current year estimates, and requested appropriations for the next fiscal year. The Town Manager may make transfers of appropriations within a function. Transfers of appropriations between functions require the approval of the Town Council. The legal level of budgetary control is the function level. Expenditures may not legally exceed budgeted appropriations at the function level without Town Council approval. Budget-to-actual comparisons are provided in this report for the general fund. This comparison is presented on page 104 as part of the required supplementary information.



Local Economy

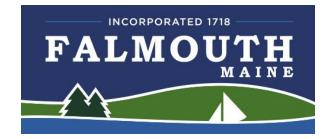
Falmouth is primarily a residential suburb of Portland, with two commercial corridors containing both retail and office developments. The Town exhibits above average wealth and housing levels with per capita growth outpacing that of the state. The Town experienced a rapid tax base growth in the late 1980's. This growth stabilized in the early 1990's and increased again during the late 1990's. The Town had another period of rapid tax base growth in the early 2000s (averaged 7.8% per year) and performed a re-valuation in 2009.

Since 2009, the Town experienced moderate growth of slightly over 1.1%, as TIF districts saw much of the growth. TIF valuations grew an average of 7.7% per year (increasing from 4% of the Town's total valuation to over 8.0% in 2020). From 2019 to 2020, the Town's taxable base grew by 1.32% while TIF district values grew by 1.9%. The Town's current-year property tax collection rate was a very healthy 99.2% collected by August 31, 2020.

Several factors continue to work in the Town's favor in the current economic climate. First, residential building activity and development in Falmouth showed continued stability. There were 42 building permits for new construction issued this year, including 21 permits for new single-family residential housing, 19 permits for multi-family housing and 2 permits for new commercial buildings.

Finally, relative to many other municipalities, the Town has an extremely diversified tax base, with its largest taxpayer comprising only 3.09% of its total tax base, and its top ten taxpayers combined representing only 8.61% of the total tax base. The commercial tax base is well balanced with strong retail, office, and service sectors. Major companies with headquarters or divisions located in the Town include a large national computer software firm and a large regional bank back-office facility.

The Town's two retail corridors have a very high occupancy rate with a variety of specialty stores and restaurants, as well as several large retail and supermarket outlets. According to the latest available census figures, an approximate total of 6,362 workers are employed in Falmouth. The Town also serves as a regional employment center, with over 63% of its total workforce residing in surrounding communities.



Long Range Planning

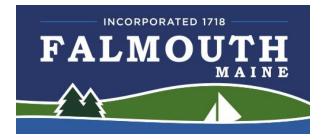
To prepare for the future, the Town identifies infrastructure and capital projects that are needed to meet the demand for services, while continuing to meet the rising fixed costs necessary to deliver services and programs to support the function of all operations. Among these capital investments and programs are road construction, planning for affordable housing, open space planning, recreational activities, equipment purchases, and building construction and renovations. These initiatives were accomplished in accordance with the Town's comprehensive planning document and its ten-year Capital Improvement Plan, which is reviewed and updated annually by the Town Council.

The 2020-21 capital plan calls for a continuation of road and sidewalk improvements, drainage system repairs, replacement of the Town wireless Ap and completion of security upgrades for all Town facilities, completion of the Route 100 infrastructure project, the addition of 3 bunk rooms at Central Fire Station and planning for the eventual expansion of Central Fire Station to meet the future staffing needs of the Town Fire/EMS department, various Parks & Community Programs projects including a generator addition at the Community Center, tennis court recoating and lighting improvements, and open space stewardship costs.

This year's 2020-21 multi-year equipment replacement plan also calls for the purchase of a plow truck, a light duty plow truck, and a skid steer for Public Works, two new hybrid cruisers, and replacement vehicle emergency lights for the Police Department, new hydraulic power units for Engines 2 & 4, and a new Lucas mechanical CPR device for Ambulance 2 for the Fire Department, and a new tractor and 4wd mower for the Parks & Community Programs Department.

In addition to its multi-year capital improvement and equipment replacement plans, the Town continues to be engaged in significant long-range land use planning. In 2019-20, the Town made progress on a number of long-range planning initiatives including the following:

1. Continued focus on the overall needs of senior citizens and what role the Town should have with offering and/or facilitating the delivery of services and assistance to senior citizens.



- 2. Continued construction for the voter approved implementation of the Route 100 Infrastructure project.
- 3. Continued review of land use ordinances to ensure growth is encouraged in areas targeted for growth and slow growth is maintained in rural areas.
- 4. Continued with implementation of a prioritized bicycle and pedestrian infrastructure plan.
- 5. Planned for the continued expansion of natural gas lines throughout the community.
- 6. Initiate a comprehensive watershed assessment of the community.
- 7. Determined next steps to implement the Route One North Vision Plan with recommended improvements including intersection and roadway improvements, as well as pedestrian and bicycle amenities.
- 8. Considered next steps to create a Town Vision and Values Plan based on the needs and wants of Town residents.
- 9. Considered next steps to implement the multi-modal transportation plan for the Route One corridor that was developed with the Towns of Cumberland, Yarmouth, and Freeport.

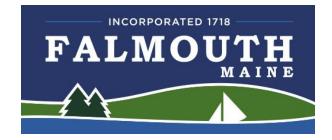
In 2020-21, the Town will continue to work on long-range planning initiatives which are included in the 2013 Comprehensive Plan. These initiatives include the following:

- 1. Prioritize capital improvements to ensure adequate supporting infrastructure is available to accommodate growth in growth areas.
- 2. Continue to analyze the long-term staffing needs of the Fire/EMS Department as demand for those services continues to grow and the number of volunteers continues to shrink.
- 3. Complete the Route 100 Infrastructure project.
- 4. Continue to implement the Town's 2018 Open Space Plan.
- 5. Continue to work with the State of Maine on an infrastructure plan for Blackstrap Road.
- 6. Complete a comprehensive watershed assessment of the community.
- 7. Explore a possible update of the West Falmouth Crossing Master Plan.
- 8. Continue to Investigate affordable housing opportunities.
- 9. Continue to implement the Bicycle and Pedestrian Plan.
- 10. Begin the process to review and update the 2013 Comprehensive Plan.

TOWN OF FALMOUTH

271 Falmouth Road • Falmouth, ME 04105

207.781.5253 • www.Falmouthme.org



Relevant Financial Policies

Unassigned fund balance in the general fund exceeds the target balance of 16.7% (two months) of budgeted expenditures specified in the Town of Falmouth's fund balance policy. The Town also reserves \$1,000,000 over that amount for future capital expenditures. According to the policy, funds in excess of the targeted balance may, with the approval of the Falmouth Town Council, be used for such non-operating fiscal purposes as additional capital improvements or debt reduction.

Major Initiatives

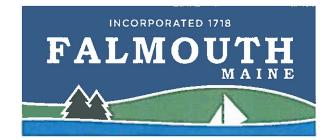
In addition to significant long range planning initiatives, there are other major projects or initiatives, which will have a significant impact on the future of the Town. Some of these initiatives include but are not limited to:

- 1. Completion of the reconstruction and expansion of the Memorial Library.
- 2. The Town will complete the Route 100 Infrastructure project in FY2021 partially funded with \$6,000,000 in GO Bonds in 2019 and serviced out of the West Falmouth TIF. In addition, the Town will undertake and expansion of sewer service to West Falmouth.

Awards and Acknowledgements

The Government Finance Officers Association (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the Town of Falmouth, Maine, for its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019. This was the 28th consecutive year that the Town has received this prestigious award. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, the Town published an easily readable and efficiently organized comprehensive annual financial report. This report satisfied both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for one year. We believe that our current comprehensive annual financial report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements, and we are submitting it to GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.



The preparation of this report would not have been possible without the dedicated service of the Finance Department staff. Each member of the department has our sincere appreciation for the contributions made in the preparation of this report. Credit must also be given to the Falmouth Town Council for its unfailing support for maintaining the highest standards of professionalism in the management of the Town's finances.

Sincerely,

 $G \mathcal{A}$ 2F

Nathan A. Poore Town Manager

Put Will

Peter M. McHugh Finance Director

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Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

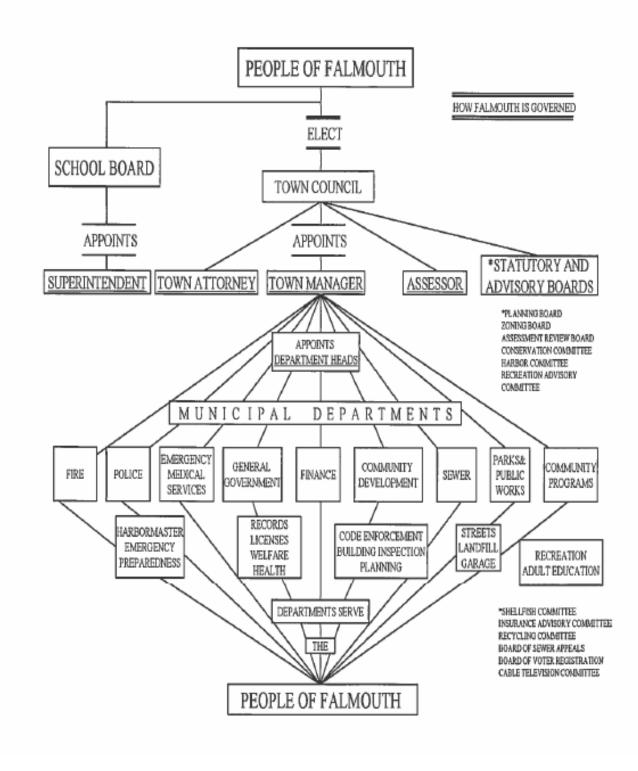
Town of Falmouth Maine

For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended

June 30, 2019

Christophe P. Monill

Executive Director/CEO



<u>Title</u>

Council member **Town Manager** Assessor **Code Enforcement Officer Community Programs Director Community Development Director Economic Development Director Finance Director** Fire Chief Information Systems Director Police Chief Public Works Director **Town Clerk** Wastewater Treatment Superintendent School Board member School Board member

<u>Name</u>

Amy Kuhn, Chair Ted Asherman, Vice Chair Tommy Johnson Janice De Lima Hope Cahan **Caleb Hemphill** Jay Trickett Nathan Poore Benjamin Thompson Justin Brown Alexis D'Ascanio Ethan Croce Theo Holtwijk Peter McHugh **Howard Rice** Jennifer Phinney John Kilbride Jay Reynolds Ellen Planer **Robert Clark** Danielle Tracy, Chair Whitney Bruce, Vice Chair **Krisztina Napolitano** James Cahan Nicole Bezanson Julie Fraser Julia Lucas

FINANCIAL SECTION



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Town Council Town of Falmouth Falmouth, Maine

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Falmouth, Maine as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020 and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town of Falmouth, Maine's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

3 Old Orchard Road, Buxton, Maine 04093 Tel: (800) 300-7708 (207) 929-4606 Fax: (207) 929-4609 www.rhrsmith.com We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

<u>Opinions</u>

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Falmouth, Maine as of June 30, 2020 and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information and pension and OPEB information on pages 15 through 26 and 104 through 113 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Town of Falmouth, Maine's basic financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and capital asset schedules are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by Title 20-A MRSA §6051, Sub-chapter 1(K) of the Maine Revised Statutes as amended, and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements

The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements, capital asset schedules and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and related directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements, capital asset schedules and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 16, 2020, on our consideration of the Town of Falmouth, Maine's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grants agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Town of Falmouth, Maine's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

RHR Smith & Company

Buxton, Maine November 16, 2020

TOWN OF FALMOUTH, MAINE Management's Discussion and Analysis June 30, 2020

As management of the Town of Falmouth, we offer readers of the Town's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the Town of Falmouth for the fiscal year ended 2020. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in our letter of transmittal, which can be found on pages 1-7 of this report.

Financial Highlights

- The assets and deferred outflows of resources of the Town of Falmouth exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$103,084,782 (*net position*). Of this amount, \$14,278,265 (*unrestricted net position*) may be used to meet the Town's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.
- The Town of Falmouth's total net position increased by \$5,394,324.
- The assets and deferred outflows of resources of the Town of Falmouth's governmental activities exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$82,514,489 (*net position*). Of this amount, \$10,381,816 (*unrestricted net position*) may be used to meet the Town's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors. The Town of Falmouth's governmental activities total net position increased by \$5,544,461.
- The assets and deferred outflows of resources of the Town of Falmouth's business-type activities exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$20,570,293 (*net position*). Of this amount, \$3,896,449 (*unrestricted net position*) may be used to meet the Town's business activities ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors. The Town of Falmouth's business-type activities total net position decreased by \$150,137.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, the Town of Falmouth's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$27,081,536, a decrease of \$4,567,539 in comparison with the prior year. This is detailed as follows:
 - The general fund increased \$1,069,400. This was due to favorable operations of \$6,123,256 offset by current year net transfers (\$5,053,856) to other funds.
 - The West Falmouth TIF fund decreased \$3,459,187. This was due to the spending of \$5,627,582 from the \$6 million Route 100 GO infrastructure bond proceeds. Net spending for this TIF was \$4,421,329.
 - Other governmental funds including CIP, special revenue funds and the TIF districts, decreased \$2,177,752. Revenues of \$3,373,349 consisting of miscellaneous revenues of \$1,000,337, charges for services (\$1,734,013) and intergovernmental revenues (\$628,790). Expenditures of \$9,642,815 consisting mostly of spending on the Library construction project (2019 \$2.3 million bond issuance was combined with \$2.3 million in Falmouth Memorial Library Contribution) of \$2,391,186, Capital spending of \$2,682,978, school related expenditures (\$1,975,515), community programs and parks expenditures (\$814,799), and debt service (\$761,413). The balance is made up of expenditures in other departments such as public safety, general government, public works, and community development. Total expenditures exceeded revenues by \$6,269,466 offset by \$4,091,714 in net transfers from other funds (property taxes transferred to the TIF Districts totaled \$2,405,324).
- At the end of the current fiscal year, the Town unassigned fund balance for the general fund was \$11,525,133 and the school Unassigned fund balance (listed as committed in the CAFR) was \$1,675,546. The total unassigned fund balance for the Town general fund and school department general fund of \$13,200,679 equates to 24% of total general fund expenditures.
- During the fiscal year, the Town paid \$4,445,000 in principal payments on previously issued general obligation debt, and paid principle of \$324,000 on previously issued sewer revenue bond debt.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the Town of Falmouth's basic financial statements. The Town's financial statements have three components: 1) government-wide financial statements,

2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide financial statements. The *government-wide financial statements* are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the Town of Falmouth's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The *statement of net position* presents information on the Town's assets and deferred outflows of resources and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, with the difference between these items reported as *net position*. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the Town is improving or deteriorating.

The *statement of activities* presents information showing how the Town's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, *regardless of the timing of related cash flows*. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

Both government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the Town of Falmouth that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (*governmental activities*) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (*business-type activities*). The governmental activities of the Town include general government, public safety, public works (highways, streets, and solid waste disposal), education, and parks and recreation. The Town has one business-type activity, its wastewater treatment operation. The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 28-31 of this report.

Fund financial statements. A *fund* is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Town of Falmouth, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All funds of the Town can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on *near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources*, as well as on *balances of spendable resources* available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for *governmental funds* with similar information presented for *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the Town's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between *governmental funds* and *governmental activities*.

The Town of Falmouth maintains nine governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the general fund and the capital project fund (30 individual projects), both of which are considered to be major funds. Data from the other seven governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these nonmajor governmental funds is provided in the form of *combining statements* elsewhere in this report.

The Town of Falmouth adopts an annual appropriated budget for its general fund. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the general fund to demonstrate compliance with this budget.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 32-35 of this report.

Proprietary funds. The Town of Falmouth maintains two different types of proprietary funds. The enterprise fund is used to report the same functions presented as *business-type activities* in the government-wide financial statements. The Town of Falmouth uses the enterprise fund to account for its wastewater treatment operations. The *internal service fund* is an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the Town's various functions. The Town uses the internal service fund to account for the maintenance of its motor vehicle fleet. Because this service predominantly benefits governmental rather than business-type functions, it has been included within *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 36-38 of this report.

Fiduciary funds. Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the Town. Fiduciary funds are *not* reflected in the government-wide financial statement because the resources of those funds are *not* available to support the Town of Falmouth's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds.

The basic fiduciary fund financial statement can be found on pages 39-40 of this report.

Notes to the financial statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 41-102 of this report.

Other information. The combining statements referred to earlier in connection with nonmajor governmental funds are presented immediately following the notes to the basic financial statements. Combining and individual fund statements and schedules can be found on pages 115-147 of this report.

Government-wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the Town of Falmouth, assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$103,074,782 at the close of the most recent fiscal year.

TOWN OF FALMOUTH, MAINE Management's Discussion and Analysis, Continued

Town of Falmouth's Net Position								
		Governm	ental					
		Activit	ies	Activ	rities	Total		
		2020	2019	2020	2019	2020	2019	
Current and other								
assets	\$	32,975,402	\$36,911,718	\$ 4,165,984	\$ 3,925,524	\$ 37,141,386	\$40,837,242	
Capital assets		107,978,027	102,050,497	18,941,844	19,676,399	126,919,871	121,726,896	
Total assets Deferred Outflow of		140,953,429	138,962,215	23,107,828	23,601,923	164,061,257	162,564,138	
Resources Non-current lia bilities	\$	3,833,515	\$ 3,585,019	\$-	\$-	\$ 3,833,515	\$ 3,585,019	
outstanding		50,603,005	54,470,627	2,043,284	2,381,855	52,646,289	56,852,482	
Other liabilities		10,555,854	10,112,199	494,251	499 <i>,</i> 638	11,050,105	10,611,837	
Total liabilities Deferred Inflows of		61,158,859	64,582,826	2,537,535	2,881,493	63,696,394	67,464,319	
Resources		1,113,596	994,380	-	-	1,113,596	994,380	
Net position: Net investment in								
capital assets		64,402,620	58,273,002	16,673,844	17,084,399	81,076,464	75,357,401	
Restricted		7,730,053	6,722,277	-	-	7,730,053	6,722,277	
Unrestricted		10,381,816	11,974,749	3,896,449	3,636,031	14,278,265	15,610,780	
Total net position	\$	82,514,489	\$76,970,028	\$20,570,293	\$20,720,430	\$ 103,084,782	\$97,690,458	

By far, the largest portion of the Town of Falmouth's net position (78.6%) reflects its net investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, infrastructure, machinery, and equipment); less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The Town uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are *not* available for future spending. Although the Town's net investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

An additional portion of the Town of Falmouth net position represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of unrestricted net position (\$14,278,265) may be used to meet the Town's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

At the end of the current fiscal year, the Town of Falmouth can report positive balances in all categories of net position, including investment in capital assets, restricted net position, and unrestricted net position, both for the government as a whole, as well as for its separate business-type activities.

Further information on deferred outflows of resources and inflows of resources, can be found in the Notes to Basic Financial Statements on pages 65-99.

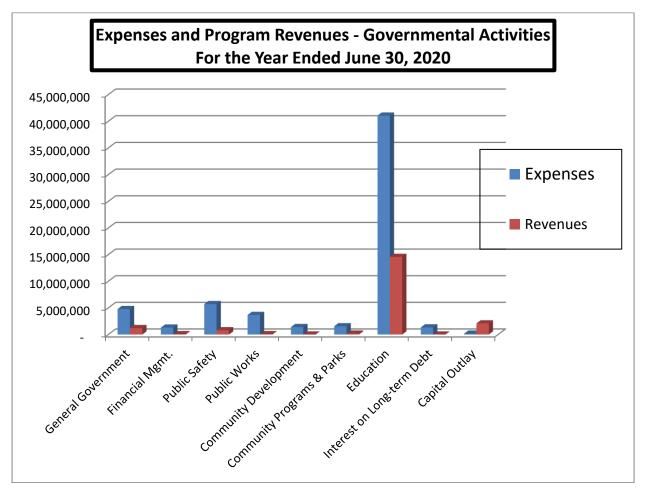
	Town	n of Falmouth's	Changes in Net	Position		
	Govern	mental	Busine	ss-type		
	Activities		Activities		Tot	al
	2020	2019	2020	2019	2020	2019
Revenues:						
Program revenues:						
Charges for services	3,341,079	3,772,388	\$ 2,089,949	\$ 2,012,107	\$ 5,431,028	\$ 5,784,495
Operating grants and						
contributions	13,534,068	10,802,138	-	-	13,534,068	10,802,138
Capital grants and						
contributions	2,088,921	594,309	348,542	522,694	2,437,463	1,117,003
General revenues:						
Property taxes	41,876,124	40,481,952	-	-	41,876,124	40,481,952
Excise taxes	3,651,682	3,560,107	-	-	3,651,682	3,560,107
Cable TV franchise taxes	222,802	229,783	-	-	222,802	229,783
Grants not restricted						
to specific programs	13,336	577 <i>,</i> 940	219,553	201,364	232,889	779,304
Other	1,803,172	2,908,107	8 <i>,</i> 500	15,046	1,811,672	2,923,153
Total revenues	66,531,184	62,926,724	2,666,544	2,751,211	69,197,728	65,677,935
Expenses:						
General government	4,781,736	2,853,139	-	-	4,781,736	2,853,139
Financial management	1,307,341	1,238,141	-	-	1,307,341	1,238,141
Public safety	5,709,527	5,366,716	-	-	5,709,527	5,366,716
Public Works	3,675,011	3,660,138	-	-	3,675,011	3,660,138
Community programs & parks	1,555,293	1,674,500	-	-	1,555,293	1,674,500
Community development	1,399,956	1,369,060	-	-	1,399,956	1,369,060
Education	41,063,971	38,702,886	-	-	41,063,971	38,702,886
Interest on long-term debt	1,331,087	1,561,000	-	-	1,331,087	1,561,000
Capital Outlay	162,801	-	-	-	162,801	-
Wastewater treatment	-	-	2,816,681	2,583,085	2,816,681	2,583,085
Total expenses	60,986,723	56,425,580	2,816,681	2,583,085	63,803,404	59,008,665
Increase in net position	5,544,461	6,501,144	(150,137)	168,126	5,394,324	6,669,270
Net positionJuly 1	76,970,028	70,468,884	20,720,430	20,552,304	97,690,458	91,021,188
Net positionJune 30	\$82,514,489	\$76,970,028	\$20,570,293	\$20,720,430	\$ 103,084,782	\$97,690,458

TOWN OF FALMOUTH, MAINE Management's Discussion and Analysis, Continued

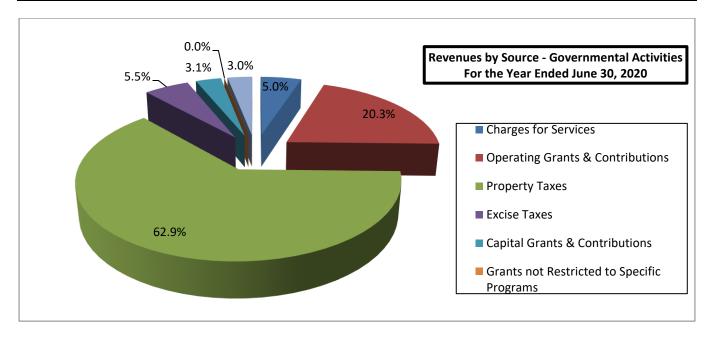
The Town of Falmouth's net position increased by \$5,394,324, or 5.5%, during the current fiscal year. Total governmental activities revenue increased by \$3,604,460 or 5.7% over the prior year primarily due to increased taxes of \$1,394,172, and an increase in operating grant revenue of \$2,731,930, capital grants and contributions of \$1,494612 offset by other revenue of \$1,104,935.

Total expenses increased \$4,794,739 or 8.5% from the prior year. The increase was driven by increases in general government expenses (\$1,928,597) primarily due to increases in accrued compensated balances and net OPEB liability, an increase in education expenses of \$2,361,085 offset by decreases in interest on long-term debt (\$229,913), and community programs & parks expense (\$119,207).

Governmental activities. Governmental activities increased the Town of Falmouth's net position by \$5,544,461 thereby accounting for 102.8% of the total growth in the Town's net position. The following charts illustrate total expenses and revenues by program and revenues by source for all governmental activities. Key elements of this increase are as follows:



- General government line item expenses increased by \$1,928,597 or 67.6%. This is primarily due to increases in net OPEB liability and accrued compensated absences.
- Public safety overall expenses increased \$342,811 primarily due to increased employee costs.
- Public works increased by \$14,873 due to increased employee costs.
- Community development expenses increased \$30,896 primarily due to an increase in employee costs.
- Financial management expenses increased \$69,200 primarily due to increased Worker's Compensation costs and assessor fees.
- Education line-item expenses increased by \$2,361,085 in 2020 compared to 2019 primarily due to increases in grant-related spending including COVID 19 grants.



- Property tax revenues increased by \$1,394,172 or 3.4% during the year. The tax rate increased from 16.47 mils to 16.87 mils in 2020 or 2.45%. This, along with a 1.3% increase in total property valuation, and strong tax collection efforts, reflected in the Town's continued high tax collection rate of 99.2% collected by August 31, 2020 resulted in the increase.
- Excise taxes increased \$91,575 or 2.6% from the prior year as new car sales and leases continue to see strong growth.
- Capital grants and contributions increased \$1,494,612 due to a Falmouth memorial Library capital contribution for the Library expansion project.

Business-type activities. The Town's one business-type activity, its wastewater treatment operation, decreased the Town of Falmouth's net position by \$150,137. Key elements of this year's activity are as follows:

- Charges for services increased by \$77,842 from the prior year.
- Capital grants and contributions decreased \$174,152 due to a reduction in shared capital projects.
- Expenses increased by \$233,596 or 9.0% primarily due to increased maintenance and repair costs.

Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

As noted earlier, the Town of Falmouth uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with financerelated legal requirements.

Governmental funds. The focus of the Town of Falmouth's *governmental funds* is to provide information on nearterm inflows, outflows, and balances of *spendable* resources. Such information is useful in assessing the Town's financing requirements. In particular, *unassigned fund balance* may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the Town of Falmouth's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$27,081,536, a decrease of \$4,567,539 from the prior year. This decrease is primarily due to spending down Bond proceeds from the Route 100 Infrastructure/Library Expansion GO Bond issuance. Approximately 40.6% of this total amount (\$11,008,201) constitutes *unassigned fund balance*, which is available for spending at the Town's discretion.

TOWN OF FALMOUTH, MAINE Management's Discussion and Analysis, Continued

The general fund is the chief operating fund of the Town of Falmouth. At the end of the current fiscal year, the fund balance of the general fund was \$13,707,487, \$2,182,354 of which has been designated by management, the Town Council, or an outside government as assigned, committed, restricted, or non-spendable). As a measure of the general fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unassigned fund balance and total fund balance to total fund expenditures. Unassigned fund balance represents 21.0% of total general fund expenditures, while total fund balance represents 25.0% of that same amount.

The remainder of the fund balance is as follows: *special revenue funds* (\$7,374,512); which are restricted or assigned for a specified purpose; *capital project funds* which are restricted or committed to capital projects (\$2,091,574); *permanent Funds* (\$9,172) which are assets held by the Town that are legally restricted; *West Falmouth TIF funds* (\$3,898,791) which are restricted to use in the TIF district; and *non-spendable* (\$36,573) to indicate that it is not available for new spending. These amounts are not available for new spending because they have already been classified to account for inventory, unemployment compensation reserves, School funds, or projects which must be completed due to restrictions set by entities at the State or Federal level or other municipal governments outside of the Town.

The fund balance of the Town of Falmouth's general fund increased by \$1,069,400 during the current fiscal year. Major factors in this year's fund balance activity are as follows:

- General fund property tax revenues increased by \$1,394,172 (3.4%) during the year. This increase reflects both a 1.3% increase in total property valuation, and an increase of 2.45% in the mil rate (from 16.47 to 16.87 mils), as well as strong tax collection efforts, reflected in the Town's continued high tax collection rate of 99.2% collected by August 31, 2020.
- Intergovernmental revenue increased by \$2,289,061 from the prior year due to an increase in the amount of operating grants for education.
- A \$91,575 increase in excise taxes, a \$358,226 decrease in charges for services, a \$5,373 increase in license, fees and permits, a \$56,644 decrease in investment earnings due to a reduction in unrealized net investment gain, and a \$17,305 decrease in fines and forfeitures revenue.
- Net other financing uses of \$5,053,856.
- Total general fund expenditures increased by \$4,519,799 or 9.0% primarily due to increased education expenditures.

The West Falmouth TIF fund decreased by \$3,459,187 due to spending of Bond net proceeds for the Route 100 infrastructure project of \$3,538,660, debt service of \$451,933 offset by property tax transfers in from the General Fund of \$962,142. \$2,088,922 in Route 100 infrastructure spending was offset by Maine DOT and Portland Water District capital contributions.

The combined fund balance of the other (nonmajor) governmental funds decreased by \$2,177,752 due to TIF property tax revenue transfers from the general fund of \$2,405,324, general government fund budget net transfers of \$1,686,390, intergovernmental revenue of \$628,790, charges for services of \$1,734,013 and miscellaneous revenues of \$1,000,337 offset by Library expansion spending of \$2,391,186 of bond proceeds from the Library project GO bond issuance, other expenditures of \$7,251,629 including capital spending of \$2,682,978, education spending of \$1,975,515, community programs & parks spending of \$814,799, public works spending of \$526,121, and debt service payments of \$761,413.

Proprietary funds. The Town of Falmouth's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail.

Unrestricted net position of the Town's wastewater treatment fund amounted to \$3,896,449, and net position of the fleet maintenance internal service fund was \$126,783. The total decrease in net position for the wastewater treatment fund was \$150,137. The total operating income for the internal service fund was \$0.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

For the current fiscal year, all revenue line-items (with the exception of property tax) exceeded budgetary projections and all expenditure line-items other than Finance and Education were within budgetary limits. Revenues were \$776,502 higher than budget and expenditures were \$231,123 lower than budget.

The Town's written fund balance policy, which authorizes funds exceeding the Town's required minimum unassigned fund balance of two months (or 16.7%) of operating expenditures to be appropriated for "one-time" capital or non-operating uses. The Town also reserves \$1,000,000 in addition to that amount for future capital expenditures.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital assets. The Town of Falmouth's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of June 30, 2020 amounts to \$126,919,871 (net of accumulated depreciation), an increase of \$5,192,175. This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings and system, land improvements, machinery and equipment, and infrastructure. The total increase in the Town of Falmouth's investment in net capital assets for the current fiscal year was 4.3% (a 5.81% increase for governmental activities and a 3.7% decrease for business-type activities).

Town of Falmouth's Capital Assets (net of depreciation)								
	Act	tivities	Activ	vities	Tot	tals		
	2020 2019 2020 201		2019	2020	2019			
Land Construction-in-	\$ 9,926,737	\$ 9,306,751	\$ 511,344	\$ 511,344	\$ 10,438,081	\$ 9,818,095		
progress Buildings &	12,288,092	4,090,386	249,540	237,809	12,537,632	4,328,195		
improvements Improvements other than	49,043,874	51,107,415	5,637,785	5,882,065	54,681,659	56,989,480		
buildings Machinery and	343,035	437,177	-	-	343,035	437,177		
equipment	6,306,611	6,413,423	1,449,830	1,603,767	7,756,441	8,017,190		
Infrastructure	30,069,679	30,695,345	11,093,344	11,441,414	41,163,023	42,136,759		
Total	\$107,978,028	\$ 102,050,497	\$ 18,941,843	\$ 19,676,399	\$ 126,919,871	\$121,726,896		

Major capital asset events during the current fiscal year included the following:

- A variety of street construction projects throughout the Town were undertaken, including the Route 100 infrastructure project and Falmouth Memorial Library expansion; Blackstrap Road rehabilitation, continued road and sidewalk improvements; drainage repairs; and energy-efficient streetlight replacements on Route 100. Other projects included comprehensive security upgrades in all Town buildings, replacement of the Community Center bathrooms, Phase II of the project to replace the balance of Town building lighting to energy efficient LED lighting, and school/open Space acquisitions.
- Major equipment additions include a loader and light-duty plow/maintenance truck and salt brine unit for Public Works, a new RAM for Engine 2 and new hydraulic cutters and spreaders for the Fire Department, a new Police lieutenant's car. two new hybrid police cruisers, and a new tractor for Parks and Community Programs.

Additional information on the Town of Falmouth's capital assets can be found in the notes to the basic financial statements on pages 59-60 of this report.

Long-term debt. At the end of the current fiscal year, the Town of Falmouth had total bonded debt outstanding of \$45,540,952. Of this amount, \$43,060,000 consists of general obligation debt backed by the full faith and credit of the Town. It should be noted that the State of Maine has been funding school debt payments for the 2017 refunding of the outstanding \$1,690,000 2011 high school construction bond and 84.2% of the 2017 refunding of the outstanding \$21,890,000 2011 elementary school construction bond. The State contribution toward debt service totaled \$3,203,977 in 2020. The remaining \$2,268,000 of the Town's debt consists of sewer revenue bonds secured solely by sewer user fees. In May of 2019, the Town issued a \$9,310,000 GO Bond (\$8,840,000 outstanding) to finance \$6,000,000 of the voter-approved Route 100 infrastructure project, and \$3,310,000 of the voter-approved Falmouth Memorial Library construction project.

All Governmental activities long-term debt service requirements are paid by either the General Fund, the Route One South TIF District Fund or the West Falmouth TIF District Fund.

Town of Falmouth's Outstanding Debt								
General Obligation and Revenue Bonds								
	Govern	mental	Busines	s-type				
	activ	ities	de	bt	То	tal		
	2020	2019	2020	2019	2020	2019		
General obligation								
bonds	\$43,060,000	\$47,505,000	\$-	\$-	\$43,060,000	\$ 47,505,000		
Revenue bonds	-	-	2,480,952	2,592,000	2,480,952	2,592,000		
Total	\$43,060,000	\$47,505,000	\$2,480,952	\$2,592,000	\$45,540,952	\$ 50,097,000		

During the fiscal year, the Town paid \$4,445,000 in principal payments on previously issued general obligation debt, and paid principle of \$324,000 on previously issued sewer revenue bond debt.

During the fiscal year, The Town of Falmouth maintained both its "AAA" credit rating from Standard & Poor's and "Aaa" credit rating from Moody's Investors Service.

State statutes limit the amount of total debt (for all municipal purposes) that a municipality may issue up to 15% of its total state assessed valuation. The current debt limitation for the Town of Falmouth is \$433,132,500. The Town's actual total outstanding debt of \$45,540,952 (for all municipal purposes) is significantly below the authorized state limit. Additional information on the Town of Falmouth's long-term debt can be found in the notes to the basic financial statements on pages 60-62 of this report.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

- The Town of Falmouth's property tax base continues to remain stable, paced by a stable building and real estate construction market. Falmouth's taxable valuation base grew by 1.3% in fiscal year 2019-20. A total of 42 building permits for new construction were issued in 2019-20, including 21 permits for new single-family residential housing, 19 for new multi-family housing, and 2 permits for new commercial buildings.
- Certain economic areas are showing increased strength. For example, the automobile market's continued strength has led to a continued increase in automobile excise collections despite the impacts of the pandemic. This amount increased 2.6% over the prior year to \$3,651,682 in fiscal year 2019-20.
- The Town makes a continual effort to ensure that its property tax base is assessed at close to 100% of market value. A revaluation of commercial and residential properties was scheduled to begin in the spring of 2021 but may be delayed to later in the year due to the pandemic. These revaluations ensure that the Town is fairly and equitably assessing its properties and is utilizing its full property tax base.
- Despite a statewide decline in elementary and secondary school enrollment, the Town's school enrollment figures remain stable. These enrollment figures ensure that the Town will continue to receive its fair share of state educational aid, which is distributed to municipalities under a formula, which places great weight on student enrollment.
- The major concern for future budget planning is the need to convert our Fire Department from a volunteer department to an employee-based department. Drops in the number of volunteers and increases in the number of annual calls has put a strain on the department. The Town will begin transitioning to an employee-based department in fiscal year 2020-21.
- The 2020 COVID 19 pandemic has had a significant impact on the town's fiscal year 2020-21 budget as reductions in anticipated state revenue sharing and low interest rates on the town's investments have reduced projections of non-tax revenue at a time when Fire Department expansion has significantly impacted expenditures. To minimize the property tax impact of these issues, the town reduced its initial budget planned spending by \$1.8 million. This was accomplished through not filling open positions, deferring planned capital expenditures and eliminating non-essential spending.

Where applicable, the factors above were considered in preparing the Town of Falmouth's budget for the 2021 fiscal year. The primary budgetary objective was to provide basic and referendum approved Town services to its citizens while attempting to keep the property tax rate as low as possible. The final budget plan resulted in a 1.1% increase in the property tax rate for fiscal year 2020-21. The tax rate increased to \$17.05 per thousand of valuation.

Affecting the future development for the Town:

- In May 2019, the Town issued \$9.3 million in GO Bonds to finance two large projects. \$6,000,000 of the issuance was for the voter approved bonds to finance a portion of the \$10,500,000 Route 100 commercial corridor infrastructure improvement project. The remaining \$4,500,000 will be funded through a \$4,000,000 grant from the Maine Department of Transportation and \$500,000 from existing West Falmouth Crossing TIF funds. Work on this infrastructure improvement project is underway and scheduled to be complete by the end of 2020. The remaining \$3.3 million in GO Bonds financed the 50% match of the Falmouth Memorial Library renovation and expansion project. Library construction is scheduled to be complete by fall 2020.
- The private expansion of natural gas lines throughout the Town is continuing. Installation of the distribution system will represent a significant investment in Falmouth. The entire project is expected to take between five and ten years. In addition, the Ocean View senior community continues to expand at a rapid pace. Both of these major developments are in the Ocean View/Natural Gas TIF District.
- The Town continues to implement a prioritized bicycle and pedestrian infrastructure plan.
- Private development continues to expand in the Route 1 South commercial district following the 2016 completion of the Town's \$12M infrastructure investment.

- The Town recently developed a multi-modal transportation plan for the Route One corridor with the Towns of Cumberland, Yarmouth, and Freeport. The Town is now considering next steps to implement the plan.
- The Town has selected an engineering consulting firm to design the implementation of master plan scenarios for a portion of the Route 1 North commercial district with recommended improvements including intersection and roadway improvements, as well as, pedestrian and bicycle amenities.
- The Town is considering next steps in the implementation of the West Falmouth sewer master plan to ensure the system can accommodate growth in West Falmouth while maintaining service levels.
- The Town continues to market the Route One South corridor where the recently completed infrastructure improvement plan has spurred developmental growth.
- The Town continues to focus on the overall needs of senior citizens and what role the Town should have with offering and/or facilitating the delivery of services and assistance to senior citizens.
- The Town is investigating affordable housing opportunities with developers.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the Town of Falmouth's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Finance Director, Town of Falmouth, Maine, 271 Falmouth Road, Falmouth, Maine 04105.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

TOWN OF FALMOUTH, MAINE

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2020

	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total	
ASSETS				
Current assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 20,703,530	\$-	\$ 20,703,530	
Investments	13,794,985	-	13,794,985	
Accounts receivable (net of allowance for uncollectibles):				
Taxes	1,052,789	-	1,052,789	
Liens	205,735	-	205,735	
Other	528,946	418,278	947,224	
Due from other governments	207,827	-	207,827	
Inventory	155,498	-	155,498	
Prepaid items	42,077	26,176	68,253	
Tax acquired property	5,545	-	5,545	
Internal balances	(3,721,530)	3,721,530	-	
Total current assets	32,975,402	4,165,984	37,141,386	
Noncurrent assets:				
Capital assets:				
Land and other non-depreciable assets	22,214,829	760,884	22,975,713	
Infrastructure, buildings and vehicles, net of accumulated				
depreciation	85,763,198	18,180,960	103,944,158	
Total noncurrent assets	107,978,027	18,941,844	126,919,871	
TOTAL ASSETS	140,953,429	23,107,828	164,061,257	
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Deferred charge on bond refunding	1,250,915	-	1,250,915	
Deferred outflows related to pensions	1,883,671	-	1,883,671	
Deferred outflows related to OPEB	698,929	-	698,929	
TOTAL DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	3,833,515	-	3,833,515	
TOTAL ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	\$ 144,786,944	\$ 23,107,828	\$ 167,894,772	

TOWN OF FALMOUTH, MAINE

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2020

	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total		
LIABILITIES					
Current liabilities:					
Accounts payable	\$ 1,096,115	\$ 55,020	\$ 1,151,135		
Accrued payroll and expenses	4,028,595	14,414	4,043,009		
Accrued interest payable	266,314	34,627	300,941		
Due to other governments	58,919	-	58,919		
Current portion of long-term obligations	5,105,911	390,190	5,496,101		
Total current liabilities	10,555,854	494,251			
Noncurrent liabilities:					
Noncurrent portion of long-term obligations:					
Bonds and bond premiums payable	41,095,800	1,944,000	43,039,800		
Accrued compensated absences	659,411	99,284	758,695		
Net pension liability	2,758,070	-	2,758,070		
Net OPEB liability	6,294,876	-	6,294,876		
Total noncurrent liabilities	50,603,005 2,043,284		52,646,289		
TOTAL LIABILITIES	61,158,859	2,537,535	63,696,394		
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Prepaid taxes	5,783	-	5,783		
Deferred inflows related to pensions	753,666	-	753,666		
Deferred inflows related to OPEB	354,147	-	354,147		
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	1,113,596		1,113,596		
NET POSITION					
Net investment in capital assets	64,402,620	16,673,844	81,076,464		
Restricted: Unemployment compensation fund	92,396	-	92,396		
Education	1,675,546	-	1,675,546		
TIF reserve funds	5,952,463	-	5,952,463		
Cemetery perpetual care funds	9,648	-	9,648		
Unrestricted	10,381,816	3,896,449	14,278,265		
TOTAL NET POSITION	82,514,489	20,570,293	103,084,782		
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
AND NET POSITION	\$ 144,786,944	\$ 23,107,828	\$ 167,894,772		

TOWN OF FALMOUTH, MAINE

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

			Program Revenue	es	Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position		
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total
Governmental activities:							
Administration	\$ 4,781,736	\$ 540,524	\$ 666,991	\$-	\$ (3,574,221)	\$-	\$ (3,574,221)
Finance	1,307,341	59,582	-	-	(1,247,759)	-	(1,247,759)
Police	3,602,142	789,231	7,905	-	(2,805,006)	-	(2,805,006)
Fire/EMS	2,107,385	-	-	-	(2,107,385)	-	(2,107,385)
Public works	3,675,011	52,646	9,126	-	(3,613,239)	-	(3,613,239)
Community development	1,399,956	-	3,000	-	(1,396,956)	-	(1,396,956)
Parks and community programs	1,555,293	165,083	-	-	(1,390,210)	-	(1,390,210)
Education	41,063,971	1,734,013	12,847,046	-	(26,482,912)	-	(26,482,912)
Interest on debt service	1,331,087	-	-	-	(1,331,087)	-	(1,331,087)
Capital outlay	162,801	-	-	2,088,921	1,926,120	-	1,926,120
Total governmental activities	\$ 60,986,723	\$ 3,341,079	\$ 13,534,068	\$ 2,088,921	(42,022,655)		(42,022,655)
Business-type activities:							
Wastewater	2,816,681	2,089,949	-	348,542	-	(378,190)	(378,190)
Total business-type activities	\$ 2,816,681	\$ 2,089,949	\$-	\$ 348,542	-	(378,190)	(378,190)

* This amount excludes the depreciation that is included in the direct expenses of the various programs.

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	overnmental Activities	isiness-type Activities
Changes in net position:		
Net (expense) revenue	 (42,022,655)	 (378,190)
General revenues:		
Taxes:		
Property taxes, levied for general purposes	41,876,124	-
Excise taxes	3,651,682	-
Grants and contributions not restricted to		
specific programs	13,336	219,553
Investment income	832,070	8,500
Other income	1,193,904	-
Total general revenues	 47,567,116	 228,053
Change in net position	5,544,461	(150,137)
Net position - July 1	 76,970,028	 20,720,430
Net position - June 30	\$ 82,514,489	\$ 20,570,293

BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2020

		General Fund	West Falmouth TIF		Other Governmental Funds		nmental Governme	
ASSETS	•	~~~~~~	•		•	0.070	•	00 700 500
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	20,693,858	\$	-	\$	9,672	\$	20,703,530
Investments Accounts receivable (net of allowance for uncollectibles):		13,794,985		-		-		13,794,985
Taxes		1,052,789		-		-		1,052,789
Liens		205,735		-		-		205,735
Other		525,962		-		2,984		528,946
Due from other governments		-		-		207,827		207,827
Inventory		1,790		-		26,925		28,715
Prepaid items		42,077		-		-		42,077
Tax acquired property		5,545		-		-		5,545
Due from other funds		-		4,322,808		10,326,082		14,648,890
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	36,322,741	\$	4,322,808	\$	10,573,490	\$	51,219,039
LIABILITIES								
Accounts payable	\$	293,278	\$	424,017	\$	358,947	\$	1,076,242
Accrued payroll and expenses		3,995,612		-		24,406		4,020,018
Due to other governments		58,919		-		-		58,919
Due to other funds		17,557,208		-		714,879		18,272,087
TOTAL LIABILITIES	_	21,905,017		424,017		1,098,232		23,427,266
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Prepaid taxes		5,783		-		-		5,783
Deferred revenue		139,610		-		-		139,610
Deferred tax revenue		564,844		-		-		564,844
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		710,237		-		-		710,237
FUND BALANCES								
Nonspendable		49,412		-		36,573		85,985
Restricted		92,396		3,898,791		6,825,093		10,816,280
Committed		1,675,546		-		1,660,174		3,335,720
Assigned		365,000		-		1,470,350		1,835,350
Unassigned		11,525,133		-		(516,932)		11,008,201
TOTAL FUND BALANCES		13,707,487		3,898,791		9,475,258		27,081,536
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS	•		^	4 000 000	•		•	54 040 000
OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES	\$	36,322,741	\$	4,322,808	\$	10,573,490	\$	51,219,039

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2020

	Total Governmental Funds
Total Fund Balances Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:	\$ 27,081,536
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds, net of accumulated depreciation Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and therefore are deferred in the funds shown above:	107,978,027
Taxes and liens receivable	564,844
Ambulance and fines receivable Deferred outflows of resources related are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds:	139,610
Deferred charge on bond refunding	1,250,915
Pensions	1,883,671
OPEB	698,929
Long-term obligations are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds:	
Accrued interest	(266,314)
Bonds and bond premiums payable	(45,540,952)
Accrued compensated absences	(1,099,018)
Landfill postclosure costs	(16,000)
Net pension liability	(2,758,070)
Net OPEB liability	(6,294,876)
Deferred inflows of resources related are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds:	
Pensions	(753,666)
OPEB	(354,147)
Net position of governmental activities	\$ 82,514,489

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES -GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	 General Fund	West Falmouth TIF		Other Governmental Funds	G	Total overnmental Funds
REVENUES						
Taxes:						
Property taxes	\$ 41,967,517	\$	-	\$-	\$	41,967,517
Excise taxes	3,651,682		-	-		3,651,682
Intergovernmental	10,015,144		2,088,921	628,790		12,732,855
State of Maine on-behalf payments	2,903,470		-	-		2,903,470
Licenses, permits and fees	540,524		-	-		540,524
Charges for services	867,350		-	1,734,013		2,601,363
Investment income, net of unrealized gains/(losses)	821,861		-	10,209		832,070
Fines and forfeitures	59,582		-	-		59,582
Other revenue	193,567		-	1,000,337		1,193,904
TOTAL REVENUES	 61,020,697		2,088,921	3,373,349		66,482,967
EXPENDITURES						
Current:						
Administration	1,315,565		-	65,975		1,381,540
Finance	1,307,341		-	-		1,307,341
Police	3,242,332		-	42,606		3,284,938
Fire/EMS	1,733,448		-	5,895		1,739,343
Public works	1,963,542		-	526,121		2,489,663
Community development	592,894		430,735	376,327		1,399,956
Parks and community programs	511,330		-	814,799		1,326,129
Non-departmental/other agencies	2,607,278		-	-		2,607,278
Education	36,923,794		-	1,975,515		38,899,309
Debt service:						
Principal	3,552,100		302,900	590,000		4,445,000
Interest	1,147,817		149,033	171,413		1,468,263
Capital outlay	-		5,627,582	5,074,164		10,701,746
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	 54,897,441		6,510,250	9,642,815		71,050,506
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER)						
EXPENDITURES	 6,123,256		(4,421,329)	(6,269,466)		(4,567,539)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Transfers in			962,142	4,112,522		5,074,664
	-		902,142			
	 (5,053,856)		-	(20,808)		(5,074,664)
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	 (5,053,856)		962,142	4,091,714		-
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	1,069,400		(3,459,187)	(2,177,752)		(4,567,539)
FUND BALANCES - JULY 1	 12,638,087		7,357,978	11,653,010		31,649,075
FUND BALANCES - JUNE 30	\$ 13,707,487	\$	3,898,791	\$ 9,475,258	\$	27,081,536

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds (Statement E)	\$ (4,567,539)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities (Statement B) are different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures while governmental activities report depreciation expense allocated to those expenditures over the life of the assets: Capital asset acquisitions Capital asset disposals Depreciation expense	10,815,248 (276,303) (4,611,415) 5,927,530
Revenues in the Statement of Activities that do not provide current financial resources as revenues in the funds:	
Taxes and liens receivable Ambulance and fines receivable	(91,393) <u>139,610</u> <u>48,217</u>
Deferred outflows of resources are a consumption of net position by the government that are applicable to a future reporting period and therefore are not reported in the funds:	
Pensions OPEB	39,931 413,717 453,648
Repayment of long-term debt principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term obligations in the Statement of Net Position	4,489,020
Deferred inflows of resources are an acquisition of net position by the government that are applicable to a future reporting period and therefore are not reported in the funds:	
Pensions OPEB	(114,063) (3,323) (117,386)
Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds:	
Accrued compensated absences Accrued interest payable Landfill postclosure costs Net pension liability Net OPEB liability	(108,807) 137,176 16,000 (194,932) (538,466) (689,029)
Change in net position of governmental activities (Statement B)	\$ 5,544,461

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - PROPRIETARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2020

	Enterprise Funds		Governmental Activities		
	Wastewater		Internal Servic		
ASSETS		Fund		Fund	
Current assets:					
Accounts receivable (net of allowance					
for uncollectibles)	\$	418,278	\$	-	
Inventory	Ψ	-	Ψ	126,783	
Prepaid items		26,176			
Due from other funds		3,721,530		-	
Total current assets		4,165,984		126,783	
Noncurrent assets:					
Capital assets:					
Land and construction in progress		760,884		-	
Buildings and improvements		11,623,380		-	
Equipment		4,641,760		-	
Infrastructure		17,878,802		-	
Less: accumulated depreciation		(15,962,982)		-	
Total noncurrent assets		18,941,844			
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	23,107,828	\$	126,783	
LIABILITIES					
Current liabilities:					
Accounts payable	\$	55,020	\$	19,873	
Accrued expenses		14,414		8,577	
Accrued interest payable		34,627		-	
Due to other funds		-		98,333	
Current portion of long-term obligations		390,190		-	
Total current liabilities		494,251		126,783	
Noncurrent liabilities:					
Noncurrent portion of long-term obligations:					
Bonds payable		1,944,000		-	
Accrued compensated absences		99,284			
Total noncurrent liabilities		2,043,284		-	
TOTAL LIABILITIES		2,537,535		126,783	
NET POSITION					
Net investment in capital assets		16,673,844		-	
Unrestricted		3,896,449		-	
TOTAL NET POSITION		20,570,293			
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION	\$	23,107,828	\$	126,783	

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET POSITION - PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	Enterprise Funds Wastewater Fund	Governmental Activities Internal Service Fund		
OPERATING REVENUES Intergovernmental Charges for services Other TOTAL OPERATING REVENUES	\$ 185,176 2,089,949 34,377 2,309,502	\$- 210,598 - 210,598		
OPERATING EXPENSES Wages and benefits Professional services Supplies Maintenance and repairs Utilities Depreciation Other TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES	820,278 447,970 44,906 389,244 156,021 886,776 7,318 2,752,513	- - - - - - 210,598 210,598		
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES) Capital contributions Interest income Interest expense Transfers in Transfers (out) TOTAL NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)	(443,011) 348,542 8,500 (64,168) - - 292,874	- - - - - - - - -		
CHANGE IN NET POSITION NET POSITION - JULY 1	(150,137) 20,720,430	-		
NET POSITION - JUNE 30	\$ 20,570,293	<u>\$</u> -		

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS - PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

		erprise Funds_ Vastewater		vernmental Activities rnal Service
	v	Fund	into	Fund
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES: Receipts from customers Other receipts Internal activity - receipts (payments) from/to other funds Payments to employees Payments to suppliers NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES	\$	2,025,817 219,553 (177,108) (820,278) (1,064,637) 183,347	\$	210,598 - - - (210,598) -
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES: Interest paid on long-term debt Capital contributions Capital asset additions Principal payments on long-term debt NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES		(64,168) 348,542 (152,221) (324,000) (191,847)		
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES: Interest income NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY INVESTING ACTIVITIES		8,500 8,500		<u> </u>
NET CHANGE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		-		-
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - JULY 1				
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - JUNE 30	\$	-	\$	-
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES: Operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by operating activities:	\$	(443,011)	\$	-
Depreciation expense Changes in operating assets and liabilities: (Increase) decrease in accounts receivable		886,776 (64,132)		-
(Increase) decrease in prepaid items (Increase) decrease in due from other funds		780 (177,108)		-
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable Increase (decrease) in accrued expenses		27,015 (22,688)		-
Increase (decrease) in accrued compensated absences NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES	\$	(24,285) 183,347	\$	-
SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURE OF CASH FLOW INFORMATION: Cash paid during the year for: Interest	\$	64,168	\$	-
	<u> </u>	,	<u> </u>	

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - FIDUCIARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2020

	Custodial Funds Total			ate-Purpose ust Funds Total
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents Due from other governments TOTAL ASSETS	\$ \$	209,138 198,042 407,180	\$ \$	80,383 37,117 117,500
LIABILITIES Accounts payable Deposits held for others Due to other governments TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$	2,800 404,380 - 407,180	\$	- 1,074 500 1,574
NET POSITION Restricted Unrestricted (deficit) TOTAL NET POSITION				117,000 <u>(1,074)</u> 115,926
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION			\$	117,500

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET POSITION - FIDUCIARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	Private-Purpose Trust Funds Total		
ADDITIONS Interest income Other contributions TOTAL ADDITIONS	\$	286 19,330 19,616	
DEDUCTIONS Scholarship awards TOTAL DEDUCTIONS		<u>17,117</u> 17,117	
CHANGE IN NET POSITION		2,499	
NET POSITION - JULY 1		113,427	
NET POSITION - JUNE 30	\$	115,926	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Reporting Entity

The Town of Falmouth was incorporated under the laws of the State of Maine. The Town operates under the selectmen form of government and provides the following services: administration, finance, police, fire/EMS, public works, community development, parks and community programs, non-departmental, education and other/program expenses.

The Town's financial statements are prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is responsible for establishing GAAP for state and local governments through its pronouncements (Statements and Interpretations).

The Town's combined financial statements include all accounts and all operations of the Town. We have determined that the Town has no component units as described in GASB Statement No. 14 and amended by GASB Statements No. 39 and No. 61.

COVID-19 Outbreak

The outbreak of COVID-19, a respiratory disease caused by a new strain of coronavirus, has been declared a pandemic by the World Health Organization and led to a national state of emergency in the United States. The State of Maine, along with other state and local governments, declared states of emergency and issued multiple public health emergency orders that severely restrict movement and limit businesses and activities to essential functions. These actions and effects of COVID-19 have disrupted economic activity at all levels and impacted the processes and procedures for almost all businesses, including municipal and quasi-municipal entities.

In response to the health crisis created by COVID-19 since early March, the Governor of Maine issued multiple executive orders and declarations to protect the public health in an effort to reduce community spread of the virus and protect citizens. These measures have included, among others, closing or restricting access to certain business and activities, issuing a "stay at home" directive for most citizens, restricting nonessential travel and limiting movement of all persons in Maine to those necessary to obtain or provide essential services or activities. As of the date of this report, the state of emergency was extended to December 23, 2020 and may be further extended if circumstances warrant. While steps toward reopening the State have begun, the speed and scope of the reopening process will depend upon progress toward limiting the continued spread of the disease.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Impact on and Results of Operations

On March 17, 2020, Maine LD 2167 was issued and executed by the Governor of Maine. Among other measures, this LD gave guidance concerning municipal budgets and the election process during the state of emergency. The Town used a secret ballot referendum to approve the Falmouth School Department's fiscal year 2021 budget. In accordance with Executive Order 39, issued by the Governor of Maine on April 10, 2020, primary elections (and all applicable dates in coordination with it) were suspended from June 9 to July 14.

In accordance with Executive Order 19, issued by the Governor of Maine on March 24, 2020, Town facilities were temporarily closed to the public and all nonessential services to its inhabitants were suspended as of March 20, 2020. The Town office reopened by appointment on May 26, 2020 and for walk in business on June 8, 2020.

Tax and excise tax 60-day deferred revenue extended

Closures and/or reduced hours of Town facilities have provided limited ability for some taxpayers to remit payments for property and excise taxes that generally would have occurred during the current fiscal year. Executive Order 53, issued by the Governor of Maine on May 12, 2020 (and corrected on May 26 and June 26) allowed municipal officers to extend both tax due dates and interest dates for the fiscal year 2020 property taxes due as well as the option to delay property tax lien filing dates until after the state of emergency has expired. The Town did extend its tax due date for property taxes to May 30, 2020 and for auto excise taxes to July 10, 2020.

Impact on Finances

The Town does not currently anticipate any additional FY 2020 expenditures due to COVID-19 that would not be covered by existing resources including authorized Coronavirus, Aid, Relief and Economic Security ("CARES") Act funding and applicable Federal and/or State programs.

Expected Federal/State Support

The Town may have to take action to meet certain requirements to receive any additional Federal or State funding for budgetary or economic relief related to the challenges presented by COVID-19. However, the Town expects that if those actions are necessary, that the Town would qualify and satisfy the various conditions required to receive applicable Federal or State funds.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Conclusion

The ongoing effects of COVID-19, including the financial impact to the Town and its inhabitants, may change significantly as events and circumstances evolve locally, nationally and worldwide. At present it is not possible, with any degree of certainty, to estimate the impact of COVID-19 on the revenues, expenditures, budget or overall financial position of the Town. No assurance can be given regarding future events or impacts because these actions and events are unpredictable or unknowable at this time and are outside the control of the Town.

Implementation of New Accounting Standards

During the year ended June 30, 2020, the following statements of financial accounting standards issued by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board became effective:

Statement No. 95 "Postponement of the Effective Dates of Certain Authoritative Guidance." The primary objective of this Statement is to provide temporary relief to governments and other stakeholders in light of the COVID-19 pandemic. That objective is accomplished by postponing the effective dates of certain provisions in Statements and Implementation Guides that first became effective or are scheduled to become effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2018 and later. (The following pronouncements exclude Statements No. 83 and No. 88 which were implemented prior to this Statement).

The effective dates of certain provisions contained in the following pronouncements are postponed by one year: Statement No. 84, Fiduciary Activities; Statement No. 89, Accounting for Interest Cost Incurred before the End of a Construction Period; Statement No. 90, Majority Equity Interests; Statement No. 91, Conduit Debt Obligations; Statement No. 92, Omnibus 2020; Statement No. 93, Replacement of Interbank Offered Rates; Implementation Guide No. 2017-3, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions (and Certain Issues Related to OPEB Plan Reporting); Implementation Guide No. 2018-1, Implementation Guidance Update-2018; Implementation Guide No. 2019-1, Fiduciary Activities. The effective dates of the following pronouncements are postponed by 18 months: Statement No. 87, Leases and Implementation Guide No. 2019-3, Leases.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Statement No. 97 "Certain Component Unit Criteria (paragraphs 4 & 5)." The primary objectives of paragraphs 4 & 5 in this Statement are to increase consistency and comparability related to the reporting of fiduciary component units in circumstances in which a potential component unit does not have a governing board and the primary government performs the duties that a governing board typically would perform. Management has determined the impact of this Statement is not material to the financial statements.

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The Town's basic financial statements include both government-wide (reporting the Town as a whole) and fund financial statements (reporting the Town's major funds).

Both the government-wide and fund financial statements categorize primary activities as either governmental or business-type. The Town's Wastewater fund is categorized as a business-type activity. All other activities of the Town are categorized as governmental.

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position, the governmental and business-type activities columns are (a) presented on a consolidated basis by column and (b) is reported on a full accrual, economic resources basis, which recognizes all long-term assets and receivables as well as long-term debt and obligations. The Town's net position are reported in three parts - net investment in capital assets; restricted net position and unrestricted net position. The Town first utilizes restricted resources to finance qualifying activities.

The government-wide Statement of Activities reports both the gross and net cost of each of the Town's functions (general government, public safety, etc.) excluding fiduciary activities. The functions are also supported by general government revenues (property taxes, certain intergovernmental revenues, miscellaneous revenues, etc.). The Statement of Activities reduces gross expenses (including depreciation) by related program revenues, operating and capital grants. Program revenues must be directly associated with the function or business-type activity. Operating grants include operating-specific and discretionary (either operating or capital) grants while the capital grants column reflects capital-specific grants. For the most part, the interfund activity has been eliminated from these government-wide financial statements.

The net costs (by function) are normally covered by general revenue (taxes, certain intergovernmental revenues and charges for services, etc.).

The Town does not allocate indirect costs. All costs are charged directly to the corresponding department.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

The government-wide focus is more on the sustainability of the Town as an entity and the change in the Town's net position resulting from the current year's activities.

Measurement Focus - Basic Financial Statements and Fund Financial Statements

The financial transactions of the Town are reported in the individual funds in the fund financial statements. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, fund balances, revenues and expenditures/expenses. The various funds are reported by generic classification within the financial statements. The following fund types are used by the Town:

1. Governmental Funds:

The focus of the governmental fund's measurement (in the fund statements) is upon determination of financial position (sources, uses and balances of financial resources) rather than upon net income. The following is a description of the governmental funds of the Town:

Major Funds

- a. The General Fund is the general operating fund of the Town. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.
- b. The West Falmouth TIF Fund is used to account for financial resources to be used for the West Falmouth TIF and that are legally restricted for that purpose.

Nonmajor Funds

- c. Special Revenue Funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes.
- d. Capital Project Funds are used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities or equipment.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

- e. Permanent Funds are used to account for assets held by the Town that are legally restricted pursuant to Title 30-A, §5653 of the Maine State Statutes, as amended, and unless otherwise specified, only earnings, and not principal, may be used for purposes that benefit the Town or its citizenry. The Town's policy for authorizing and spending investment income follows State statutes.
- 2. Proprietary Funds:

The focus of proprietary fund measurement is upon determination of operating income, changes in net position, financial position and cash flows. The generally accepted accounting principles applicable are those similar to businesses in the private sector. Operating revenues include charges for services, intergovernmental reimbursements and other miscellaneous fees which are a direct result of the proprietary activity. Nonoperating revenues are any revenues which are generated outside of the general proprietary activity, i.e. interest income. The following is a description of the proprietary funds of the Town:

- a. Enterprise Funds are required to be used to account for operations for which a fee is charged to external users for goods or services and the activity (a) is financed with debt that is solely secured by a pledge of net revenues, (b) has third party requirements that the cost of providing services, including capital costs, be recovered with fees and charges or (c) established fees and charges based on a pricing policy designed to recover similar costs.
- b. Internal Service Funds are used to account for the financing of goods or services provided by an activity to other departments, funds or component units of the Town on a cost-reimbursement basis. Because the principal users of the internal services are the Town's governmental activities, the financial statement of the internal service fund is consolidated into the governmental column when presented in the government-wide financial statements.
- 3. Fiduciary Funds:

Fiduciary funds are used to report assets held in a trustee or agency capacity for others and therefore are not available to support Town programs. The reporting focus is on net position and changes in net position and is reported using accounting principles similar to proprietary funds.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

The Town's fiduciary funds are presented in the fiduciary fund financial statements by type (custodial and private-purpose). Since by definition these assets are being held for the benefit of a third party (other local governments, private parties, etc.) and cannot be used to address activities or obligations of the government, these funds are not incorporated into the government-wide financial statements. The Town has no component units that are fiduciary in nature.

The emphasis in fund financial statements is on the major funds in the governmental activity category. Nonmajor funds by category are summarized into a single column, GASB Statement No. 34 sets forth minimum criteria (percentage of the assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, revenues, or expenses of either the fund category or the governmental and enterprise combined) for the determination of major funds. The nonmajor funds are combined in a column in the fund financial statements.

Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenditures or expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Basis of accounting relates to the timing of the measurements made, regardless of the measurement focus applied.

1. Accrual

Governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements and fiduciary fund financial statements are presented on the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recognized when incurred.

2. Modified Accrual

The governmental fund financial statements are presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recorded when susceptible to accrual; i.e., both measurable and available. "Available" means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. Expenditures are generally recognized under the modified accrual basis of accounting when the related liability is incurred. The exception to this general rule is that principal and interest on general obligation long-term debt, if any, is recognized when due.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

<u>Budget</u>

The Town's policy is to adopt an annual budget for operations. The budget is presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting which is consistent with generally accepted accounting principles.

In accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 24, Accounting and Reporting for Certain Grants and Other Financial Assistance, payments made by the State of Maine to the Maine State Public Employees Retirement System for teachers and certain other school employees are reported as offsetting revenues and expenditures of the general fund.

Revenues per budgetary basis	\$ 58,117,227
Add: On-behalf payments	2,903,470
Total GAAP basis	\$ 61,020,697
Expenditures per budgetary basis	\$ 57,047,827
Add: On-behalf basis	2,903,470
Total GAAP basis	\$ 59,951,297

The following procedures are followed in establishing budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- 1. Early in the first half of the year the Town prepares a budget for the fiscal year beginning July 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- 2. A meeting of the inhabitants of the Town was called for the purpose of presenting the proposed budget to the inhabitants and accepting their comments.
- 3. The budget was adopted subsequent to passage by the Town Council.

Deposits and Investments

The Town's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

It is the Town's policy to value investments at fair value. None of the Town's investments are reported at amortized cost. The Town Finance Director is authorized by State Statutes to invest all excess funds in the following:

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

- Obligations of the U.S. Government, its agencies and instrumentalities
- Certificates of deposits and other evidences of deposits at banks, savings and loan associations and credit unions
- Repurchase agreements
- Money market mutual funds

The Town of Falmouth has a formal investment policy and also follows the State of Maine Statutes.

Receivables

Receivables include amounts due from governmental agencies and ambulance receivables. All receivables are current and therefore due within one year. Receivables are reported net of an allowance for uncollectible accounts and revenues net of uncollectibles. Allowances are reported when accounts are proven to be uncollectible. The allowance for uncollectible amounts is estimated to be \$0 as of June 30, 2020. Accounts receivable netted with allowances for uncollectible accounts were \$1,155,051 for the year ended June 30, 2020.

Inventories and Prepaid Items

Inventories consist of expendable supplies held for consumption and are valued at cost which approximate market, using the first-in, first-out (FIFO) method. The costs of inventories are recorded as expenditures when used (consumption method). The general fund inventory consists of postage funds, the school lunch fund inventory consists of school lunch supplies and food on hand at the end of the year and the internal service fund inventory consists of vehicle repair parts.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items. The cost of prepaid items is recorded as expenditures/expenses when consumed rather than when purchased.

Tax Acquired Property

Real property becomes tax acquired when tax liens placed on property and associated costs remain unpaid eighteen months after the filing of the tax lien in accordance with 36 M.R.S.A. § 943. The amount of the taxes and associated costs become assets classified as tax acquired property receivables that are secured by the real property that foreclosed.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

After real property becomes tax acquired the Town Council is responsible for the property and any disposition procedures allowed under the direction of the inhabitants of the Town as authorized by or the provisions of the Town charter.

Interfund Receivables and Payables

Transactions between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as "due to/from other funds". While these balances are reported in fund financial statements, certain eliminations are made in the preparation of the government-wide financial statements. Any residual balances outstanding between governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the governmental-wide financial statements as "internal balances".

Transactions Between Funds

Legally authorized transfers are treated as interfund transfers and are included in the results of operations of Governmental Funds.

Capital Assets

Capital assets purchased or acquired with an original cost of \$5,000 or more are reported at historical cost or estimated historical cost. Contributed assets are reported at acquisition value as of the date received. Additions, improvements and other capital outlays that significantly extend the useful life of an asset are capitalized. Infrastructure such as streets, traffic signals and signs are capitalized. Other costs incurred for repairs and maintenance are expensed as incurred. Depreciation on all assets is provided on the straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives.

The assets are valued at historical cost when available and estimated historical cost where actual invoices or budgetary data was unavailable. Donated capital assets and assets received in a service concession arrangement are valued at their estimated acquisition value on the date received. All retirements have been recorded by eliminating the net carrying values.

Infrastructure assets include roads, bridges, underground pipe (other than related to independently owned utilities), traffic signals, etc. These infrastructure assets are likely to be the largest asset class of the Town. The Town has not retroactively recorded infrastructure.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Estimated useful lives are as follows:

Improvements other than buildings	20 - 50 years
Buildings and improvements	20 - 50 years
Machinery and equipment	3 - 50 years
Infrastructure	50 - 100 years

Long-term Obligations

The accounting treatment of long-term obligations depends on whether the assets are used in governmental fund operations or proprietary fund operations and whether they are reported in the government-wide or fund financial statements.

All long-term obligations to be repaid from governmental and business-type resources are reported as liabilities in government-wide statements. The long-term obligations consist primarily of bonds payable, bond premium payable, a note from direct borrowings payable, accrued compensated absences, landfill postclosure costs, net pension liability and net OPEB liability.

Long-term debt for governmental funds is not reported as liabilities in the fund financial statements. The debt proceeds are reported as other financing sources and payment of principal and interest reported as expenditures. The accounting for proprietary funds is the same in the fund statements as it is in the government-wide statements.

<u>Pensions</u>

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Maine Public Employees Retirement System Participating Local District (PLD) Consolidated Plan and State Employee and Teacher (SET) Plan and additions to/deductions from the PLD Consolidated and SET Plans' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the PLD Consolidated and SET Plans. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

<u>OPEB</u>

For purposes of measuring the total OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, management received and relied on an actuarial report provided to them by the Maine Education Association

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Benefits Trust (MEABT) and the Maine Municipal Employees Health Trust (MMEHT), which determined the Town's fiduciary net position as single employer defined benefit plans based on information provided solely by MEABT and MMEHT to complete the actuarial reports. Additions to/deductions from the MEABT and MMEHT OPEB Plans' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by MEABT and MMEHT. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms.

For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the State Employee and Teacher (SET) Plan and the Participating Local Districts (PLD) Plan and additions to/deductions from the SET and PLD Plans' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the SET and PLD Plans. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Net Position

Net position represents the difference between all other elements in a statement of financial position. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowing used for those assets and adding back unspent proceeds. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on its use either through enabling legislations adopted by the Town or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments. Unrestricted net position is the net amount of the assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources that are not included in the determination of net investment in capital assets or restricted net position.

Fund Balances

In the fund financial statements, fund balance for governmental funds is reported in classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the Town is bound to honor constraints on the specific purpose for which amounts in the funds can be spent. Fund balance is reported in five components - nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned and unassigned.

Nonspendable - This includes amounts that cannot be spent either because they are not in spendable form or because they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Restricted - This includes amounts that can be spent only for specific purposes because of constitutional provisions or enabling legislation or because of constraints that are externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors or the laws or regulations of other governments.

Committed - This includes amounts that can be used only for specific purposes determined by a formal action of the inhabitants of the Town. The inhabitants of the Town through Town meetings are the highest level of decision-making authority of the Town. Commitments may be established, modified or rescinded only through a Town meeting vote.

Assigned - This includes amounts that do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed but that are intended to be used for specific purposes. The authority for assigning fund balance is given through the Town charter and is expressed by the Town Council.

Unassigned - This includes all other spendable amounts. The general fund is the only fund that reports a positive unassigned fund balance amount. Other governmental funds besides the general fund can only report a negative unassigned fund balance amount.

When an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balances are available, the Town considers restricted funds to have been spent first. When an expenditure is incurred for which committed, assigned, or unassigned fund balances are available, the Town considers amounts to have been spent first out of committed funds, then assigned funds and finally unassigned funds, as needed, unless the Town meeting vote has provided otherwise in its commitment or assignment actions.

Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position and/or balance sheet will at times report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The Town currently has deferred bond premium, deferred outflows related to pensions and deferred outflows related to OPEB. These items are reported in the statement of net position.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position and or balance sheet will at times report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. Deferred tax revenue, which arises only under a modified accrual basis of accounting qualifies for reporting in this category. Accordingly, this item is reported in the governmental funds balance sheet. Prepaid taxes also qualify for reporting in this category. This item is reported in both the statements of net position and the governmental funds balance sheet. Deferred inflows related to pensions and deferred inflows related to OPEB qualify for reporting in this category as well. These items are reported only in the statement of net position. All items in this category are deferred and recognized as inflows of resources in the period that the amounts become available.

Revenue Recognition - Property Taxes - Modified Accrual Basis

The Town's property tax for the current year was levied September 4, 2019 on the assessed value listed as of April 1, 2019, for all real and personal property located in the Town. Real estate taxes were due on in two installments on November 7, 2019 and May 7, 2020 while personal property taxes were due in one installment on December 1, 2019. Interest on unpaid taxes commenced on November 8, 2019 and May 30, 2020 for real estate taxes and on December 2, 2019 for personal property taxes, at 9% per annum.

Property tax revenues are recognized when they become available. Available includes those property tax receivables expected to be collected within sixty days after year end. The remaining receivables have been recorded as deferred revenues.

The Town is permitted by the laws of the State of Maine to levy taxes up to 105% of its net budgeted expenditures for the related fiscal period. The amount raised in excess of 100% is referred to as overlay and amounted to \$20,093 for the year ended June 30, 2020.

Tax liens are placed on real property within twelve months following the tax commitment date if taxes are delinquent. The Town has the authority to foreclose on property eighteen months after the filing of the lien if tax liens and associated costs remain unpaid.

Program Revenues

Program revenues include all directly related income items applicable to a particular program (charges to customers or applicants for goods, services or privileges provided; operating or capital grants and contributions, including special assessments).

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Operating/Nonoperating Revenues

Operating revenues consist mainly of direct revenue sources and/or charges for services applicable to that fund's ongoing operations. All revenue and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

Encumbrance Accounting

Encumbrances are not liabilities and, therefore, are not recorded as expenditures until receipt of material or service. For budgetary purposes, appropriations lapse at fiscal year-end. The Town does not utilize encumbrance accounting for its general fund.

Use of Estimates

During the preparation of the Town's financial statements, management is required to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities and disclosure of contingent items as of the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses/expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

NOTE 2 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

The Town's investment policies, which follow state statutes, require that all investments be made considering the safe and sound investment of principal and preservation of capital in the overall portfolio, maintenance of sufficient liquidity to meet day-to-day operations and other cash requirements and maximization of income, within established investment risk guidelines, with consistent cash flows throughout the budgetary cycle. These investment policies apply to all Town funds.

Deposits:

Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that, in the event of a failure of a depository financial institution, the Town will not be able to recover its deposits. The Town does not have a policy covering custodial credit risk for deposits. However, the Town maintains deposits in qualifying financial institutions that are a member of the FDIC or NCUSIF as defined in Title 30-A, Section 5706 of the Maine Revised Statutes. At June 30, 2020, the Town's cash balance amounting to \$20,993,051 was comprised of bank deposits of \$21,383,980. Bank deposits are adjusted primarily by outstanding checks and deposits in transit to reconcile to the Town's cash balance. Of these bank deposits, \$1,401,838 were fully insured by federal depository insurance and

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 2 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

consequently were not exposed to custodial credit risk, \$8 were covered by the Securities Investor Protection Corporation (SIPC) and consequently were not exposed to custodial credit risk. The remaining deposits of \$19,982,134 were collateralized with securities held by the financial institution's agent in the Town's name.

Account Type	 Bank Balance
Checking accounts Savings accounts Repurchase agreements ICS accounts Cash equivalents	 319,865 16,804 19,982,134 1,065,169 <u>8</u> 21,383,980

Investments:

Custodial credit risk for investments is that, in the event of failure of the counterparty, the Town will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in possession of an outside party. Currently, the Town does not have a policy for custodial credit risk for investments. Of the Town's investments in certificates of deposit of \$11,715,236, all were fully insured by federal depository insurance and consequently was not exposed to custodial credit risk. Of the Town's investments in debt securities of \$2,079,749, \$499,992 was covered by the Securities Investor Protection Corporation (SIPC) and consequently was not exposed to custodial credit risk and the remaining amount of \$1,579,757 was collateralized by insurance coverage purchased by the clearing broker associated with the investment institution.

Interest rate risk - is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The Town has an investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from fluctuations in interest rates.

At June 30, 2020, the Town had the following investments and maturities:

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 2 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

		Fair		Less	than			
Investment Type	Value		N/A	1 Y	1 Year		1 - 5 Years	
Debt securities: US Government bonds	\$	2,079,749	\$ 2,079,749	\$	-	\$		

Fair Value Hierarchy

The Town categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The Town has the following recurring fair value measurements as June 30, 2020:

		Fair Value Measurements Using				
		Quoted Prices in Active Markets	Significant Other	Significant		
		for Identical	Observable	Unobservable		
	June 30, 2020	Assets	Inputs	Inputs		
	Total	(Level I)	(Level II)	(Level III)		
Investments by fair value level Debt securities:						
U.S. Agency Securities	\$ 2,079,749		\$ 2,079,749			
Total debt securities	2,079,749	-	2,079,749	-		
Total investments by fair value level	\$ 2,079,749	<u>\$</u> -	\$ 2,079,749	<u>\$</u> -		

Debt securities classified in Level II of the fair value hierarchy are valued from publicly reliable sources or using a matrix pricing technique. Matrix pricing is used to value securities based on the securities' relationship to benchmark quoted prices. The Town has no Level I or Level III investments. Certificates of deposit held with financial institutions for \$11,715,236 are excluded from the hierarchy as these investments are considered held to maturity and are therefore not measured at fair value.

Credit risk - Statutes for the State of Maine authorize the Town to invest in obligations of the U.S. Treasury, agencies and instrumentalities, other states and Canada, provided such securities are rated within the three highest grades by an approved rating service of the State of Maine, corporate stocks and bonds within statutory limits, financial institutions, mutual funds and repurchase agreements. The Town has an investment policy on credit risk. Generally, the Town invests excess funds in savings accounts, repurchase agreements, obligations of the U.S. Treasury and various insured certificates of deposit.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 3 - INTERFUND RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES

Interfund balances at June 30, 2020 consisted of the following individual fund receivables and payables:

	Receivables (Due From)	Payables (Due To)
General fund	\$-	\$ 17,557,208
West Falmouth TIF	4,322,808	-
Enterprise fund	3,721,530	-
Internal service fund	-	98,333
Nonmajor special revenue funds	7,648,341	273,149
Nonmajor capital project funds	2,677,741	441,230
Permanent funds		500
	\$ 18,370,420	\$ 18,370,420

The result of amounts owed between funds are considered to be in the course of normal operations by the Town. Reconciliation of the amounts owed between funds may or may not be expected to be repaid within one year in their entirety due to the recurring nature of these transactions during operations.

NOTE 4 - INTERFUND TRANSFERS

Interfund transfers at June 30, 2019 consisted of the following:

	Transfers From	Transfers To
General fund West Falmouth TIF Nonmajor special revenue funds Nonmajor capital project funds	\$ - 962,142 2,705,032 1,407,490	\$ 5,053,856 - 20,808 -
	\$ 5,074,664	\$ 5,074,664

Interfund transfers are the results of legally authorized activity and are considered to be in the course of normal operations. Significant transfers that occurred were between the General Fund and the four tax increment financing funds.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 5 - CAPITAL ASSETS

The following is a summary of changes in capital assets for the year ended June 30, 2020:

		Balance, 7/1/19		Additions	[Disposals		Balance, 6/30/20
Governmental activities								
Non-depreciated assets:								
Land	\$	9,306,751	\$	619,986	\$	-	\$	9,926,737
Construction in progress		4,090,386		8,459,441		(261,735)		12,288,092
		13,397,137		9,079,427		(261,735)		22,214,829
Depreciated assets:								
Improvements other than buildings		1,906,849		-		-		1,906,849
Buildings and building improvements		78,960,655		108,955		-		79,069,610
Machinery and equipment		14,985,934		1,312,632		(375,828)		15,922,738
Infrastructure		44,800,683		314,234		-		45,114,917
		140,654,121		1,735,821		(375,828)		142,014,114
Less: accumulated depreciation		(52,000,761)		(4,611,415)		361,260		(56,250,916)
		88,653,360		(2,875,594)		(14,568)		85,763,198
Net governmental capital assets	\$	102,050,497	\$	6,203,833	\$	(276,303)	\$	107,978,027
Business-type activities								
Non-depreciated assets:	•		•		•		•	
Land	\$	511,344	\$	-	\$	-	\$	511,344
Construction in progress		237,809		37,185		(25,454)		249,540
		749,153		37,185		(25,454)		760,884
Depreciated assets:								
Buildings and improvements		11,623,380		-		-		11,623,380
Machinery and equipment		4,516,467		125,293		-		4,641,760
Infrastructure		17,863,605		15,197		-		17,878,802
		34,003,452		140,490		-		34,143,942
Less: accumulated depreciation		(15,076,206)		(886,776)		-		(15,962,982)
		18,927,246		(746,286)		-		18,180,960
Net business-type capital assets	\$	19,676,399	\$	(709,101)	\$	(25,454)	\$	18,941,844
·· ·			-	/		/		

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 5 - CAPITAL ASSETS (CONTINUED)

Current year depreciation:

Governmental activities	
General government	\$ 286,975
Police	317,204
Fire/EMS	368,042
Public works	1,201,348
Community programs and parks	229,164
Education	 2,208,682
Total governmental activities depreciation expense	\$ 4,611,415
Business-type activities	
Wastewater fund	\$ 886,776
Total business-type activities depreciation expense	\$ 886,776

NOTE 6 - LONG-TERM DEBT

All governmental activities long-term debt service requirements are paid by either the general fund or the Route One South TIF District special revenue fund. A summary of long-term debt is as follows:

	Balance, 7/1/19	Additions	Reductions	Balance, 6/30/20	Current Portion
<u>Governmental activities:</u> Bonds payable	\$ 47,505,000	\$-	\$ (4,445,000)	\$ 43,060,000	\$ 4,240,000
Bond premiums payable Notes from direct borrowings payable	2,686,104 44,020	-	(205,152) (44,020)	2,480,952	205,152 205,152
Totals	\$ 50,235,124	\$-	\$ (4,694,172)	\$ 45,540,952	\$ 4,650,304
Business-type activities: Bond payable	\$ 2,592,000	<u>\$ -</u>	\$ (324,000)	\$ 2,268,000	\$ 324,000

The following is a summary of the bonds payable:

Governmental activities:

\$1,900,000, 2015 Public Safety Building Refunding Bond, due in annual principal installments of \$210,000 to \$165,000 and semi-annual interest payments through November of 2026. Interest is charged at a fixed rate of 3.00% per annum.

\$ 1,280,000

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 6 - LONG-TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

\$25,665,000, 2018 Elementary School Refunding Bond refunded in 2017, due in annual principal and interest installments ranging from \$2,714,925 to \$1,837,150, through November of 2031. Interest is charged at a fixed rate of 2.00%-5.00% per annum.	21,890,000
\$9,315,000, 2011 General Obligation High School Bond refunded in 2017, due in annual principal and interest installments ranging from \$916,825 to \$861,900, through November of 2021. Interest is charged at a fixed rate of 2.00%-4.00% per annum.	1,690,000
\$4,750,000, 2013 Middle School Bond, due in annual principal and interest installments ranging from \$369,375 to \$255,313, through November of 2033. Interest is charged at a fixed rate of 2.00%-4.25% per annum.	3,500,000
\$9,400,000, 2014 General Obligation Route 1 Bond, due in annual principal and interest installments ranging from \$761,413 to \$605,475, through October of 2029. Interest is charged at a fixed rate of 2.00%-3.50% per annum.	5,860,000
\$9,310,000, 2019 General Obligation Route 100/Library Bond, due in annual principal and interest installments ranging from \$701,250 to \$471,975, through November of 2038. Interest is charged at a fixed rate of 2.00%-3.00% per annum.	8,840,000
Total governmental bonds payable	\$ 43,060,000
Business-type activities:	
\$6,480,000, 2007 Revenue Bond, due in annual principal and interest installments ranging from \$369,684 to \$327,046, through August of 2026. Interest is charged at a fixed rate of 1.88% per annum.	\$ 2,268,000
Total business-type bond payable	\$ 2,268,000
Total bonds payable	\$ 45,328,000

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 6 - LONG-TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

The following is a summary of the bond premium payable:

Bond premium proceeds from bond refundings and bond issuances are	
amortized by a straight-line method over the life of the corresponding debt.	\$ 2,480,952
Total governmental bond premium payable	\$ 2,480,952

The following is a summary of outstanding bonds, bond premium and the note from direct borrowings principal and interest requirements for the following fiscal years ending June 30:

	BONDS PAYABLE											
		Go	vern	mental Activi	ties			Business-type Activities				
		Principal		Interest		Total		Principal		Interest		Total
2021	\$	4,240,000	\$	1,354,638	\$	5,594,638	\$	324,000	\$	39,593	\$	363,593
2022		4,235,000		1,233,863		5,468,863		324,000		33,502		357,502
2023		3,320,000		1,126,788		4,446,788		324,000		27,410		351,410
2024		3,290,000		1,035,213		4,325,213		324,000		21,319		345,319
2025		3,275,000		944,313		4,219,313		324,000		15,228		339,228
2026-2030		15,895,000		2,921,913		18,816,913		648,000		12,182		660,182
2031-2035		6,945,000		651,650		7,596,650		-		-		-
2036-2040		1,860,000		111,600		1,971,600		-		-		-
	\$	43,060,000	\$	9,379,978	\$	52,439,978	\$	2,268,000	\$	149,234	\$	2,417,234

BOND PREMIUM PAYABLE

	Governmental Activities										
		Principal		Interest		Total					
2021	\$	205,152	\$	-	\$	205,152					
2022		205,152		-		205,152					
2023		205,152		-		205,152					
2024		205,152		-		205,152					
2025		205,152				205,152					
2026-2030		995,514		-		995,514					
2031-2035		408,980		-		408,980					
2036-2040		50,698		-		50,698					
	\$	2,480,952	\$	-	\$	2,480,952					

All bonds and the note from direct borrowings payable are direct obligations of the Town, for which its full faith and credit are pledged. The Town is not obligated for any special assessment debt. All debt is payable from either taxes levied on all taxable property within the Town or dedicated sewer use fees.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 7 - OTHER LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

A summary of other long-term obligations for the year ended June 30, 2020 is as follows:

		Balance, 7/1/19		Additions		Reductions		Balance, 6/30/20		Current Portion	
Governmental activities: Accrued compensated											
absences	\$	990,211	\$	312,063	\$	(203,256)	\$	1,099,018	\$	439,607	
Landfill postclosure costs		32,000		-		(16,000)		16,000		16,000	
Net pension liability		2,563,138		1,866,957		(1,672,025)		2,758,070		-	
Net OPEB liability		5,756,410		802,116		(263,650)		6,294,876		-	
Totals	\$	9,341,759	\$	2,981,136	\$	(2,154,931)	\$1	0,167,964	\$	455,607	
						· · · · ·					
		Balance, 7/1/19					I	Balance,		Current	
				Additions		Reductions		6/30/20		Portion	
Business-type activities: Accrued compensated							_				
absences	\$	189,759	\$	31,821	\$	(56,106)	\$	165,474	\$	66,190	

Total pension expense for the Town was \$269,064 while total OPEB expense for the Town was \$128,072. Please see Notes 8, 13, 15 and 16 for detailed information on each of the other long-term obligations.

NOTE 8 - ACCRUED COMPENSATED ABSENCES

The Town's policies regarding vacation and sick time permits employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation and sick leave. The liability for these compensated absences is recorded as long-term obligations in the government-wide financial statements. In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report only the compensated absence liability payable from expendable available financial resources, while the proprietary funds report the liability as it is incurred. As of June 30, 2020, the Town's liability for compensated absences is \$1,264,492.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 9 - NONSPENDABLE FUND BALANCES

The Town had the following nonspendable fund balances at June 30, 2020:

General fund:	
Inventory	\$ 1,790
Prepaid items	42,077
Tax acquired property	5,545
Nonmajor special revenue funds (Schedule D)	26,925
Nonmajor permanent funds (Schedule H)	 9,648
	\$ 85,985

NOTE 10 - RESTRICTED FUND BALANCES

The Town had the following restricted fund balances at June 30, 2020:

General fund:		
Unemployment compensation fund	\$	92,396
West Falmouth TIF		3,898,791
Nonmajor special revenue funds (Schedule D)		5,952,463
Nonmajor capital project funds (Schedule F)		872,630
	\$	10,816,280

NOTE 11 - COMMITTED FUND BALANCES

The Town had the following committed fund balances at June 30, 2020:

General fund:	
Education	\$ 1,675,546
Nonmajor capital project funds (Schedule F)	 1,660,174
	\$ 3,335,720

NOTE 12 - ASSIGNED FUND BALANCES

The Town had the following assigned fund balances at June 30, 2020:

General fund:	
FY 2021 budget	\$ 365,000
Nonmajor special revenue funds (Schedule D)	 1,470,350
	\$ 1,835,350

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 13 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS

MAINE PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM

PARTICIPATING LOCAL DISTRICT CONSOLIDATED PLAN

Plan Description

Town employees contribute to the Maine Public Employees Retirement System (MainePERS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan established by the Maine State Legislature. Title 5 of the Maine Revised Statutes Annotated assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the Participating Local District (PLD) Consolidated Plan's advisory group, which reviews the terms of the plan and periodically makes recommendations to the Legislature to amend the terms. The Maine Public Employees Retirement System issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the Consolidated Plan. That report may be obtained online at www.mainepers.org or by contacting the System at (207) 512-3100.

Benefits Provided

The Maine Public Employees Retirement System provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments and death benefits to plan members The System's retirement programs provide defined retirement and beneficiaries. benefits based on members' average final compensation and service credit earned as of retirement. Vesting (i.e., eligibility for benefits upon reaching gualification) occurs upon the earning of five years of service credit (effective October 1, 1999, the prior ten-year requirement was reduced by legislative action to five years for employees of PLDs). In some cases, vesting occurs on the earning of one year of service credit immediately preceding retirement at or after normal retirement age. For PLD members, normal retirement age is 60. The monthly benefit of members who retire before normal retirement age by virtue of having at least 25 years of service credit is reduced by a statutorily prescribed factor for each year of age that a member is below her/his normal retirement age at retirement. The System also provides disability and death benefits which are established by contract with PLD employers under applicable statutory provisions. As of June 30, 2019, there were 307 employers in the plan.

Upon termination of membership, members' accumulated employee contributions are refundable with interest, credited in accordance with statute. Withdrawal of accumulated contributions results in forfeiture of all benefits and membership rights. The annual rate of interest credited to members' accounts is set by the System's Board of Trustees and is currently 2.69%.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 13 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

Contributions

Retirement benefits are funded by contributions from members and employers and by earnings on investments. Disability and death benefits are funded by employer normal cost contributions and by investment earnings. The Town's plan members are required to contribute 8.0% of their annual covered salary and the Town is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The current rate is 9.5% of covered payroll. The contribution rates of plan members and the Town are established and may be amended by the Maine Public Employee Retirement Systems advisory group. The Town's contribution to the MainePERS PLD Consolidated Plan for the year ended June 30, 2020 was \$475,405.

STATE EMPLOYEE AND TEACHER PLAN

Plan Description

All school teachers, plus other qualified educators, participate in the Maine Public Employees Retirement System's (MainePERS) State Employee and Teacher (SET) Plan. The teacher's program is a multi-employer cost-sharing plan with a special funding situation, established by the Maine State Legislature. The State of Maine is also a non-employer contributing entity in that the State pays the initial unfunded actuarial liability on behalf of teachers, while school districts contribute the normal cost, calculated actuarially, for their teacher members. Title 5 of the Maine Revised Statutes Annotated assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the State Legislature. The Maine Public Employees Retirement System issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial and actuarial information for the SET Plan. That report may be obtained online at <u>www.mainepers.org</u> or by contacting the System at (207) 512-3100.

Benefits Provided

The Maine Public Employees Retirement System provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. The authority to establish and amend benefit provisions rests with the State Legislature. The System's retirement programs provide defined retirement benefits based on members' average final compensation and service credit earned as of retirement. Vesting (i.e., eligibility for benefits upon reaching qualification) occurs upon the earning of five years of service credit (effective October 1, 1999, the prior ten-year requirement was reduced by legislative action to five years for State employees and teachers). In some cases, vesting occurs on the earning of one year of service credit immediately preceding retirement at or after normal retirement age. Normal retirement

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 13 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

age for State employees and teachers is age 60, 62 or 65. The normal retirement age is determined by whether a member had met certain creditable service requirements on specific dates, as established by statute. The monthly benefit of members who retire before normal retirement age by virtue of having at least 25 years of service credit is reduced by a statutorily prescribed factor for each year of age that a member is below her/his normal retirement age at retirement. The System also provides disability and death benefits which are established by statute for State employee and teacher members. As of June 30, 2019, there were 239 employers, including the State of Maine, participating in the plan.

Upon termination of membership, members' accumulated employee contributions are refundable with interest, credited in accordance with statute. Withdrawal of accumulated contributions results in forfeiture of all benefits and membership rights. The annual rate of interest credited to members' accounts is set by the System's Board of Trustees and is currently 2.69%.

Contributions

Retirement benefits are funded by contributions from members and employers and by earnings on investments. The Town's teachers are required to contribute 7.65% of their compensation to the retirement system. The Town's payroll for teachers covered by this program was approximately \$21,271,810 for the year ended June 30, 2020. Title 5 of the Maine Revised Statutes Annotated requires the State to contribute 14.33% of the Town's contractually required contributions, which are actuarially determined as an amount that, when combined with employee contributions, is expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability (UAL). Contributions paid by the State were approximately \$2,903,470 for the year ended June 30, 2020. Title 5 of the Maine Revised Statutes Annotated also requires the Town to contribute at an actuarially determined normal cost rate of 4.16%, which totaled \$944,768 for 2020. In addition, the Town is required to contribute toward the UAL of the plan and pay a small percentage of payroll towards the administrative costs for federally funded teachers, which amounts to 14.95% of compensation and totaled \$2,579 for the year ended June 30, 2020.

Pension Liabilities

PLD Consolidated Plan

At June 30, 2020, the Town reported a liability of \$2,671,319 for its proportionate share of the net pension liabilities for the plan. The net pension liabilities were measured as of June 30, 2019, and the total pension liabilities used to calculate the net

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 13 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

pension liabilities was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The Town's proportion of the net pension liabilities were based on a projection of the Town's long-term share of contributions to each pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all PLDs, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2019, the Town's proportion was 0.873941%, which was a decrease of 0.01688% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2018.

SET Plan

At June 30, 2020, the Town reported a liability for its proportionate share of the net pension liability that reflected a reduction for State pension support provided to the Town. The amount recognized by the Town as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the Town were as follows:

Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 86,751
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the Town	 22,579,424
Total	\$ 22,666,175

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2019, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The Town's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the Town's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating school units and the State actuarially determined. At June 30, 2019, the Town's proportion was 0.005917%, which was a decrease of 0.00336% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2018.

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the Town recognized total pension revenue of \$122,854 for the PLD plan and pension expense of \$3,854,187 and net revenue of \$2,903,470 for support provided by the State of Maine for the SET plan. At June 30, 2020, the Town reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 13 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

	PLD Plan					SET Plan		
		Deferred Outflows Deferred Inflows of Resources of Resources		Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Differences between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions	\$	316,294 135,285	\$		\$	6,748 2,511	\$	-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments Changes in proportion and differences between contributions and proportionate share of		-		669,099		-		12,245
contributions Contributions subsequent to the measurement		-		41,008		2,660		31,314
date		475,405		-		944,768		-
Total	\$	926,984	\$	710,107	\$	956,687	\$	43,559

\$475,405 for the PLD plan and \$944,768 for the SET plan were reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from Town contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2021. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	PLD Plan		SET Plan	
Plan year ended June 30:				
2020	\$	101,687	\$	(9,004)
2021		(301,707)		(19,921)
2022		(58,086)		(2,752)
2023		(424)		37
2024		-		-
Thereafter		-		-

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 13 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

The respective collective total pension liability for the plans was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2019, using the following methods and assumptions applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Actuarial Cost Method

The Entry Age Normal actuarial funding method is used to determine costs. Under this funding method, the total employer contribution rate consists of two elements: the normal cost rate and the unfunded actuarial liability (UAL) rate.

The individual entry age normal method is used to determine liabilities. Under the individual entry age normal method, a normal cost rate is calculated for each employee. This rate is determined by taking the value, as of age at entry into the plan, of the member's projected future benefits, and dividing it by the value, also as of the member's entry age, of his or her expected future salary. The normal cost for each employee is the product of his or her pay and his or her normal cost rate. The normal cost for the group is the sum of the normal costs for all members.

Experience gains and losses, i.e., actual decreases or increases in liabilities and/or in assets which differ from the actuarial assumptions, affect the unfunded actuarial accrued liability.

Asset Valuation Method

The actuarial valuation employs a technique for determining the actuarial value of assets which reduces the impact of short-term volatility in the market value. The specific technique adopted in this valuation recognizes in a given year one-third of the investment return that is different from the actuarial assumption for investment return.

Amortization

The net pension liability of the PLD Consolidated Plan is amortized on a level percentage of payroll using a method where a separate twenty-year closed period is established annually for the gain or loss for that year.

The net pension liability of the State Employee and Teacher Retirement Plan is amortized on a level percentage of payroll over the amortization period then in effect under statutory and constitutional requirements.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 13 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

Significant actuarial assumptions employed by the actuary for funding purposes as of June 30, 2019 are as follows:

Investment Rate of Return - For the PLD and State Employee and Teacher Plans, 6.75% per annum for the year ended June 30, 2019, compounded annually.

Salary Increases, Merit and Inflation - Members of the consolidated plan for PLDs, 2.75% to 9.00% per year; state employees, 2.75% to 8.75% per year; teachers, 2.75% to 14.50% per year.

Mortality Rates - For active members and non-disabled retirees of the PLD Consolidated and State Employee and Teacher Plans, the RP2014 Total Dataset Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table, for males and females, is used. For all recipients of disability benefits, the RP2014 Total Dataset Disabled Annuitant Mortality Table, for males and females, is used.

Cost of Living Benefit Increases - for PLD Consolidated 1.91% and Teacher Plans, 2.20% per annum for the year ended June 30, 2019.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan assets was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major class of assets. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the pension plan's target asset allocation as June 30, 2019 are summarized in the following table.

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-term Expected Real Rate of Return
Public equities	30.0%	6.0%
US Government	7.5%	2.3%
Private equity	15.0%	7.6%
Real assets:		
Real estate	10.0%	5.2%
Infrastructure	10.0%	5.3%
Natural resources	5.0%	5.0%
Traditional Credit	7.5%	3.0%
Alternative Credit	5.0%	4.2%
Diversifiers	10.0%	5.9%

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 13 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the collective total pension liability was 6.75% for 2019 for each of the Plans. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that employer and non-employer entity contributions will be made at contractually required rates, actuarially determined. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

The following table shows how the collective net pension liability as of June 30, 2019 would change if the discount rate used was one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current rate. The current rate is 6.75% for each of the Plans.

		1% Decrease		Discount Rate	 1% Increase
<u>PLD Plan:</u> Discount rate	5.75%		6.75%		7.75%
Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	(521,940)	\$	2,671,319	\$ 6,085,092
<u>SET Plan:</u> Discount rate		5.75%		6.75%	7.75%
Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	28,341	\$	86,751	\$ 156,843

Changes in Net Pension Liability

Each employer's share of the collective net pension liability is equal to the collective net pension liability multiplied by the employer's proportionate share as of June 30, 2019 as shown in the schedules of employer and non-employer contributing entity allocations. Changes in net pension liability are recognized in pension expense for the year ended June 30, 2019 with the following exceptions.

Differences between Expected and Actual Experience

The difference between expected and actual experience with regard to economic or demographic factors were recognized in pension expense using a straight-line amortization method over a closed period equal to the average expected remaining

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 13 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

service lives of active and inactive members in each plan. The first year is recognized as pension expense and the remaining years are shown as either deferred outflows of resources or deferred inflows of resource. For 2019, this was three years for the SET Plan and four years for the PLD Consolidated Plan; for 2018, this was three years for both the SET Plan and the PLD Consolidated Plan; prior to 2017, this was four years for the PLD Consolidated Plan; prior to 2017, this was four years for the PLD Consolidated Plan.

Differences between Expected and Actual Investment Earnings

Differences between projected and actual investment earnings were recognized in pension expense using a straight-line amortization method over a closed five-year period. The first year is recognized as pension expense and the remaining years are shown as either deferred outflows of resources or deferred inflows of resources.

Changes in Assumptions

Differences due to changes in assumptions about future economic or demographic factors or other inputs were recognized in pension expense using a straight-line amortization method over a closed period equal to the average expected remaining service lives of active and inactive members in each plan. The actuarial assumptions used for the year ended June 30, 2019 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period of June 30, 2012 through June 30, 2015. Please refer to the *Actuarial Methods and Assumptions* section for information relating to changes of assumptions. The first year is recognized as pension expense and the remaining years are shown as either deferred outflows of resources or deferred inflows of resources.

Changes in Proportion and Differences between Employer Contributions and Proportionate Share of Contributions

Differences resulting from a change in proportionate share of contributions and differences between total employer contributions and the employer's proportionate share of contributions were recognized in pension expense using a straight-line amortization method over a closed period equal to the average expected remaining service lives of active and inactive members in each plan. The first year is recognized as pension expense and the remaining years are shown as either deferred outflows of resources or deferred inflows of resources. Differences between total employer contributions may arise when an employer has a contribution requirement for an employer specific liability.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 13 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Additional financial and actuarial information with respect to the Plan can be found in the MainePERS' 2019 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report available online at <u>www.mainepers.org</u> or by contacting the System at (207) 512-3100

NOTE 14 - DEFERRED COMPENSATION PLANS

International City Management Association Retirement Corporation - 401(a) and 457(b)

A. Plans Description

The Town offers its employees deferred compensation plans created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 401 and 457 and maintained by International City Management Association Retirement Corporation (ICMA-RC). The plan permits employees to defer a portion of their salary, in addition to Town contributions, until future years. The deferred compensation is not available to employees until termination, retirement, death or unforeseeable emergency.

All amounts of compensation deferred under the plan, all property and rights purchased with those amounts and all income attributable to those amounts, property or rights are solely the property and rights of the participants. All assets are protected by a trust arrangement from any claims on the Town and from any use by the Town other than paying benefits to employees and their beneficiaries in accordance with the plan.

It is the opinion of the Town's management that the Town has no liability for losses under these plans but does have the duty of due care that would be required of an ordinary prudent investor.

B. Funding Policy

The contribution requirements of plan members and the Town are established and may be amended by the Town's Council. Generally, the Town will contribute 8% of annual salary for full-time employees that participate in the Town's deferred compensation plan that do not participate in either the PLD or SET plans. For the both plans, the employee's and the Town's matching contribution vests 100% with the employee when contributed.

The Town's contributions to the 401 plan including employee contributions for 2020 and 2019 were \$193,858 and \$141,341, respectively. The Town's contributions to the 457 plan including employee contributions for 2020 and 2019 were \$128,830 and \$49,142, respectively.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 15 - OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT (OPEB) GROUP LIFE INSURANCE PLANS

MAINE PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM

STATE EMPLOYEE AND TEACHER PLAN

Plan Description

All School teachers, plus other qualified educators, participate in the Maine Public Employees Retirement System's (MainePERS) State Employee and Teacher (SET) Plan. The teacher's program is a multi-employer cost-sharing plan with a special funding situation, established by the Maine State Legislature. The State of Maine is also a non-employer contributing entity in that the State pays the initial unfunded actuarial liability on behalf of teachers, while school districts contribute the normal cost, calculated actuarially, for their teacher members. Title 5 of the Maine Revised Statutes Annotated assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the State Legislature. As of June 30, 2019, there were 239 employers, including the State of Maine, participating in the plan. The Maine Public Employees Retirement System issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial and actuarial information for the SET Plan. That report may be obtained online at www.mainepers.org or by contacting the System at (207) 512-3100.

Benefits Provided

The Group Life Insurance Plan (the Plan) provides basic group life insurance benefits, during retirement, to retirees who participated in the Plan prior to retirement for a minimum of 10 years (the 10-year participation requirement does not apply to recipients of disability retirement benefits). The level of coverage in retirement is initially set to an amount equal to the retiree's average final compensation. The initial amount of basic life is then subsequently reduced at the rate of 15% per year to the greater of 40% of the initial amount or \$2,500.

Contributions

Life insurance benefits are funded by contributions from members and employers. Premium rates are those determined by the MainePERS's Board of Trustees to be actuarially sufficient to pay anticipated claims. For Department's teachers, the premiums for retiree life insurance coverage are factored into the premiums paid for basic coverage while participants are active members. Premiums for basic life insurance coverage for retired teachers are paid by the State as the total dollar amount of each year's annual required contribution. The State participates in the SET

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 15 - OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT (OPEB) GROUP LIFE INSURANCE PLANS (CONTINUED)

Plan as a non-employer contributing entity in that the State pays the actuarially determined premium contributions associated with retired teachers. The State's contribution to the Plan for the year ended June 30, 2020 was approximately \$75,171.

OPEB Liabilities and OPEB Expense

At June 30, 2020, the Town reported a liability for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability that reflected a reduction for State OPEB support provided to the Town. The total portion of the net OPEB liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

Town's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$ -
State's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability associated with the Town	816,679
Total	\$ 816,679

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the Town recognized net OPEB expense of \$152,272 and revenue of \$152,272 for support provided by the State of Maine.

MAINE PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM

PARTICIPATING LOCAL DISTRICT PLAN

Plan Description

Town employees contribute to the Group Life Insurance Plan for Retired Participating Local District (PLD) (the PLD Consolidated Plan of the Maine Public Employees Retirement System (MainePERS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit plan established by the Maine State Legislature. Title 5 of the Maine Revised Statutes Annotated assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the Participating Local District Consolidated Plan's advisory group, which reviews the terms of the plan and periodically makes recommendations to the Legislature to amend the terms. As of June 30, 2019, there were 239 employers participating in the plan. The Maine Public Employees Retirement System issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the Consolidated Plan. That report may be obtained online at www.mainepers.org or by contacting the System at (207) 512-3100.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 15 - OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT (OPEB) GROUP LIFE INSURANCE PLANS (CONTINUED)

Benefits Provided

The Group Life Insurance Plan (the Plan) provides basic group life insurance benefits, during retirement, to retirees who participated in the Plan prior to retirement for a minimum of 10 years (the 10-year participation requirement does not apply to recipients of disability retirement benefits). The level of coverage in retirement is initially set to an amount equal to the retiree's average final compensation. The initial amount of basic life is then subsequently reduced at the rate of 15% per year to the greater of 40% of the initial amount or \$2,500.

Contributions

Life insurance benefits are funded by contributions from members and employers. Premium rates are those determined by the MainePERS's Board of Trustees to be actuarially sufficient to pay anticipated claims. For state employees, the premiums for retiree life insurance coverage are factored into the premiums paid for basic coverage while participants are active members. Premiums for basic life insurance coverage for retired teachers are paid by the State as the total dollar amount of each year's annual required contribution. PLD employers are required to remit a premium of \$0.46 per \$1,000 of coverage for covered active employees, a portion of which is to provide a level of coverage in retirement. PLD employers with retired PLD employees continue to remit a premium of \$0.46 per \$1,000 of coverage per month during the post-employment retired period. The Town's contribution to the Plan for the year ended June 30, 2020 was \$921.

Proportionate Net OPEB Liability, OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

At June 30, 2020, the Town reported a liability of \$276,101 for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liabilities for the Plan. The net OPEB liabilities were measured as of June 30, 2019, and the total OPEB liabilities used to calculate the net OPEB liabilities was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The Town's proportion of the net OPEB liabilities were based on a projection of the Town's long-term share of contributions to the Plan relative to the projected contributions of all PLDs, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2019, the Town's proportion was 1.290343%, which was a decrease of 0.00897% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2018.

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the Town recognized net OPEB revenue of \$2,782. At June 30, 2020, the Town reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 15 - OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT (OPEB) GROUP LIFE INSURANCE PLANS (CONTINUED)

	PLD Life Insurance				
		ed Outflows lesources	Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	17,598	\$	-	
Changes of assumptions		22,980		36,073	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments Changes in proportion and differences between		-		12,346	
contributions and proportionate share of contributions Contributions subsequent to the		7,654		5,975	
measurement date		921	_	-	
Total	\$	49,153	\$	54,394	

\$921 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from Town contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2021. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

	PLD Lit	e Insurance
Plan year ended June 30:		
2019	\$	(5,969)
2020		(5,969)
2021		(3,386)
2022		7,569
2023		1,593
Thereafter		-

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

The collective total OPEB liability for the Plan was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2019, using the following methods and assumptions applied to all periods included in the measurement:

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 15 - OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT (OPEB) GROUP LIFE INSURANCE PLANS (CONTINUED)

Actuarial Cost Method

The Entry Age Normal actuarial funding method is used to determine costs. Under this funding method, the total employer contribution rate consists of two elements: the normal cost rate and the unfunded actuarial liability (UAL) rate.

The individual entry age normal method is used to determine liabilities. Under the individual entry age normal method, a normal cost rate is calculated for each employee. This rate is determined by taking the value, as of age at entry into the plan, of the member's projected future benefits, and dividing it by the value, also as of the member's entry age, of his or her expected future salary. The normal cost for each employee is the product of his or her pay and his or her normal cost rate. The normal cost for the group is the sum of the normal costs for all members.

Experience gains and losses, i.e., decreases or increases in liabilities and/or in assets when actual experience differs from the actuarial assumptions, affect the unfunded actuarial accrued liability.

Asset Valuation Method

Investments are reported at fair value.

Amortization

The net OPEB liability of the Plan is amortized on a level percentage of payroll over a thirty-year period on a closed basis. As of June 30, 2019, there were 11 years remaining for the Plan.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2019 and June 30, 2018 actuarial valuations were based on the results of an actuarial experience study conducted for the period of June 30, 2012 to June 30, 2015.

Significant actuarial assumptions employed by the actuary for funding purposes as of June 30, 2019 are as follows:

Investment Rate of Return - For the PLD Plan, 6.75% per annum, compounded annually.

Inflation Rate - 2.75%

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 15 - OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT (OPEB) GROUP LIFE INSURANCE PLANS (CONTINUED)

Annual Salary Increases including Inflation - For the PLD Plan, 2.75% to 9.00% per year.

Mortality Rates - For active members and non-disabled retirees of the Plan, the RP2014 Total Dataset Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table, for males and females, is used. For all recipients of disability benefits, the RP2014 Total Dataset Disabled Annuitant Mortality Table, for males and females, is used. These tables are adjusted by percentages ranging from 104% to 120% based on actuarially determined demographic differences.

Participation Rate for Future Retirees - 100% of those currently enrolled.

Conversion Charges - Apply to the cost of active group life insurance, not retiree group life insurance.

Form of Benefit Payment - Lump sum

The long-term expected rate of return on the Plan's investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major class of assets. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of long-term real rates of return for each major asset class included in the target asset allocation as of June 30, 2019 are summarized in the following table. Assets for the defined benefit plan are comingled for investment purposes.

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-term Expected Real Rate of Return
Public equities	70.00%	6.00%
Real estate	5.00%	5.20%
Traditional credit	15.00%	3.00%
US Government securities	10.00%	2.30%
Total	100.00%	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 15 - OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT (OPEB) GROUP LIFE INSURANCE PLANS (CONTINUED)

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the collective total OPEB liability was 4.98% for 2019. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employer contributions will be made at contractually required rates, actuarially determined.

The following table shows how the collective net OPEB liability/(asset) as of June 30, 2019 would change if the discount rate used was one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current rate. The current rate is 4.98% for the PLD Plan.

	D	1% ecrease		Discount Rate		1% Increase
PLD Life Insurance: Discount rate	3.98%		4.98%		5.98%	
Town's proportionate share of the net OPEB benefits liability	\$	364,618	\$	276,101	\$	206,318

Changes in Net OPEB Liability

Each employer's share of the collective net OPEB liability is equal to the collective net OPEB liability multiplied by the employer's proportionate share as of June 30, 2019 as shown in the schedules of employer and non-employer contributing entity allocations. Changes in net OPEB liability are recognized in OPEB expense for the year ended June 30, 2019 with the following exceptions:

Differences between Expected and Actual Experience

The difference between expected and actual experience with regard to economic or demographic factors are recognized in OPEB expense using a straight-line amortization method over a closed period equal to the average expected remaining service lives of active and inactive members in each plan. The first year is recognized as OPEB expense and the remaining years are shown as either deferred outflows of resources or deferred inflows of resources. There were no differences between expected and actual experience as of June 30, 2019.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 15 - OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT (OPEB) GROUP LIFE INSURANCE PLANS (CONTINUED)

Differences between Projected and Actual Investment Earnings on OPEB Plan Investments

Differences between projected and actual investment earnings are recognized in OPEB expense using a straight-line amortization method over a closed five-year period. The first year is recognized as OPEB expense and the remaining years are shown as either deferred outflows of resources or deferred inflows of resources.

Changes in Assumptions

Differences due to changes in assumptions about future economic or demographic factors or other inputs are recognized in OPEB expense using a straightline amortization method over a closed period equal to the average expected remaining service lives of active and inactive members in each plan. The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2019 and June 30, 2018 actuarial valuations were based on the results of an actuarial experience study conducted for the period of June 30, 2012 to June 30, 2015. The first year is recognized as OPEB expense and the remaining years are shown as either deferred outflows of resources or deferred inflows of resources. The amortization period for the PLD Plan was six years for 2019. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, there were no changes in assumptions with the exception of the use of a blended discount rate for the PLD Plan. Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 74, Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other than Pensions Plans, requires the use of a blended discount rate for determining the total OPEB liability when it is projected that plan assets are not sufficient to meet benefit obligations in the future. In years where assets are projected to be sufficient to pay benefits, the Plan's assumed rate of return is used; in years where assets are not projected to be sufficient to pay benefits, the use of a municipal bond rate is required. The result is a single blended discount rate.

Changes in Proportion and Differences between Employer Contributions and Proportionate Share of Contributions

Differences resulting from a change in proportionate share of contributions and differences between total employer contributions and the employer's proportionate share of contributions are recognized in OPEB expense using a straight-line amortization method over a closed period equal to the average expected remaining service lives of active and inactive members in each plan. The first year is recognized as OPEB expense and the remaining years are shown as either deferred outflows of resources or deferred inflows of resources. Differences between total employer contributions and the employer's proportionate share of contributions may arise when

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 15 - OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT (OPEB) GROUP LIFE INSURANCE PLANS (CONTINUED)

an employer has a contribution requirement for an employer specific liability. There were no differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions as of June 30, 2019.

OPEB Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Additional financial and actuarial information with respect to the Plan can be found in the MainePERS' 2019 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report available online at <u>www.mainepers.org</u> or by contacting the System at (207) 512-3100.

NOTE 16 - OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT (OPEB) MEDICAL PLANS

MAINE EDUCATION ASSOCIATION BENEFITS TRUST

Plan Description

The State of Maine and School retirees contribute to the School's OPEB Plan with the Maine Education Association Benefits Trust (MEABT), a single employer defined benefit plan. Contributions and membership in this Plan are voluntary and may be terminated at any time by the State, the School and/or the School retirees. MEABT is a fully funded, self-insured trust which provides benefits to education organizations and acts as the agent to the School concerning administration of this Plan. Title 24-A Chapter 81 of the Maine Revised Statutes Annotated authorizes the regulation of MEABT as a Multiple Employer Welfare Arrangement by the State of Maine Bureau of Insurance. Benefits and plans are designed and governed by MEABT participants and are administered by a number of third-party administrators contracted by MEABT. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criterial of paragraph 4 of GASB Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions. MEABT issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained by contacting MEABT at (888) 622-4418.

Benefits Provided

This Plan provides medical/prescription drug benefits during retirement to Medicare and non-Medicare retirees and their spouses with varying levels of benefits determined by voluntary plan selection by the retiree as well as applicable Medicare statutes and regulations. The employee must have participated in a plan for the 12 months prior to retirement and have 10 years (under age 50) or 5 years (age 50 or above) of continuous active service and enrollment in the health plan to be eligible for

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 16 - OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT (OPEB) MEDICAL PLANS (CONTINUED)

this Plan. The retiree who terminates coverage may elect to re-enroll in coverage if they participated in the health plan for 12 months prior to terminating coverage, as long as re-enrollment occurs within 5 years from coverage termination and as long as the retiree is not past age 62. The retiree must have maintained continuous health insurance coverage during the break in coverage with MEABT to be eligible for re-enrollment and is only eligible for re-enrollment once.

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms

At June 30, 2020, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Active members	314
Retirees and spouses	116
Total	430

Cost Sharing Provisions/Contributions

Retirees are eligible for a State subsidy of 45% of the blended single premium for the retiree. The blended premium is determined by blending rates for active members and retired members, as determined by State law. The retiree contributes the remaining 55% of blended single premium and spouse must contribute 100% of the blended premium amount coverage elected.

Employee/Retiree Premium Amounts:

The following monthly premium amounts were reported on the individual data file. Actual plan election was reflected in expected retiree premium amounts.

Pre-Medicare	<u>Employee</u>	<u>Employee/</u> Spouse	<u>Employee/</u> Child(ren)	<u>Family</u>
Choice Plus	\$689	\$1,554	\$1,220	\$1,891
Standard \$200 Ded	\$745	\$1,678	\$1,318	\$2,043
Standard \$500 Ded	\$655	\$1,476	\$1,159	\$1,797
Medicare				
Medicare-Eligible	\$450	\$944	N/A	N/A
Retirees				

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 16 - OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT (OPEB) MEDICAL PLANS (CONTINUED)

Total OPEB Liability, OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

At June 30, 2020, the Town reported a liability of \$4,778,141 for its total OPEB liability for this Plan. The total OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2019 and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The School's total OPEB liability was based on the Entry Age Normal Actuarial Cost Method which does not reflect future changes in benefits, subsidies, penalties, taxes or administrative costs that may be required as a result of the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act of 2010 (ACA) related legislation and regulations.

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the Town recognized OPEB expense of \$86,164. At June 30, 2020, the Town reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	MEABT				
	Deferred Outflows of Resources			rred Inflows	
				Resources	
Differences between expected and actual					
experience	\$	-	\$	-	
Changes of assumptions		221,421		137,401	
Net difference between projected and actual					
earnings on OPEB plan investments		-		-	
Contributions subsequent to the					
measurement date		153,495		-	
Total	\$	374,916	\$	137,401	

\$153,495 were reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from Town contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2021. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 16 - OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT (OPEB) MEDICAL PLANS (CONTINUED)

	MEABT	
Plan year ended June 30:		
2020	\$	9,934
2021		9,934
2022		9,934
2023		9,933
2024		44,285
Thereafter		-

Discount Rate

The discount rate is the assumed interest rate used for converting projected dollar related values to a present value as of June 30, 2019. The discount rate determination is based on the high-quality AA/Aa or higher bond yields in effect for 20-year, tax-exempt general obligation municipal bonds using the Bond Buyer 20-Bond GO Index. The rate of 3.50% per annum for June 30, 2019 was based upon a measurement date of June 28, 2019. The sensitivity of total OPEB liability to changes in discount rate are as follows:

	1% Decrease 2.50%		Discount Rate 3.50%		1% Increase	
						4.50%
Total OPEB liability Plan fiduciary net position	\$	5,619,701 -	\$	4,778,141 -	\$	4,107,304
Net OPEB liability	\$	5,619,701	\$	4,778,141	\$	4,107,304
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%

Healthcare Trend

The healthcare trend is the assumed dollar increase in dollar-related values in the future due to the increase in the cost of health care. The healthcare cost trend rate is the rate of change in per capita health claim costs over time as a result of factors such as medical inflation, utilization of healthcare services, plan design and technological developments. The sensitivity of total OPEB liability to changes in healthcare cost trend rates are as follows:

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 16 - OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT (OPEB) MEDICAL PLANS (CONTINUED)

	1% Decrease		Healthcare Trend Rates		1% Increase	
Total OPEB liability Plan fiduciary net position	\$	4,025,571	\$	4,778,141	\$	5,731,347
Net OPEB liability	\$	4,025,571	\$	4,778,141	\$	5,731,347
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

The total OPEB liability for the Plan was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2019, using the following methods and assumptions applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Actuarial Cost Method

The Entry Age Normal Actuarial Cost Method is used to determine costs. Under this funding method, a normal cost rate is determined as a level percent of pay for each active Plan member and then summed to produce the total normal cost for this Plan. The unfunded actuarial liability is the difference between the actuarial liability and the actuarial value of assets.

Assumptions

Significant actuarial assumptions employed by the actuary for economic purposes are based on GASB 75 paragraph 36. Assumptions other than the discount rate are based on historical and future projections of long-term health care rates:

Discount Rate - 3.50% per annum.

Trend Assumptions:

Pre-Medicare - Initial trend of 5.55% applied in FYE 2019 grading over 15 years to 3.73% per annum.

Medicare - Initial trend of 3.72% applied in FYE 2019 grading over 15 years to 2.81% per annum.

Future plan changes - Assumes that the current Plan and cost-sharing structure remain in place for all future years.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 16 - OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT (OPEB) MEDICAL PLANS (CONTINUED)

Significant actuarial assumptions employed by the actuary for demographic purposes are the assumptions that were adopted by Maine Public Employees Retirement System State Employee and Teacher Retirement Program at June 30, 2018 and based on the experience study covering the period from June 30, 2012 through June 30, 2015. As of June 30, 2018, they are as follows:

Retirement Rates - Rates vary for plans based on age and service

Rates of Turnover - Rates vary for plans based on service

Disability Incidence - Rates vary for plans based on age

Retirement Contribution Increases - Assumed to increase at the same rate as incurred claims

Family Enrollment Composition - It is assumed that 80% is married with an eligible spouse.

Age Difference of Spouses - Husbands are assumed to be 3 years older than wives.

Administrative expenses - Included in the per capita claims cost

Salary Increase Rate - 2.75% per year assumed using the level percentage of pay entry age method

Salaries - Were not available from the client and were assumed using the Teachers/Age Service Salary scatter from the State Retirement Agency. Based on the dates of hire assumed above and the participant's actual age, pay was assigned using the salary age service scatter.

Dates of Hire - Were not available from the client and were available from the State Retirement Agency. Dates of hire were assumed to be the midpoint of each service group. Those under 1 year of service, the date was assumed to be January 1, 2019 and all other groups were assumed to be hired on July 1 of each service midpoint.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 16 - OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT (OPEB) MEDICAL PLANS (CONTINUED)

Rate of Mortality:

Healthy Annuitants - Based on 99% of the RP_2014 Total Dataset Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table, respectively for males and females, using the RP_2014 Total Dataset Employee Mortality Table for ages prior to the start of the Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table, both projected using the RPEC_2015 model, with an ultimate rate of 0.85% for ages 20-85 grading down to an ultimate rate of 0.00% for ages 111-120, and convergence to the ultimate rate in the year 2020.

Healthy Employees - Based on 99% of the RP_2014 Total Dataset Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table, respectively for males and females, using the RP_2014 Total Dataset Healthy Annuitant Mortality Tables after the end of the Total Employee Mortality Table, both projected using the RPEC_2015 model, with an ultimate rate of 0.85% for ages 20-85 grading down to an ultimate rate of 0.00% for ages 111-120, and convergence to the ultimate rate in the year 2020.

Disabled Annuitants - Based on 108% and 105% of the RP_2014 Total Dataset Disabled Annuitant Mortality Table, respectively for males and females, projected from the 2006 base rates using the RPEC_2015 model with an ultimate rate of 0.00% for ages 111-120, and convergence to the ultimate rate in the year 2020.

Retiree Continuation Percentage:

Retirees currently in the Group Companion Plan (Medicare participants) are assumed to remain in the Group Companion Plan.

Retirees who are currently age 64 or over age 65 and enrolled in a Pre-Medicare plan are assumed to never be eligible for Medicare and are assumed to remain enrolled in the Pre-Medicare plan.

Retirees who are currently under age 64 and enrolled in a Pre-Medicare plan are assumed to be eligible for Medicare and are assumed to remain in the Pre-Medicare plan until age 64 and enroll in the Group Companion plan at age 65.

Spouses who are currently in the Pre-Medicare plan will follow the same assumptions as the retired member; if the member is never eligible for Medicare the spouse is not either.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 16 - OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT (OPEB) MEDICAL PLANS (CONTINUED)

Significant actuarial assumptions employed by the actuary for claims and expense purposes are the based on the actual community rated premiums of the entire group. As of June 30, 2019, they are as follows:

Monthly Per Capital Claims and Expense Cost - Claims are based on community rated premiums through June 30, 2019 and projects through 2020 and associate enrollment in the various options offered. Annual administrative and claims adjudication expenses are assumed to be included in the annual premiums.

Medical Plan Election - Employees are assumed to continue in their current medical plan for their entire career. 50% of retirees are assumed to switch from the Choice Plan to the Standard Plan.

Medicare Eligibility - Assumed to be age 65, with the exception of retirees over age 65 who are not in the Group Companion Plan, all retirees under age 64 and current actives with a date of hire before March 31, 1986.

Changes in Total OPEB Liability

Changes in total OPEB liability are recognized in OPEB expense for the year ended June 30, 2020 with the following exceptions:

Differences between Expected and Actual Experience

The difference between expected and actual experience are recognized in OPEB expense using a straight-line amortization method over a closed period equal to the average expected remaining service lives of active and inactive members in each plan. As of July 1, 2017, this average was 8 years. The first year is recognized as OPEB expense and the remaining years are shown as either deferred outflows of resources or deferred inflows of resources. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, there were no differences between expected and actual experience.

Changes in Assumptions

Differences due to changes in assumptions about future economic, demographic or claim and expense factors or other inputs are recognized in OPEB expense over the average expected remaining service life of all active and inactive Plan members. As of July 1, 2017, this average was 8 years. The first year is recognized as OPEB expense and the remaining years are shown as either deferred outflows of resources or deferred inflows of resources. The amortization period was six years for year ending June 30, 2019. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, there were no changes in assumptions.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 16 - OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT (OPEB) MEDICAL PLANS (CONTINUED)

Differences between Projected and Actual Earnings on OPEB Plan Investments

Differences between projected and actual investment earnings are recognized in OPEB expense using a straight-line amortization method over a closed five-year period. The first year is recognized as OPEB expense and the remaining years are shown as either deferred outflows of resources or deferred inflows of resources.

OPEB Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Additional financial and actuarial information with respect to this Plan can be found at the Town Finance Director's Office at 271 Falmouth Road, Falmouth, Maine 04105.

MAINE MUNICIPAL EMPLOYEES HEALTH TRUST

Plan Description

The Town and Town retirees contribute to the Town's OPEB Plan with the Maine Municipal Employees Health Trust (MMEHT), a single employer defined benefit plan. Contributions and membership in this Plan are voluntary and may be terminated at any time by the Town and/or the Town retirees. MMEHT is a fully funded, self-insured trust which provides benefits to municipal and quasi-municipal organizations and county governments and acts as the agent to the Town concerning administration of this Plan. Title 24-A Chapter 81 of the Maine Revised Statutes Annotated authorizes the regulation of MMEHT as a Multiple Employer Welfare Arrangement by the State of Maine Bureau of Insurance. Benefits and plans are designed and governed by MMEHT participants and are administered by a number of third-party administrators contracted by MMEHT. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criterial of paragraph 4 of GASB Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions. MMEHT issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained by MMEHT at (800) 852-8300.

Benefits Provided

This Plan provides medical/prescription drug benefits during retirement to Medicare and non-Medicare retirees and their surviving spouses with varying levels of benefits determined by voluntary plan selection by the retiree as well as applicable Medicare statutes and regulations. The Plan also provides an automatic life insurance benefit of \$2,000 to participants which includes a surviving spouse benefit for the same.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 16 - OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT (OPEB) MEDICAL PLANS (CONTINUED)

The employee must meet the minimum requirement of age 55 with at least 5 years of service at retirement to be eligible for the Plan. The retiree must enroll when first eligible and continue coverage without interruption.

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms

At January 1, 2020, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Active members	88
Retirees and spouses	10
Total	98

Contributions

Retiree and spouse premium amounts are funded by the retiree at the rate for the coverage elected by the retiree. Premium rates are those determined by the MMEHT's Board of Trustees to be actuarially sufficient to pay anticipated claims. Premiums for retiree life insurance coverage are factored into the premiums paid for basic coverage. Retirees and spouses must contribute 100% of the premium amounts. The sponsoring employer pays the remainder of the premium. Medical benefits are provided for the life of the retiree and surviving spouses.

Retiree Premium Amounts:

The following monthly premium amounts were reported on the individual data file. Actual plan election was reflected in expected retiree premium amounts.

Pre-Medicare	Single Coverage	Family Coverage
POS 200	\$809	\$1,814
POS C	\$847	\$1,899
PPO 500	\$779	\$1,748
PPO 2500	\$642	\$1,440
<u>Medicare</u>		
Medicare-Eligible Retirees	\$589	\$1,179

Total OPEB Liability, OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

At June 30, 2020, the Town reported a liability of \$1,241,555 for its total OPEB liability for this Plan. The total OPEB liability was measured as of January 1, 2020 and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The Town's total OPEB

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 16 - OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT (OPEB) MEDICAL PLANS (CONTINUED)

liability was based on the Entry Age Normal Actuarial Cost Method which does not reflect future changes in benefits, subsidies, penalties, taxes or administrative costs that may be required as a result of the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act of 2010 (ACA) related legislation and regulations.

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the Town recognized OPEB expense of \$40,968. At June 30, 2020, the Town reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	MMEHT				
	Defer	red Outflows	Deferred Inflows		
	of F	Resources	of Resources		
Differences between expected and actual	¢	77 602	¢	67 494	
experience Changes of assumptions	\$	77,603 179,885	\$	67,424 94,928	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on OPEB plan investments		-		-	
Contributions subsequent to the		17 070			
measurement date		17,372			
Total	\$	274,860	\$	162,352	

\$17,372 were reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from Town contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2021. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

	MMEHT	
Plan year ended December 31:		
2021	\$	15,062
2022		15,062
2023		15,062
2024		15,062
2025		15,064
Thereafter		19,824

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 16 - OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT (OPEB) MEDICAL PLANS (CONTINUED)

Discount Rate

The discount rate is the assumed interest rate used for converting projected dollar related values to a present value as of the valuation date of January 1, 2019. The discount rate determination is based on the high-quality AA/Aa or higher bond yields in effect for 20-year, tax-exempt general obligation municipal bonds using the Bond Buyer 20-Bond GO Index. The rate of 2.74% per annum for June 30, 2020 was based upon a measurement date of December 27, 2019. The sensitivity of net OPEB liability to changes in discount rate are as follows:

	1% Decrease 1.74%		Discount Rate 2.74%		1% Increase 3.74%	
Total OPEB liability Plan fiduciary net position	\$	1,240,245	\$	1,241,555 -	\$	958,892
Net OPEB liability	\$	1,240,245	\$	1,241,555	\$	958,892
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%

Healthcare Trend

The healthcare trend is the assumed dollar increase in dollar-related values in the future due to the increase in the cost of health care. The healthcare cost trend rate is the rate of change in per capita health claim costs over time as a result of factors such as medical inflation, utilization of healthcare services, plan design and technological developments. The sensitivity of net OPEB liability to changes in healthcare cost trend rates are as follows:

	1% Decrease		Healthcare Trend Rates			1% Increase
Total OPEB liability Plan fiduciary net position Net OPEB liability	\$ \$	1,081,329 - 1,081,329	\$ \$	1,241,555 - 1,241,555	\$ \$	1,441,158 - 1,441,158
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 16 - OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT (OPEB) MEDICAL PLANS (CONTINUED)

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

The total OPEB liability for the Plan was determined by an actuarial valuation as of January 1, 2020, using the following methods and assumptions applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Actuarial Cost Method

The Entry Age Normal Actuarial Cost Method is used to determine costs. Under this funding method, a normal cost rate is determined as a level percent of pay for each active Plan member and then summed to produce the total normal cost for this Plan. The unfunded actuarial liability is the difference between the actuarial liability and the actuarial value of assets.

For medical and pharmacy, historical claims and census records were assembled and provided through June 30, 2019. Medicare and non-Medicare eligible medical and prescription experience were analyzed. It was assumed that current enrollment distribution of benefit options would remain constant in the future for retirees. The cost was distributed based on the current covered population and the actuary's standard age curves which vary by age, gender and Medicare status. Children costs are converted to a load on the non-Medicare retirees which implicitly assumes that future retirees will have the same child distribution as current retirees.

Amortization

The total OPEB liability of this Plan is amortized on an open 30-year period. The amortization method is a level dollar amortization method.

Assumptions

The actuarial assumptions used in the January 1, 2020 actuarial valuation was based on economic, demographic and claim and expense assumptions that resulted from actuarial studies conducted for the period of December 31, 2017 and December 31, 2018.

Significant actuarial assumptions employed by the actuary for economic purposes are the assumptions that were adopted by Maine State Retirement Consolidated Plan for Participating Local District at June 30, 2016 and based on the experience study covering the period from June 30, 2012 through June 30, 2015. As of January 1, 2020, they are as follows:

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 16 - OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT (OPEB) MEDICAL PLANS (CONTINUED)

Discount Rate - 2.74% per annum for year end 2020 reporting. 4.10% per annum for 2019 year end reporting.

Medical Trend assumptions were developed using the Society of Actuaries (SOA) Long-Run Medical Cost Trend Model. The SOA model was released in December 2007 and version 2020_b was used for this valuation. The following assumptions were input into this model:

Variable	Rate
Rate of Inflation	2.00%
Rate of Growth in Real Income/GDP per capital 2029+	1.50%
Extra Trend due to Taste/Technology 2029+	1.20%
Expected Health Share of GDP 2029	20.00%
Health Share of GDP Resistance Point	25.00%
Year for Limiting Cost Growth to GDP Growth	2040

The SOA Long-Run Medical Cost Trend Model and its baseline projection are based on an econometric analysis of historical U.S. medical expenditures and the judgements of experts in the field. The long-run baseline projection and input variables have been developed under the guidance of the SOA Project Oversight Group. The rate for the extra trend for taste and technology was set above the baseline of 1.1% (to 1.2%) to move closer to the 30-year average to reflect the future projections from the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services Office of the Actuary (CMS OACT). The Medicare Trustee Report and CBO Long-Term Budget Outlook.

The trends selected from 2020 to 2023 were based on plan design, population weighting, renewal projections, and market analysis. For years 2024 - 2028, these are interpolated from 2023 to 2029 (which is the product of the inflation, GDP and extra trend rate assumptions).

Deductibles, Co-payments and Out of Pocket Maximums are assumed to increase at the above trend rates. The ultimate trend rate reflects an assumed nominal per capital GDP growth.

Administrative and claims expense - 3% per annum.

Future plan changes - Assumes that the current Plan and cost-sharing structure remain in place for all future years.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 16 - OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT (OPEB) MEDICAL PLANS (CONTINUED)

Significant actuarial assumptions employed by the actuary for demographic purposes are the assumptions that were adopted by Maine State Retirement Consolidated Plan for Participating Local District at June 30, 2016 and based on the experience study covering the period from June 30, 2012 through June 30, 2015. As of January 1, 2020, they are as follows:

Retirement Rates - Rates vary for plans with no explicit employer subsidy (or payment) versus those plans defining an explicit employer subsidy (or payment). The rates are based on assumptions from the Maine State Retirement Consolidated Plan for Participating Local District at June 30, 2016.

Retirement Contribution Increases - Assumed to increase at the same rate as incurred claims.

Family Enrollment Composition - For males, 50% of future retirees under the age of 65 and 50% of current retirees are married and elect spousal coverage while females are at 30% for both. 25% of male and female future retirees over the age of 65 are married and elect spousal coverage.

Age Difference of Spouses - Husbands are assumed to be 3 years older than wives.

Administrative expenses - Included in the per capita claims cost.

Disability Incidence - Disabled lives will be considered active employees and will not be valued separately.

Salary Increase Rate - 2.75% per year assumed using the level percentage of pay entry age method.

Dates of Hire - Needed to be assumed for some employees and will be based on the average age at hire for similar employees.

Rate of Mortality - Based on 104% and 120% of the RP_2014 Total Dataset Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table, respectively for males and females, using the RP_2014 Total Dataset Employee Mortality Table for ages prior to the start of the Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table, both projected from the 2006 base rates using the RPEC_2015 model, with an ultimate rate of 0.85% for ages 20-85 grading down to an ultimate rate of 0.00% for ages 111-120, and convergence to the

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 16 - OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT (OPEB) MEDICAL PLANS (CONTINUED)

ultimate rate in the year 2020. These rates were taken from the assumptions for the Maine State Retirement Consolidated Plan for Participating Local District at June 30, 2016.

Retiree Continuation Percentage:

Medicare participant retirees - 100% assumed to continue in the plan elected.

Pre-Medicare plan retirees and active participants - 75% assumed to continue coverage once Medicare-eligible

Pre-Medicare plan spouses and spouses of active participants - 50% assumed to continue coverage once Medicare-eligible

Changes in Net OPEB Liability

Changes in net OPEB liability are recognized in OPEB expense for the year ended June 30, 2020 with the following exceptions:

Differences between Expected and Actual Experience

The difference between expected and actual experience are recognized in OPEB expense using a straight-line amortization method over a closed period equal to the average expected remaining service lives of active and inactive members in each plan. The first year is recognized as OPEB expense and the remaining years are shown as either deferred outflows of resources or deferred inflows of resources. The difference between expected and actual experience as of January 1, 2020 was \$10,179.

Changes in Assumptions

Differences due to changes in assumptions about future economic, demographic or claim and expense factors or other inputs are recognized in OPEB expense using a straight-line amortization method over a closed period equal to the average expected remaining service lives of active and inactive members in each plan. The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2017 and June 30, 2016 actuarial valuations were based primarily on those used by Maine State Retirement Consolidated Plan for Participating Local District at June 30, 2016 which were based on the experience study covering the period from June 30, 2012 through June 30, 2015. The first year is recognized as OPEB expense and the remaining years are shown as either deferred outflows of resources or deferred inflows of resources.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 16 - OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT (OPEB) MEDICAL PLANS (CONTINUED)

Differences between Projected and Actual Earnings on OPEB Plan Investments

Differences between projected and actual investment earnings are recognized in OPEB expense using a straight-line amortization method over a closed five-year period. The first year is recognized as OPEB expense and the remaining years are shown as either deferred outflows of resources or deferred inflows of resources.

OPEB Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Additional financial and actuarial information with respect to this Plan can be found at the Town Finance Director's Office at 271 Falmouth Road, Falmouth, Maine 04105.

NOTE 17 - LANDFILL CLOSURE AND POSTCLOSURE CARE COSTS

The Town of Falmouth's landfill is at 100% capacity to date. Therefore, the estimated remaining landfill life is zero years. Federal and state laws require that certain post closure care be met. The Town estimates that on an annual basis, some immaterial costs will be incurred for post closure care. As of June 30, 2020, \$16,000 is reported as landfill post-closure care as a long-term obligation and represents the estimated remaining cost of the monitoring tests at the site for thirty years after closure. The annual amount will be paid for within the Town's annual operating budget.

NOTE 18 - OVERLAPPING DEBT

The Town is responsible for its proportionate share of County and Portland Water District debt. As of June 30, 2020, the Town's share was as follows:

	(Dutstanding Debt	Town's Percentage	,	Total Share
County of Cumberland Portland Water District-Wastewater Portland Water District-Water	\$	35,425,000 35,911,417 55,760,544	5.41% 11.27% 8.01%	\$	1,916,493 4,046,000 4,466,420 10,428,913

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 19 - TAX INCREMENT FINANCING DISTRICTS AND ABATEMENTS

The Town has established four tax increment financing districts in accordance with Maine statutes to finance development programs located in the Town of Falmouth. The expenditures from these development programs will be recovered in future years through an incremental tax levied upon the districts' so called "captured asset values". A portion of the incremental tax revenues will be returned to the district to repay principal and interest on any indebtedness to fund the expenditures of the development program and to finance future expansion.

NOTE 20 - JOINT VENTURES

<u>ECOMAINE</u>

The Town is a member of a joint venture with 45 other municipalities throughout Cumberland, Oxford and York counties. ecomaine is a solid waste management corporation that creates electricity through its processing of waste and also operates as an extensive recycling program. A joint committee made up of the Town of Falmouth and 20 other member communities owns and controls the corporation. Interlocal (waste handling) agreements between ecomaine and participating communities obligate the members to deliver certain solid waste produced with the community to ecomaine for processing, and to make service payments and pay tipping fees for such processing. The Town has no explicit, measurable equity interest and therefore has not reported an asset in the financial statements in connection with its participation in ecomaine. The Town of Falmouth has an owner membership of 3.80% in ecomaine as of June 30, 2020 (the most current period available).

ecomaine has issued bonds to fund the design, construction and start-up of a resource recovery system. The bonds are special revenue obligations of ecomaine, payable from and secured by a pledge of ecomaine revenues. The bonds do not constitute a debt or liability within the meaning of any constitutional or statutory provision of the State of Maine, or a pledge of the full faith and credit of a political subdivision of the State of Maine. ecomaine has no taxing power. The obligations of the participating municipalities under the Waste Handling Agreements are secured by the full faith and credit of the participating municipalities subject to certain limitations. On June 30, 2020 (the most current period available), ecomaine had no outstanding debt. Additionally, the Town's share of the projected landfill closure and post closure cost relating to ecomaine is estimated to be \$582,860.

PORTLAND WATER DISTRICT

The Town is a member of a joint venture with 9 other municipalities throughout the Portland area. The Portland Water District (PWD) supplies pure water for domestic,

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 20 - JOINT VENTURES (CONTINUED)

sanitary and municipal services to its members and sells the same to 2 other local water districts. The PWD also wastewater and sewerage treatment services and related environmental and billing services for member and participating municipalities. The PWD is managed by an 11-member Board of Trustees made up of elected officials from the Town of Falmouth and the other 9 member municipalities for 5-year terms. The Town has no explicit, measurable equity interest and therefore has not reported an asset in the financial statements in connection with its participation in PWD. A Comprehensive Annual Financial Report as of December 31, 2019 (the most recent period available) may be obtained from the Portland Water District, PO Box 3553, Portland, Maine 04104.

In March of 1981 (and amended in September of 2002 and February of 2015), the Town and PWD entered into a sewerage service contract to allow for the flow of sewerage into the Town's wastewater treatment facilities from the Town of Cumberland. This agreement includes the modification and upgrade of the Town's wastewater system and treatment facilities to accommodate the requirements of this agreement, for which PWD will reimburse the Town for a share of the costs associated and the Town will allocate various shares of capacity at their facilities. For this purpose, PWD has agreed to finance the Mill Creek Project through sewer bonds and for which it will be the sole owner, while the Town will remain responsible for routine operations and maintenance. When the sewer bonds have been paid by the Town, ownership of the Mill Creek Project will revert back to the Town.

NOTE 21 - RISK MANAGEMENT

The Town is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets, errors and omissions and natural disasters for which the Town carries commercial insurance or participates in a public entity and self-insured risk pool sponsored by the Maine Municipal and the Maine School Management Associations.

Based on the coverage provided by the insurance purchased, the Town is not aware of any material actual or potential claim liabilities which should be recorded as of June 30, 2020. There were no significant reductions in insurance coverage from that of the prior year and amounts of settlements have not exceeded insurance coverage in the past three years.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 22 - CONTINGENCIES

With regard to pending legal claims or any unasserted claims, it is not feasible at this time to predict or determine their outcome. Management believes, however, that settlement amounts, if any, will not have a material adverse effect on the Town's financial position.

The Town participates in various intergovernmental grant programs which may be subject to future program compliance audits by the grantors or their representatives. Accordingly, the Town's compliance with applicable grant requirement may be established at some future date. The amount, if any, of any liabilities arising from the disallowance of expenditures or ineligibility of grant revenues cannot be determined at this time.

The Town's School Department receives education subsidy funding payments through the State of Maine. The State subsidy payment amount is adjusted quarterly for the Town's School Department share of MaineCare Seed, which is the required local share of MaineCare revenue that the State pays on behalf of the Town's School Department and then recovers through the ED 279. Adjustments made by the State in the fiscal year of 2020 could include expenditures from the fiscal year of 2020 that would normally be accrued. The actual amount cannot be determined at this time however, it is the position of the Town's School Department that this practice is consistent with the formal recommendation of the Maine Department of Education to all Maine units concerning this matter.

The Town's School Department has a contingent liability related to the elementary school construction project. This project was funded with State funds and a certain percentage of unspent funds need to be returned to the State after the project costs have been audited by the State. The total amount of the unspent proceeds including interest earned, as of June 30, 2020 is \$636,028. As of June 30, 2020, the State has not completed the project's final audit and cannot provide a reasonable estimate of the amount to be returned to the State, therefore no liability has been recorded for June 30, 2020.

NOTE 23 - COMPARATIVE DATA/RECLASSIFICATIONS

Comparative total data for the prior year have been presented in selected sections of the accompanying financial statements in order to provide an understanding of the changes in the Town's financial position and operations. Also, certain amounts presented in the prior year's data have been reclassified to be consistent with the current year's presentation.

Required Supplementary Information

Required supplementary information includes financial information and disclosures that are required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board but are not considered a part of the basic financial statements. Such information includes:

- Budgetary Comparison Schedule Budgetary Basis Budget and Actual -General Fund
- Schedule of Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability
- Schedule of Contributions Pensions
- Schedule of Changes in the Net OPEB Liability MEABT and MMEHT Plans
- Schedule of Changes in the Net OPEB Liability and Related Ratios -MEABT and MMEHT Plans
- Schedule of Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability SET and PLD Plans
- Schedule of Contributions OPEB
- Notes to Required Supplementary Information

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - BUDGETARY BASIS BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	Budaetec	I Amounts	Actual	Variance Positive
	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
Budgetary Fund Balance, July 1 Resources (Inflows):	\$ 12,638,087	\$ 12,638,087	\$ 12,638,087	\$ -
Property taxes	43,001,661	42,262,049	41,967,517	(294,532)
Excise taxes	3,569,777	3,569,777	3,651,682	81,905
Intergovernmental	8,924,150	9,663,762	10,015,144	351,382
Licenses, permits and fees	503,829	503,829	540,524	36,695
Charges for services	814,725	814,725	867,350	52,625
Investment income, net of unrealized				
gains/(losses)	399,500	399,500	821,861	422,361
Fines and forfeitures	53,900	53,900	59,582	5,682
Other revenue	73,183	73,183	193,567	120,384
Amounts Available for Appropriation	69,978,812	69,978,812	70,755,314	776,502
Charges to Appropriations (Outflows):				
Administration	1,284,170	1,315,586	1,315,565	21
Finance	1,277,074	1,287,274	1,307,341	(20,067)
Police	3,310,155	3,310,155	3,242,332	67,823
Fire/EMS	1,773,769	1,773,769	1,733,448	40,321
Public works	2,075,347	2,075,347	1,963,542	111,805
Community development	589,497	615,697	592,894	22,803
Parks and community programs	513,487	513,487	511,330	2,157
Non-departmental/other agencies	2,708,928	2,646,199	2,607,278	38,921
Education Debt service:	33,967,680	33,967,680	34,020,324	(52,644)
Principal	3,555,000	3,555,000	3,552,100	2,900
Interest	1,164,900	1,164,900	1,147,817	17,083
Transfers to other funds	4,604,943	5,053,856	5,053,856	-
Total Charges to Appropriations	56,824,950	57,278,950	57,047,827	231,123
Budgetary Fund Balance, June 30	\$ 13,153,862	\$ 12,699,862	\$ 13,707,487	\$ 1,007,625
Utilization of unassigned fund balance	\$-	\$ 454,000	\$-	\$ (454,000)

SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS*

		2020		2019	2018			2017		2016		2015
PLD Plan:												
Proportion of the net pension liability Proportionate share of the net pension		0.87%		0.89%		0.89%		0.83%		0.81%		0.83%
liability Covered payroll	\$ \$	2,671,319 5,053,399	\$ \$	2,437,964 4,907,936	\$ \$	3,657,215 4,645,209	\$ \$	4,408,796 4,252,672	\$ \$	2,594,797 4,150,350	\$ \$	1,274,581 3,881,506
Proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll		52.86%		49.67%		78.73%		103.67%		62.52%		32.84%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage												
of the total pension liability		90.62%		91.14%		86.43%		86.40%		81.61%		88.30%
<u>SET Plan:</u>												
Town's proportion of the net pension liability Town's proportionate share of the net pension		0.006%		0.009%		0.009%		0.005%		0.007%		0.004%
liability	\$	86,751	\$	125,174	\$	126,661	\$	90,488	\$	98,829	\$	43,537
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the Town		22,579,424		20,396,885		21,731,558	\$	25,678,122	\$	19,059,269	\$	14,865,081
Total	\$	22,666,175	\$	20,522,059	\$	21,858,219	\$	25,768,610	\$	19,158,098	\$	14,908,618
Town's covered payroll Town's proportionate share of the net pension	\$	19,762,114	\$	18,667,414	\$	18,192,280	\$	17,118,347	\$	16,284,832	\$	15,456,627
liability as a percentage of its covered payroll		0.44%		0.67%		0.70%		0.53%		0.61%		0.28%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		84.52%		85.17%		80.78%		80.80%		81.20%		83.91%

* The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of June 30 and are for those years for which information is available.

SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS - PENSIONS LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS*

	 2020	 2019	 2018	2017		2016		 2015
PLD Plan:								
Contractually required contribution	\$ 475,405	\$ 532,000	\$ 494,307	\$	457,951	\$	388,217	\$ 328,128
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	 (475,405)	 (532,000)	 (494,307)		(457,951)		(388,217)	 (328,128)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -
Covered payroll Contributions as a percentage of covered	\$ 5,560,850	\$ 5,053,399	\$ 4,907,936	\$	4,645,209	\$	4,252,672	\$ 4,150,350
payroll	8.55%	10.53%	10.07%		9.86%		9.13%	7.91%
SET Plan:								
Contractually required contribution	\$ 944,768	\$ 784,511	\$ 741,891	\$	611,261	\$	575,212	\$ 431,548
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	 (944,768)	 (784,511)	 (741,891)		(611,261)		(575,212)	 (431,548)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -
Town's covered payroll	\$ 21,271,810	\$ 19,762,114	\$ 18,667,414	\$	18,192,280	\$	17,118,347	\$ 16,284,832
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	4.44%	3.97%	3.97%		3.36%		3.36%	2.65%

* The amounts presented for each fiscal year are for those years for which information is available.

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET OPEB LIABILITY - MEABT AND MMEHT PLANS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Increase (Decrease)

MEABT:	Net OPEB Liability (a)	Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)	Net OPEB Liability (a) - (b)
Balances at 6/30/18 (Reporting June 30, 2019)	\$ 4,408,222	\$-	\$ 4,408,222
Changes for the year:			
Service cost	59,240	-	59,240
Interest	170,485	-	170,485
Changes of benefits	-	-	-
Differences between expected and actual experience	-	-	-
Changes of assumptions	265,705	-	265,705
Contributions - employer	-	125,511	(125,511)
Contributions - member	-	-	-
Net investment income	-	-	-
Benefit payments	(125,511)	(125,511)	-
Administrative expense			-
Net changes	369,919		369,919
Balances at 6/30/19 (Reporting June 30, 2020)	\$ 4,778,141	\$-	\$ 4,778,141

SCHEDULE 4 (CONTINUED)

TOWN OF FALMOUTH, MAINE

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET OPEB LIABILITY - MEABT AND MMEHT PLANS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Increase (Decrease)

<u>MMEHT:</u>	Net OPEB Liability (a)	Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)	Net OPEB Liability (a) - (b)
Balances at 1/1/19 (Reporting June 30, 2019)	\$ 1,085,714	\$-	\$ 1,085,714
Changes for the year:			
Service cost	40,900	-	40,900
Interest	45,517	-	45,517
Changes of benefits	(25,899)	-	(25,899)
Differences between expected and actual experience	(77,056)	-	(77,056)
Changes of assumptions	205,583	-	205,583
Contributions - employer	-	33,204	(33,204)
Contributions - member	-	-	-
Net investment income	-	-	-
Benefit payments	(33,204)	(33,204)	-
Administrative expense			
Net changes	155,841	-	155,841
Balances at 1/1/20 (Reporting June 30, 2020)	\$ 1,241,555	<u>\$</u> -	\$ 1,241,555

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS MEABT AND MMEHT PLANS LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS*

MEABT:		2020		2019
<u>Total OPEB liability</u> Service cost (BOY) Interest (includes interest on service cost) Changes of benefit terms Differences between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions Net change in total OPEB liability	\$	59,240 170,485 - - 265,705 (125,511) 369,919	\$	62,472 161,596 - - (206,101) (121,173) (103,206)
Total OPEB liability - beginning Total OPEB liability - ending	\$ \$	4,408,222 4,778,141	\$ \$	4,511,428 4,408,222
Plan fiduciary net position Contributions - employer Contributions - member Net investment income Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions Administrative expense Net change in fiduciary net position		125,511 - - (125,511) - -		121,173 - - (121,173) - -
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning Plan fiduciary net position - ending	\$ \$	-	\$ \$	-
Net OPEB liability - ending	\$	4,778,141	\$	4,408,222
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability		-		-
Covered payroll Net OPEB liability as a percentage of covered payroll	\$	15,248,183 31.3%	\$	14,840,081 29.7%

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS MEABT AND MMEHT PLANS LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS*

MMEHT:		2020		2019		2018
<u>Total OPEB liability</u> Service cost (BOY) Interest (includes interest on service cost) Changes of benefit terms Differences between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions	\$	40,900 45,517 (25,899) (77,056) 205,583 (33,204)	\$	45,450 39,916 - - (98,456) (31,927)	\$	42,665 38,339 - 124,166 (33,740) (24,369)
Net change in total OPEB liability Total OPEB liability - beginning Total OPEB liability - ending	\$ \$ \$	155,841 1,085,714 1,241,555	Դ Տ Տ	(45,017) 1,130,731 1,085,714	Դ Տ Տ	147,061 983,670 1,130,731
Plan fiduciary net position Contributions - employer Contributions - member Net investment income Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions Administrative expense Net change in fiduciary net position		33,204 - - (33,204) - -		31,927 - - (31,927) - -		24,369 - - (24,369) - -
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning Plan fiduciary net position - ending	\$ \$	-	\$ \$	-	\$ \$	-
Net OPEB liability - ending	\$	1,241,555	\$	1,085,714	\$	1,130,731
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability		-		-		-
Covered payroll Net OPEB liability as a percentage of covered payroll	\$	5,546,727 22.4%	\$	5,044,751 21.5%	\$	5,044,751 22.4%

* The amounts presented for each fiscal year are for those years for which information is available.

SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY SET AND PLD PLANS LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS*

		2020	2019			2018		
SET Life Insurance:								
Proportion of the net OPEB liability Town's proportionate share of the net OPEB		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%		
liability	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-		
State's proportionate share of the net OPEB		916 670		786,690		750 176		
liability associated with the Town Total	\$	816,679 816,679	\$	786,690	\$	752,176 752,176		
Covered payroll Proportionate share of the net OPEB liability		19,762,114	\$	18,667,414	\$	18,192,280		
as a percentage of its covered payroll		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%		
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability		48.04%		48.04%		47.29%		
		2020		2019		2018		
PLD Life Insurance:								
Proportion of the net OPEB liability Town's proportionate share of the net OPEB		1.29%		1.30%		1.38%		
liability	\$	262,474	\$	262,474	\$	222,163		
Covered payroll Proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$	5,053,399	\$	4,907,936	\$	4,645,209		
as a percentage of its covered payroll Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the		5.19%		5.35%		4.78%		
total OPEB liability		43.18%		43.92%		47.42%		

* The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of June 30 and are for those years for which information is available.

SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS - OPEB LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS*

	2020			2019			
MEABT:							
Employer contributions Benefit payments Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	125,511 (125,511) -	\$	121,173 (121,173) -			
Covered payroll	\$	15,659,900	\$	15,248,183			
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		0.00%		0.00%			
MMEHT:							
Employer contributions Benefit payments Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ \$	33,204 (33,204) -	\$ \$	31,927 (31,927) -			
Covered payroll	\$	5,438,500	\$	5,209,000			
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		0.00%		0.00%			
SET Life Insurance:							
Contractually required contribution Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	\$	-	\$	-			
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	-	\$	-			
Covered payroll Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	\$	21,271,810 0.00%	\$	19,762,114 0.00%			
PLD Life Insurance:							
Contractually required contribution Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	\$	921 -	\$	1,431			
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	921	\$	1,431			
Covered payroll Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	\$	5,560,850 0.00%	\$	5,053,399 0.00%			

* The amounts presented for each fiscal year are for those years for which information is available.

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION JUNE 30, 2020

Changes of Assumptions

OPEB SET and PLD

The discount rates for the OPEB SET and PLD Plan were reduced from 5.13% to 4.98%.

MEABT OPEB Plan

There was a change in the discount rate for the MEABT OPEB Plan from 3.87% to 3.50% per GASB 75 discount rate selection.

MMEHT OPEB Plan

There was a change in the discount rate for the MMEHT OPEB Plan from 4.10% to 2.74% per GASB 75 discount rate selection. The repeal of the "Cadillac Tax" was reflected in this valuation by removing the previously planned excise tax.

Other Supplementary Information

Other supplementary information includes financial statements and schedules not required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, nor a part of the basic financial statements, but are presented for purposes of additional analysis.

- Budgetary Comparison Schedule Budgetary Basis Budget and Actual - Education
- Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds
- Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Governmental Funds
- Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds
- Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds
- Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds
- Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds
- Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Permanent Funds
- Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Nonmajor Permanent Funds
- Combining Schedule of Net Position Fiduciary Funds Private-Purpose Trust Funds
- Combining Schedule of Changes in Net Position Fiduciary Funds -Private-Purpose Trust Funds
- Schedule of General Capital Assets by Function
- Schedule of Changes in General Capital Assets by Function

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - BUDGETARY BASIS BUDGET AND ACTUAL - EDUCATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	Budgetec Original	l Amounts Final	Actual Amounts	Variance Positive (Negative)		
Budgetary Fund Balance, July 1 Resources (Inflows):	\$ 1,188,261	\$ 1,188,261	\$ 1,188,261	\$-		
Taxes	30,219,388	30,219,388	30,219,388	-		
Intergovernmental	8,327,692	8,327,692	8,378,038	50,346		
Charges for Services	140,500	140,500	123,979	(16,521)		
Interest Income	-	-	418	418		
Other			4,805	4,805		
Amounts Available for Appropriation	39,875,841	39,875,841	39,914,889	39,048		
Charges to Appropriations (Outflows): Regular Instruction	16,916,147	16,916,147	16,600,591	315,556		
Special Education	5,715,473	5,715,473	5,759,861	(44,388)		
Career and Technical Education	1,500	1,500		1,500		
Other Instruction	1,088,561	1,088,561	976,165	112,396		
Student and Staff Support	3,714,160	3,714,160	3,626,925	87,235		
System Administration	1,129,895	1,129,895	960,072	169,823		
School Administration	1,569,485	1,569,485	1,585,018	(15,533)		
Transportation	1,552,475	1,552,475	1,681,217	(128,742)		
Facilities Maintenance	2,795,759	2,795,759	2,845,369	(49,610)		
Debt service:						
Principal	3,180,000	3,180,000	3,180,000	-		
Interest	1,024,125	1,024,125	1,024,125			
Total Charges to Appropriations	38,687,580	38,687,580	38,239,343	448,237		
Budgetary Fund Balance, June 30	\$ 1,188,261	\$ 1,188,261	\$ 1,675,546	\$ 487,285		

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET - NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2020

	Special Capital Revenue Projects Funds Funds				Permanent Funds			Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds		
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents Accounts receivable (net of allowance	\$	-	\$	-	\$	9,672	\$	9,672		
for uncollectibles)		2,984		-		-		2,984		
Due from other governments		207,827		-		-		207,827		
Inventory		26,925		-		-		26,925		
Due from other funds		7,648,341		2,677,741		-		10,326,082		
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	7,886,077	\$	2,677,741	\$	9,672	\$	10,573,490		
LIABILITIES Accounts payable Accrued payroll and expenses Due to other funds	\$	214,010 24,406 273,149	\$	144,937 - 441,230	\$	- - 500	\$	358,947 24,406 714,879		
TOTAL LIABILITIES		511,565		586,167		500		1,098,232		
FUND BALANCES Nonspendable		26,925				9,648		36,573		
Restricted		5,952,463		872,630		-		6,825,093		
Committed		-		1,660,174		-		1,660,174		
Assigned		1,470,350		-		-		1,470,350		
Unassigned		(75,226)		(441,230)		(476)		(516,932)		
TOTAL FUND BALANCES		7,374,512		2,091,574		9,172		9,475,258		
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	\$	7,886,077	\$	2,677,741	\$	9,672	\$	10,573,490		

COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	 Special Revenue Funds	 Capital Projects Funds	Permanent Funds		Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
REVENUES Intergovernmental revenue Charges for services Investment income, net of unrealized	\$ 603,386 1,734,013	\$ 25,404 -	\$	-	\$ 628,790 1,734,013
gains/(losses)	-	10,201		8	10,209
Other TOTAL REVENUES	 806,292 3,143,691	 <u>194,045</u> 229,650		- 8	<u>1,000,337</u> 3,373,349
EXPENDITURES General government Police Fire/EMS Public works Community development Community programs and parks Education Capital outlay Debt Service: Principal Interest TOTAL EXPENDITURES	3,143,691 65,975 42,606 5,895 526,121 376,327 814,799 1,975,515 524,968 590,000 171,413 5,093,619	 229,030 - - - - 4,549,196 - - 4,549,196		<u>-</u> - - - - - - -	65,975 42,606 5,895 526,121 376,327 814,799 1,975,515 5,074,164 590,000 171,413 9,642,815
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	 (1,949,928)	 (4,319,546)		8	(6,269,466)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in Transfers (out) TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	 2,705,032 (20,808) 2,684,224	 1,407,490		-	4,112,522 (20,808) 4,091,714
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS)	734,296	(2,912,056)		8	(2,177,752)
FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS) - JULY 1	 6,640,216	 5,003,630	9,16	4	11,653,010
FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS) - JUNE 30	\$ 7,374,512	\$ 2,091,574	<u>\$ </u>	2	\$ 9,475,258

Special Revenue Funds

Special revenue funds are established to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than fiduciary trusts or for major capital projects) that are legally restricted to expenditures for specific purposes.

		nployee le Money	W	Wellness		Veteran's Memorial		General Assistance		Comp Plan Maps		Property valuations
ASSETS Accounts receivable (net of allowance for uncollectibles) Due from other governments Inventory	\$	- -	\$	- -	\$	- -	\$	- - -	\$	- - -	\$	- - -
Due from other funds	<u>_</u>	3,190	<u> </u>	3,741		9,720	<u></u>	44,451		26,479	¢	252,407
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	3,190	\$	3,741	\$	9,720	\$	44,451	\$	26,479	\$	252,407
LIABILITIES Accounts payable Accrued payroll and expenses Due to other funds TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$	- - -	\$	20 2,736 - 2,756	\$	- - - -	\$	- - - -	\$	- - - -	\$	- - - -
FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS) Nonspendable Restricted Committed Assigned Unassigned TOTAL FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS)		- - 3,190 - 3,190		- - 985 - 985		- - 9,720 - 9,720		- - 44,451 - 44,451		- - 26,479 - 26,479		- - 252,407 - 252,407
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS)	\$	3,190	\$	3,741	\$	9,720	\$	44,451	\$	26,479	\$	252,407

SCHEDULE D (CONTINUED)

TOWN OF FALMOUTH, MAINE

	Land Use Ordinances		Invasive		Development Notices		Town Very Merry Weekend		Police Detail
ASSETS Accounts receivable (net of allowance for uncollectibles) Due from other governments Inventory Due from other funds	\$	- - -	\$	- - - 4 757	\$	- - -	\$	- - - 0 700	\$ - - - 0.710
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	-	\$	1,757 1,757	\$	1,067 1,067	\$	9,788 9,788	\$ 9,719 9,719
LIABILITIES Accounts payable Accrued payroll and expenses Due to other funds TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$		\$	- - - -	\$	- - - -	\$	- - - -	\$ - 284 - 284
FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS) Nonspendable Restricted Committed Assigned Unassigned TOTAL FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS)		- - - - -		- - 1,757 - 1,757		- - 1,067 - 1,067		- - 9,788 - 9,788	 - - 9,435 - 9,435
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS)	\$	_	\$	1,757	\$	1,067	\$	9,788	\$ 9,719

	Police nunication	EMS Scholarships		F	Fire EMS Detail	Street Permits		Disposal Bags		servation Corp
ASSETS Accounts receivable (net of allowance for uncollectibles) Due from other governments Inventory Due from other funds	\$ - - - 4 925	\$	- - 38,832	\$	- - - 23,125	\$	- - - 47,088	\$	- - 536,557	\$ - - -
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 4,835 4,835	\$	38,832	\$	23,125	\$	47,088	\$	536,557	\$ <u>5,144</u> 5,144
LIABILITIES Accounts payable Accrued payroll and expenses Due to other funds TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$ - - - -	\$	- - - -	\$	- - - -	\$	- - - -	\$	53,042 - - 53,042	\$ - - - -
FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS) Nonspendable Restricted Committed Assigned Unassigned TOTAL FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS)	 - - 4,835 - 4,835		- - 38,832 - 38,832		- - 23,125 - 23,125		- - 47,088 - 47,088		- - 483,515 - 483,515	 - - 5,144 - 5,144
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS)	\$ 4,835	\$	38,832	\$	23,125	\$	47,088	\$	536,557	\$ 5,144

	Re	creation	Sustainability		Ma	Parks Maintenance		Natural Gas Expansion		ceanview Iral Gas TIF	Route 1 North TIF	
ASSETS Accounts receivable (net of allowance for uncollectibles) Due from other governments Inventory Due from other funds	\$	2,984 - 16,454	\$	- - 1,993	\$	- - - 71,448	\$	- - - 6,577	\$	- - 565,088	\$	- - - 4,120,242
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	19,438	\$	1,993	\$	71,448	\$	6,577	\$	565,088		4,120,242
LIABILITIES Accounts payable Accrued payroll and expenses Due to other funds TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$	3,372 21,386 - 24,758	\$	- - - -	\$	- - - -	\$	2,471 - - 2,471	\$	114,993 - - 114,993	\$	- - - -
FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS) Nonspendable Restricted Committed Assigned Unassigned TOTAL FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS)		- - (5,320) - (5,320)		- - 1,993 - 1,993		- - 71,448 - 71,448		- - 4,106 - 4,106		- 450,095 - - - 450,095		- 4,120,242 - - - 4,120,242
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS)	\$	19,438	\$	1,993	\$	71,448	\$	6,577	\$	565,088	\$ 4	4,120,242

SCHEDULE D (CONTINUED)

TOWN OF FALMOUTH, MAINE

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET - NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS JUNE 30, 2020

	Route 1 South TIF	Trail Maintenance	School Special Revenue Funds Total	School Lunch Fund	Total
ASSETS					
Accounts receivable (net of allowance					
for uncollectibles)	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$ 2,984
Due from other governments	-	-	207,827	-	207,827
Inventory	-	-	-	26,925	26,925
Due from other funds	1,384,076	6,735		-	7,648,341
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 1,384,076	\$ 6,735	\$ 665,655	\$ 26,925	\$ 7,886,077
	¢ 4.050	¢	ф <u>00450</u>	ф о	¢ 014.040
Accounts payable	\$ 1,950	\$-	\$ 38,156	\$ 6	\$ 214,010
Accrued payroll and expenses	-	-	-	-	24,406
Due to other funds			197,929	75,220	273,149
TOTAL LIABILITIES	1,950		236,085	75,226	511,565
FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS)					
Nonspendable	-	-	-	26,925	26,925
Restricted	1,382,126	-	-		5,952,463
Committed		-	-	-	-
Assigned	-	6,735	429,570	-	1,470,350
Unassigned	-	-		(75,226)	(75,226)
TOTAL FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS)	1,382,126	6,735	429,570	(48,301)	7,374,512
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		· · ·		<u>·</u>	· · ·
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND					
BALANCES (DEFICITS)	\$ 1,384,076	\$ 6,735	\$ 665,655	\$ 26,925	\$ 7,886,077

	Employee Bottle Money Wellness		/ellness	Veteran's Memorial		General Assistance		Comp Plan Maps		Property Revaluations	
REVENUES											
Intergovernmental revenues	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Charges for services	-		-		-		-		-		-
Other	 -		2,866		-		-		-		
TOTAL REVENUES	 -		2,866		-		-		-		
EXPENDITURES											
General government	-		11,534		337		-		18,090		9,393
Police	-		-		-		-		-		-
Fire/EMS	-		-		-		-		-		-
Public works	-		-		-		-		-		-
Community development	-		-		-		-		-		-
Community programs and parks	-		-		-		-		-		-
Education	-		-		-		-		-		-
Capital outlay	-		-		-		-		-		-
Debt Service:											
Principal Interest	-		-		-		-		-		-
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	 		11,534		337				18,090		9,393
	 		11,001		001				10,000		0,000
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER)											
EXPENDITURES	-		(8,668)		(337)		-		(18,090)		(9,393)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)			0.400						0.000		4.04.000
Transfers in Transfers (out)	-		9,100		-		-		9,000		161,800
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	 		9,100						9,000		161,800
	 		0,100						0,000		101,000
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS)	-		432		(337)		-		(9,090)		152,407
FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS) - JULY 1	 3,190		553		10,057		44,451		35,569		100,000
FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS) - JUNE 30	\$ 3,190	\$	985	\$	9,720	\$	44,451	\$	26,479	\$	252,407

	d Use nances	In	vasive	Develop Notic		wn Very Weekend	 Police Detail
REVENUES Intergovernmental revenues Charges for services	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$ 5,929
Other TOTAL REVENUES	 		-	4	,800 ,800	 2,319 2,319	 37,381 43,310
EXPENDITURES General government Police Fire/EMS	- -		3,389 - -	4	,952 - -	17,246 - -	- 37,640 -
Public works Community development Community programs and parks Education	- - -		- - -		- - -	- - -	- - -
Capital outlay Debt Service: Principal Interest	-		-		-	-	-
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	 -		3,389	4	,952	 17,246	 37,640
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	 		(3,389)		(152)	 (14,927)	 5,670
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in Transfers (out)	- (808)		-		808	20,000	-
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	 (808)		-		808	 20,000	 -
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS)	(808)		(3,389)		656	5,073	5,670
FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS) - JULY 1	 808		5,146		411	 4,715	 3,765
FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS) - JUNE 30	\$ 	\$	1,757	<u>\$ 1</u>	,067	\$ 9,788	\$ 9,435

	Police Communication		EMS Scholarships		Fire EMS Detail		Street Permits		Disposal Bags		Conservation Corp	
REVENUES Intergovernmental revenues Charges for services Other	\$	1,976 - 5,635	\$		\$	7,793	\$	12,275	\$	2,151 511,154 	\$	500
TOTAL REVENUES		7,611		10,516		7,793		12,275		513,305		500
EXPENDITURES General government Police Fire/EMS Public works Community development Community programs and parks Education Capital outlay Debt Service: Principal Interest TOTAL EXPENDITURES		4,966 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -		- - - - - - - - - - - - - - -		- 5,895 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -		- - - - - - - - - - - - - - -		- 520,227 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -		- - - - - - - - - -
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		2,645		10,516		1,898		12,275		(6,922)		500
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in Transfers (out) TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				-		-		-		-		-
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS)		2,645		10,516		1,898		12,275		(6,922)		500
FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS) - JULY 1		2,190		28,316		21,227		34,813		490,437		4,644
FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS) - JUNE 30	\$	4,835	\$	38,832	\$	23,125	\$	47,088	\$	483,515	\$	5,144

	Recreation	Sustainability	Parks Maintenance	Natural Gas Expansion	Oceanview Natural Gas TIF	Route 1 North TIF
REVENUES Intergovernmental revenues Charges for services Other	\$ - 630,151	\$ - - 2,537	\$- - 11,850	\$ - - 10,000	\$ 3,000	\$ - -
TOTAL REVENUES	630,151	2,537	11,850	10,000	3,000	
EXPENDITURES General government Police Fire/EMS	-	1,034 - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -
Public works	-	-	-	5,894	-	-
Community development Community programs and parks Education	799,799	-	-	-	139,495 - -	137,125 - -
Capital outlay Debt Service: Principal Interest	-	-	-	-	386,422	1,088
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	799,799	1,034		5,894	525,917	138,213
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(169,648)	1,503	11,850	4,106	(522,917)	(138,213)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in Transfers (out)	99,000	-	-	-	654,387	545,211
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	99,000				654,387	545,211
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS)	(70,648)	1,503	11,850	4,106	131,470	406,998
FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS) - JULY 1	65,328	490	59,598		318,625	3,713,244
FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS) - JUNE 30	\$ (5,320)	\$ 1,993	\$ 71,448	\$ 4,106	\$ 450,095	\$ 4,120,242

COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	Route 1 South TIF	Trail Maintenance	School Special Revenue Funds Total	School Lunch Fund	Total
REVENUES Intergovernmental revenues Charges for services Other	\$ - - -	\$- - 1,405	\$ 522,473 - 713,585	\$ 67,857 572,640 2,898	\$ 603,386 1,734,013 806,292
TOTAL REVENUES		1,405	1,236,058	643,395	3,143,691
EXPENDITURES General government Police Fire/EMS Public works Community development Community programs and parks Education Capital outlay Debt Service: Principal Interest TOTAL EXPENDITURES	- - - 99,707 - - 137,458 590,000 <u>171,413</u> 998,578	- - - 15,000 - - - - 15,000	- - - 1,066,915 - - 1,066,915	- - - - 908,600 - - - - - - - - - - -	65,975 42,606 5,895 526,121 376,327 814,799 1,975,515 524,968 590,000 171,413 5,093,619
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(998,578)	(13,595)	169,143	(265,205)	(1,949,928)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in Transfers (out) TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	1,205,726 (20,000) 1,185,726	- - 	- - -	- - -	2,705,032 (20,808) 2,684,224
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS)	187,148	(13,595)	169,143	(265,205)	734,296
FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS) - JULY 1	1,194,978	20,330	260,427	216,904	6,640,216
FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS) - JUNE 30	\$ 1,382,126	\$ 6,735	\$ 429,570	\$ (48,301)	\$ 7,374,512

Capital Projects Funds

Capital Projects Funds are used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities or equipment.

	Energy Efficiency			Food Pantry	To	own Hall Office		Gen Gov enovation	Gen Gov Vehicles	
ASSETS Due from other funds TOTAL ASSETS	\$	3,184 3,184	\$ \$	1,189 1,189	\$	43,889 43,889	\$ \$	103,350 103,350	\$	41,858 41,858
LIABILITIES Accounts payable Due to other funds TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	87,522 - 87,522	\$	-
FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS) Nonspendable Restricted Committed Assigned Unassigned TOTAL FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS)		- - 3,184 - - 3,184		- - 1,189 - - 1,189		- 43,889 - - 43,889		- - 15,828 - - 15,828		- 41,858 - - 41,858
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS)	\$	3,184	\$	1,189	\$	43,889	\$	103,350	\$	41,858

	Computers	Cable TV	Police Small Equip	Police Vehicles	Police Dept Communications	Harbor Equipment
ASSETS Due from other funds TOTAL ASSETS	<u>\$-</u> \$-	<u>\$ 116,452</u> \$ 116,452	\$ 1,480 \$ 1,480	\$2,875 \$2,875	\$28,588 \$28,588	\$54,030 \$54,030
LIABILITIES Accounts payable Due to other funds TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$- <u>58,837</u> 58,837	\$ - - -	\$ - - -	\$ - - -	\$ 6,321 	\$ - - -
FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS) Nonspendable Restricted Committed Assigned Unassigned TOTAL FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS)	- - - (58,837) (58,837)	- - 116,452 - - 116,452	- - 1,480 - - 1,480	- 2,875 - 2,875	- 22,267 - - 22,267	- 54,030 - - 54,030
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS)	<u>\$ -</u>	\$ 116,452	\$ 1,480	\$ 2,875	\$ 28,588	\$ 54,030

		Fire Dept Building	Fire Dept Equipment			V Building nd Equip	Public Works Heavy Equip	Public Works			ransfer tion Equip
ASSETS Due from other funds TOTAL ASSETS	\$ \$	379,788 379,788	\$	166,357 166,357	\$ \$	25,247 25,247	<u>\$-</u> \$-	\$ \$	179,654 179,654	\$ \$	52,285 52,285
LIABILITIES Accounts payable Due to other funds TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$	6,982 - 6,982	\$	-	\$	-	\$ - - -	\$	44,112 - 44,112	\$	-
FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS) Nonspendable Restricted Committed Assigned Unassigned TOTAL FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS)		- 372,806 - - 372,806		- 166,357 - - 166,357		- 25,247 - 25,247	- - - - - -		- 135,542 - - 135,542		- 52,285 - - 52,285
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS)	\$	379,788	\$	166,357	\$	25,247	<u>\$ -</u>	\$	179,654	\$	52,285

	R	Parks enovation	Parks Equipment		Community Center			nmunity Vehicles	Open Spaces		Capital eet Lights
ASSETS Due from other funds TOTAL ASSETS	\$	240,477 240,477	\$	19,174 19,174	\$ \$	77,225 77,225	\$ \$	7,262 7,262	\$ \$	210,002 210,002	\$ 50,745 50,745
LIABILITIES Accounts payable Due to other funds TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -
FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS) Nonspendable Restricted Committed Assigned Unassigned TOTAL FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS)		- 240,477 - 240,477		- 19,174 - - 19,174		- 77,225 - - 77,225		- 7,262 - - 7,262		- 210,002 - 210,002	 - 50,745 - 50,745
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS)	\$	240,477	\$	19,174	\$	77,225	\$	7,262	\$	210,002	\$ 50,745

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET - NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS JUNE 30, 2020

	Library Bond		ool Capital ects Funds Total	Total
ASSETS Due from other funds TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 236,602 236,602	\$ \$	636,028 636,028	\$ 2,677,741 \$ 2,677,741
LIABILITIES Accounts payable Due to other funds TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$ -	\$	- <u>382,393</u> 382,393	\$ 144,937 441,230 586,167
FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS) Nonspendable Restricted Committed Assigned Unassigned TOTAL FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS)	 - 236,602 - - 236,602		- 636,028 - - (382,393) 253,635	- 872,630 1,660,174 - (441,230) 2,091,574
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS)	\$ 236,602	\$	636,028	\$ 2,677,741

	Energy Efficiency		Food Pantry	Town Hall Office		Gen Gov Renovation		en Gov /ehicles
REVENUES Intergovernmental revenues Investment income, net of unrealized gains/(losses) Other TOTAL REVENUES	\$	- - - -	\$- - - -	\$	- - -	\$	- - - -	\$ - - - -
EXPENDITURES Capital outlay TOTAL EXPENDITURES	26,53 26,53		-	. <u> </u>	6,450 6,450		97,396 97,396	 -
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(26,53	5)	_		(6,450)		(97,396)	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in Transfers (out) TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	25,37 25,37		- - -	. <u> </u>			-	 - - -
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS)	(1,15	8)	-		(6,450)		(97,396)	-
FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS) - JULY 1	4,34	2	1,189		50,339		113,224	 41,858
FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS) - JUNE 30	\$ 3,18	4	\$ 1,189	\$	43,889	\$	15,828	\$ 41,858

	Computers		Cable TV		Police nall Equip	Police Vehicles		Police Dept Communications			Harbor Equipment	
REVENUES Intergovernmental revenues Investment income, net of unrealized gains/(losses)	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 1,266	\$	-	\$	9,542 -	\$	14,596 -	
Other TOTAL REVENUES		-		-	 <u>1,175</u> 2,441		7,850 7,850		- 9,542		- 14,596	
EXPENDITURES											<u> </u>	
Capital outlay		211,046		27,215	16,038		130,647		23,422		3,970	
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		211,046		27,215	 16,038		130,647		23,422		3,970	
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		(211,046)		(27,215)	 (13,597)		(122,797)		(13,880)		10,626	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in Transfers (out)		145,000		-	-		120,000		8,000 -		-	
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)		145,000		-	 -		120,000		8,000		-	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS)		(66,046)		(27,215)	(13,597)		(2,797)		(5,880)		10,626	
FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS) - JULY 1		7,209		143,667	 15,077		5,672		28,147		43,404	
FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS) - JUNE 30	\$	(58,837)	\$	116,452	\$ 1,480	\$	2,875	\$	22,267	\$	54,030	

	Fire Dept Building	Fire Dept Equipment	PW Building and Equip	Public Works Heavy Equip	Public Works Streets	Transfer Station Equip
REVENUES Intergovernmental revenues Investment income, net of unrealized gains/(losses) Other TOTAL REVENUES	\$ - - -	\$ - - -	\$ - - - -	\$ - - <u>33</u> 33	\$ - - - 148,108 148,108	\$ - - - -
EXPENDITURES Capital outlay TOTAL EXPENDITURES	83,135 83,135	-	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	417,684 417,684	
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(83,135)		(30,629)	(378,504)	(269,576)	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in Transfers (out) TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	421,000	135,000 135,000	30,000	270,113	- - -	- - -
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS)	337,865	135,000	(629)	(108,391)	(269,576)	-
FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS) - JULY 1	34,941	31,357	25,876	108,391	405,118	52,285
FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS) - JUNE 30	\$ 372,806	\$ 166,357	\$ 25,247	<u>\$ -</u>	\$ 135,542	\$ 52,285

	Parks Renovation				Community Center		Community Prog Vehicles		Open Spaces		Capital eet Lights
REVENUES Intergovernmental revenues Investment income, net of unrealized gains/(losses) Other TOTAL REVENUES	\$	- - -	\$	- - 35,675 35,675	\$	- - -	\$	- - -	\$	- - 1,204 1,204	\$ - - - -
EXPENDITURES Capital outlay TOTAL EXPENDITURES		2,883 2,883		51,897 51,897		21,055 21,055		-		643,645 643,645	 27,127 27,127
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		(2,883)		(16,222)		(21,055)		-		(642,441)	 (27,127)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in Transfers (out) TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)		28,000		20,000		15,000 - 15,000		- -		190,000 - 190,000	 -
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS)		25,117		3,778		(6,055)		-		(452,441)	(27,127)
FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS) - JULY 1	2	215,360		15,396		83,280		7,262		662,443	 77,872
FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS) - JUNE 30	\$ 2	240,477	\$	19,174	\$	77,225	\$	7,262	\$	210,002	\$ 50,745

COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	Library Bond	School Capital Projects Funds Total	Total
REVENUES Intergovernmental revenues Investment income, net of unrealized gains/(losses) Other TOTAL REVENUES	\$ - - - -	\$- 10,201 - 10,201	\$ 25,404 10,201 194,045 229,650
EXPENDITURES Capital outlay TOTAL EXPENDITURES	2,291,699 2,291,699	<u>58,186</u> 58,186	4,549,196 4,549,196
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(2,291,699)	(47,985)	(4,319,546)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in Transfers (out) TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	- - -	- - -	1,407,490
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS)	(2,291,699)	(47,985)	(2,912,056)
FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS) - JULY 1	2,528,301	301,620	5,003,630
FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS) - JUNE 30	\$ 236,602	\$ 253,635	\$ 2,091,574

See accompanying independent auditors' report and notes to financial statements.

Permanent Funds

Permanent funds are used to account for assets held by the Town of Falmouth, Maine that are legally restricted pursuant to Title 30-A, §5653 of the Maine State Statutes, as amended, and unless otherwise specified, only earnings, and not principal, may be used for purposes that benefit the Town or its citizenry. These funds have been established for various purposes including the provision and/or maintenance of the cemeteries.

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET - NONMAJOR PERMANENT FUNDS JUNE 30, 2020

		oetual are	Total		
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents TOTAL ASSETS	\$ \$	9,672 9,672	\$ \$	9,672 9,672	
LIABILITIES Due to other funds TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$	500 500	\$	500 500	
FUND BALANCES Nonspendable - principal Restricted Committed Assigned Unassigned TOTAL FUND BALANCES		9,648 - - (476) 9,172		9,648 - - - (476) 9,172	
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	\$	9,672	\$	9,672	

See accompanying independent auditors' report and notes to financial statements.

COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - NONMAJOR PERMANENT FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	•	etual are	,	Total
REVENUES Investment income, net of unrealized gains/(losses) TOTAL REVENUES	\$	<u>8</u>	\$	8
EXPENDITURES Other TOTAL EXPENDITURES		-		-
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		8		8
FUND BALANCES - JULY 1		9,164		9,164
FUND BALANCES - JUNE 30	\$	9,172	\$	9,172

Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary funds are used to report assets held in a trustee or agency capacity for others and therefore are not available to support Town programs. The reporting focus is on net position and changes in net position and is reported using accounting principles similar to proprietary funds

COMBINING SCHEDULE OF NET POSITION - FIDUCIARY FUNDS - PRIVATE-PURPOSE TRUST FUNDS JUNE 30, 2020

	Ca	n Boffa amp Iarship	Stetson Memorial Fund		Class of 1995 Scholarship		Clayton Thomas Scholarship		Leola West Scholarship	
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents Due from other governments TOTAL ASSETS	\$	- 75 75	\$	- 596 596	\$	- 500 500	\$ \$	-	\$	- 34,867 34,867
LIABILITIES Deposits held for others Due to other governments TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$		\$	- - -	\$	-	\$	1,074 1,074	\$	- 500 500
NET POSITION Restricted Unrestricted (deficit) TOTAL NET POSITION		75 - 75		596 - 596		500 - 500		- (1,074) (1,074)		34,367 - 34,367
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION	\$	75	\$	596	\$	500	\$	-	\$	34,867

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COMBINING SCHEDULE OF NET POSITION - FIDUCIARY FUNDS - PRIVATE-PURPOSE TRUST FUNDS JUNE 30, 2020

	Jim Caldwell Scholarship		Blaze Scholarship		Other Scholarships		 Total
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents Due from other governments TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 	579 579	\$	- 500 500	\$ \$	80,383 - 80,383	\$ 80,383 37,117 117,500
LIABILITIES Deposits held for others Due to other governments TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$	-	\$	-	\$	- - -	\$ 1,074 500 1,574
NET POSITION Restricted Unrestricted (deficit) TOTAL NET POSITION		579 - 579		500 - 500		80,383 - 80,383	 117,000 (1,074) 115,926
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION	\$	579	\$	500	\$	80,383	\$ 117,500

See accompanying independent auditors' report and notes to financial statements.

COMBINING SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET POSITION - FIDUCIARY FUNDS PRIVATE-PURPOSE TRUST FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	Karer Ca Schol	Stetson Memorial Fund		Class of 1995 Scholarship		Clayton Thomas Scholarship		Leola West Scholarship		
ADDITIONS Interest income Other contributions TOTAL ADDITIONS	\$	- -	\$		\$	- - -	\$		\$	286 - 286
DEDUCTIONS Scholarship awards Miscellaneous expense TOTAL DEDUCTIONS		-		-		-				- - -
CHANGE IN NET POSITION		-		-		-		-		286
NET POSITION - JULY 1		75		596		500		(1,074)		34,081
NET POSITION - JUNE 30	\$	75	\$	596	\$	500	\$	(1,074)	\$	34,367

COMBINING SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET POSITION - FIDUCIARY FUNDS PRIVATE-PURPOSE TRUST FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	Jim Ca Schola		aze arship	Other plarships	Total		
ADDITIONS Interest income Other contributions TOTAL ADDITIONS	\$	- - -	\$ - - -	\$ - 19,330 19,330	\$	286 19,330 19,616	
DEDUCTIONS Scholarship awards Miscellaneous expense TOTAL DEDUCTIONS		277 - 277	 - - -	 16,840 - 16,840		17,117 - 17,117	
CHANGE IN NET POSITION		(277)	-	2,490		2,499	
NET POSITION - JULY 1		856	 500	 77,893		113,427	
NET POSITION - JUNE 30	\$	579	\$ 500	\$ 80,383	\$	115,926	

See accompanying independent auditors' report and notes to financial statements.

General Capital Assets

General capital assets are those assets related to activities reported in the governmental funds. These assets are reported in the governmental activities' column of the government-wide statement of net position.

SCHEDULE OF GENERAL CAPITAL ASSETS BY FUNCTION JUNE 30, 2020

	No	Land and n-depreciable Assets	Improvements Other Than Buildings, Buildings and Improvements			Machinery and Equipment		Infrastructure		Total
General government	\$	10,190,638	\$	3,346,999	\$	2,165,783	\$	-	\$	15,703,420
Public safety Public works		475,800 9,199,093		5,354,929 1,462,581		5,583,528 3,616,277		- 45,114,917		11,414,257 59,392,868
Parks and community programs		1,702,100		3,773,354		638,334		-		6,113,788
Education Total General Capital Assets		<u>647,198</u> 22,214,829		<u>67,038,594</u> 80,976,457		<u>3,918,818</u> 15,922,740		45,114,917		71,604,610
		,_ : .,oo						10,111,011		101,220,010
Less: Accumulated Depreciation		-		(31,589,550)		(9,616,128)		(15,045,238)		(56,250,916)
Net General Capital Assets	\$	22,214,829	\$	49,386,907	\$	6,306,612	\$	30,069,679	\$	107,978,027

See accompanying independent auditors' report and notes to financial statements.

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN GENERAL CAPITAL ASSETS BY FUNCTION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	General Capital Assets 7/1/19	Additions	Deletions	General Capital Assets 6/30/20		
General government	\$ 12,389,679	\$ 3,313,741	\$-	\$ 15,703,420		
Public safety	11,273,798	260,774	(120,315)	11,414,257		
Public works	52,991,515	6,796,088	(394,735)	59,392,868		
Parks and community programs	6,017,842	133,453	(37,507)	6,113,788		
Education	71,378,424	<u>337,004</u>	(110,818)	71,604,610		
Total General Capital Assets	154,051,258	10,841,060	(663,375)	164,228,943		
Less: Accumulated Depreciation	(52,000,761)	(4,611,415)	<u>361,260</u>	(56,250,916)		
Net General Capital Assets	\$ 102,050,497	\$ 6,229,645	<u>\$ (302,115)</u>	<u>\$ 107,978,027</u>		

See accompanying independent auditors' report and notes to financial statements.

STATISTICAL SECTION

This part of the Town of Falmouth, Maine's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the government's overall financial health.

Financial Trends	1-4						
These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the Town's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.	he						
Revenue Capacity	5-7						
These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the Town's mos significant local revenue source, the property tax.	t						
Debt Capacity	8-11						
These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the Town's current levels of outstanding debt and the Town's ability to issue additional debt in the future.							
Demographic and Economic Information	12-13						

These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the Town's financial activities take place.

Operating Information

Content

This schedule contains service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the government's financial report relates to the services the government provides and the activities it performs.

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	 2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011
Governmental activities: Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted	64,402,620 7,730,053 10,381,816	\$58,273,002 6,722,277 11,974,749	\$55,669,414 8,165,087 11,024,638	\$54,205,024 7,292,627 12,442,430	\$50,126,899 7,183,760 13,579,352	\$45,611,250 8,172,054 13,477,736	\$41,041,245 8,483,144 16,042,959	\$38,256,352 6,251,719 18,026,092	\$30,753,086 6,781,723 17,068,952	\$24,544,049 9,973,196 18,275,885
Total governmental actvities net position	\$ 82,514,489	\$76,970,028	\$74,859,139	\$73,940,081	\$70,890,011	\$67,261,040	\$65,567,348	\$62,534,163	\$54,603,761	\$52,793,130
Business-type activities: Net investment in capital assets Unrestricted Total business-type actvities net position	 16,673,844 3,896,449 20,570,293	\$17,084,399 3,636,031 \$20,720,430	\$16,765,868 3,786,436 \$20,552,304	\$ 16,347,707 3,507,536 \$ 19,855,243	\$12,719,464 3,082,322 \$15,801,786	\$11,954,332 3,231,839 \$15,186,171	\$11,938,638 3,029,652 \$14,968,290	\$12,175,806 2,664,461 \$14,840,267	\$12,088,052 2,715,432 \$14,803,484	\$12,227,194 2,574,430 \$14,801,624
Primary government: Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted Total primary government net position	 81,076,464 7,730,053 14,278,265 03,084,782	\$75,357,401 6,722,277 15,610,780 \$97,690,458	\$72,435,282 8,165,087 14,811,074 \$95,411,443	\$70,552,731 7,292,627 15,949,966 \$93,795,324	\$62,846,363 7,183,760 16,661,674 \$86,691,797	\$57,565,582 8,172,054 16,709,575 \$82,447,211	\$52,979,883 8,483,144 19,072,611 \$80,535,638	\$50,432,158 6,251,719 20,690,553 \$77,374,430	\$42,841,138 6,781,723 19,784,384 \$69,407,245	\$36,771,243 9,973,196 20,850,315 \$67,594,754

Note: The Town implemented GASB #54 in 2011.

The Town implemented GASB #68 in 2015.

The Town implemented GASB #75 in 2018.

Changes in Net Position Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting)

	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011
Expenses										
Governmental activities										
General government	\$ 4,781,736	\$ 2,643,701	\$ 4,213,322	\$ 4,232,225	\$ 4,575,776	\$ 3,683,548	\$ 3,586,007	\$ 3,182,216	\$ 3,320,569	\$ 3,289,549
Financial management	1,307,341	1,238,141	1,193,225	1,121,047	1,204,538	1,049,103	978,002	1,060,159	1,057,419	952,802
Public safety	5,709,527	5,366,716	4,983,049	4,797,396	4,533,160	4,419,078	4,093,811	3,828,094	3,922,211	3,668,031
Public works	3,675,011	3,660,138	3,492,622	2,750,978	3,209,514	2,957,355	4,236,453	3,270,196	3,298,303	4,219,050
Community development	1,399,956	1,292,783	1,766,820	1,915,659	1,279,967	2,069,053	578,546	619,971	1,035,617	1,047,470
Community program and parks	1,555,293	1,674,500	1,576,719	1,459,140	1,329,529	1,270,322	1,080,035	948,169	1,219,430	1,027,630
Education	41,063,971	38,702,886	39,033,885	36,324,140	34,427,522	32,903,013	31,460,774	29,224,616	31,919,090	27,994,675
Interest on long-term debt	1,331,087	1,561,000	1,476,582	1,555,660	1,662,539	1,768,827	1,618,608	1,659,562	1,617,393	607,485
Capital Outlay	162,801	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Central garage	-	209,438	218,249	265,811	254,384	239,277	203,205	218,903	-	-
Total governmental actvities expenses	60,986,723	56,349,303	57,954,473	54,422,056	52,476,929	50,359,576	47,835,441	44,011,886	47,390,032	42,806,692
							,,			
Business-type activities										
Wastewater treatment	2,816,681	2,583,085	2,566,435	2,259,793	1,952,806	2,051,999	1,896,432	1,991,986	1,950,836	1,928,995
Total business-type activities expenses	2,816,681	2,583,085	2,566,435	2,259,793	1,952,806	2,051,999	1,896,432	1,991,986	1,950,836	1,928,995
Total primary government expenses	\$ 63,803,404	\$ 58,932,388	\$ 60,520,908	\$ 56,681,849	\$ 54,429,735	\$ 52,411,575	\$ 49,731,873	\$ 46,003,872	\$ 49,340,868	\$ 44,735,687
Program revenue										
Governmental activities										
Charges for services										
General government	540,524	1,296,165	227,355	412,884	354,297	388,559	351,006	234,962	219,992	189,795
Financial management	59,582	76,887	78,313	52,396	53,247		-	51,160	39,720	71,604
Public safety	789,231	605,979	579,096	640,104	662,920	626,114	720,216	747,310	707,946	669,934
Public works	52,646	61,869	518,039	466,343	500,059	510,650	495,178	2,615,975	2,871,751	2,533,358
Community development	52,040	526,334	194,501	105,175	62,507	33,042	11,252	2,013,973	103,111	81,513
Community program and parks	165,083	167,305	816,700	750,775	644,853	546,224	655,725	- 508,819	3,066	4,007
Education	1,734,013	12,224,858	1,386,202	1,501,674	1,209,994	1,128,358	234,653	166,812	192,766	184,679
Central garage	1,754,015	209,438	1,731	669	1,209,994	1,412	206,343	238,896	192,700	104,075
Operating grants and contributions	- 13,534,068	209,430	12,335,128	12,207,192	11,872,141	12,357,354	11,707,971	11,241,851	- 10,368,451	- 10,532,867
Capital grants and contributions	2,088,921	-	442,069	582,792	1,237,845	241,118	198,649	1,270,929	4,468,498	526,643
Total governmental activities program revenue	18,964,068	15,168,835	16,579,134	16,720,004	16,599,326	15,832,831	14,580,993	17,076,714	18,975,301	14,794,400
Total governmental activities program revenue	16,904,000	15,100,035	10,579,134	10,720,004	10,599,520	15,652,651	14,560,995	17,070,714	10,975,501	14,794,400
Business-type activities										
Charges for services										
Wastewater treatment	2.089.949	2,012,107	2,004,168	1,918,549	1,767,660	1.750.443	1,692,615	1,963,058	1,932,503	1,893,277
Operating grants and contributions	219.553	201.364	508.889	386.185	340.647	380.737	326.673	1,000,000	1,002,000	1,000,211
Capital grants and contributions	348,542	522,694	729,011	4,000,000	540,047	132,600	520,075	65,711	20,193	68,645
Total business-type activities program revenue	2,658,044	2,736,165	3,242,068	6,304,734	2,108,307	2,263,780	2,019,288	2,028,769	1,952,696	1,961,922
Total business-type activities program revenue	2,030,044	2,730,105	3,242,000	0,304,734	2,100,307	2,203,780	2,019,200	2,020,709	1,952,090	1,901,922
Total primary government program revenue	\$ 21,622,112	\$ 17,905,000	\$ 19,821,202	\$ 23,024,738	\$ 18,707,633	\$ 18,096,611	\$ 16,600,281	\$ 19,105,483	\$ 20,927,997	\$ 16,756,322
Net (expense) revenue										
Governmental activities	\$(42,022,655)	\$(41,180,468)	\$ (41,375,339)	\$ (37,702,052)	\$ (35,877,603)	\$ (34,526,745)	\$ (33,254,448)	\$ (26,935,172)	\$ (28,414,731)	\$ (28,012,292)
Business-type activities	(158,637)	153,080	675,633	4,044,941	155,501	211,781	122,856	36,783	1,860	32,927
Total primary government net expense	\$(42,181,292)	\$(41,027,388)	\$ (40,699,706)	\$ (33,657,111)	\$ (35,722,102)	\$ (34,314,964)	\$ (33,131,592)	\$ (26,898,389)	\$ (28,412,871)	\$ (27,979,365)

Governmental Activities Tax Revenues by Source Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting) (dollar amounts expressed in thousands)

		•		-		•				
	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011
General Revenue and Other Changes										
in Net Position										
Governmental activities										
Taxes:										
Property taxes	\$41,876,124	\$40,481,952	\$37,875,513	\$36,046,143	\$34,630,748	\$32,854,038	\$32,220,901	\$29,014,155	\$27,578,490	\$26,155,485
Excise taxes	3,651,682	3,560,107	3,396,845	3,224,489	3,138,658	3,040,917	2,911,618	2,650,054	2,384,488	2,364,465
Cable TV franchise fees	222,802	229,783	221,219	220,144	211,124	210,467	210,542	210,622	209,381	148,241
Unrestricted grants and contributions	13,336	577,940	1,089,754	941,537	886,641	776,762	796,872	672,593	674,047	646,733
Investment earnings	832,070	888,714	137,531	168,961	211,542	94,277	80,141	60,619	37,596	33,885
Miscellaneous	971,102	1,943,116	52,721	73,404	175,471	88,103	125,013	2,257,532	230,732	153,743
Total governmental activities	47,567,116	47,681,612	42,773,583	40,674,678	39,254,184	37,064,564	36,345,087	34,865,575	31,114,734	29,502,552
Business-type activities										
Investment earnings	8,500	15,046	21,428	8,516	14,933	6,100	5,167	-	-	-
Total business-type activities	8,500	15,046	21,428	8,516	14,933	6,100	5,167	-	-	-
Total primary government	\$47,575,616	\$47,696,658	\$42,795,011	\$40,683,194	\$39,269,117	\$37,070,664	\$36,350,254	\$34,865,575	\$31,114,734	\$29,502,552
Change in net position										
Governmental activities	\$ 5,544,461	\$ 6,501,144	\$ 1,398,244	\$ 2,972,626	\$ 3,376,581	\$ 2,537,819	\$ 3,090,639	\$ 7,930,403	\$ 2,700,003	\$ 1,490,260
Business-type activities	(150,137)	168,126	697,061	4,053,457	170,434	217,881	128,023	36,783	1,860	32,927
Total primary government	\$ 5,394,324	\$ 6,669,270	\$ 2,095,305	\$ 7,026,083	\$ 3,547,015	\$ 2,755,700	\$ 3,218,662	\$ 7,967,186	\$ 2,701,863	\$ 1,523,187
				· ·						

Note: The County implemented GASB #68 in 2015. The County implemented GASB #75 in 2018.

Fund Balances of Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years (modified accrual basis of accounting)

	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011
General Fund										
Nonspendable	\$ 49,412	\$ 25,925	\$ 303,545	\$ 303,666	\$ 297,332	\$ 308,051	\$ 310,169	\$ 20,011	\$ 65,254	\$-
Restricted	92,396	86,431	1,116,345	1,109,460	1,048,593	785,481	969,129	27,110	577,865	592,712
Committed	1,675,546	1,188,261	-	-	-	-	-	831,198	5,690,995	6,693,591
Assigned	365,000	270,000	171,600	622,000	-	-	-	87,335	128,097	225,108
Unassigned	11,525,133	11,067,470	9,923,606	10,578,586	11,081,063	10,578,837	12,007,853	13,266,470	11,514,542	11,320,374
Total general fund	\$ 13,707,487	\$ 12,638,087	\$11,515,096	\$ 12,613,712	\$ 12,426,988	\$ 11,672,369	\$ 13,287,151	\$ 14,232,124	\$ 17,976,753	\$ 18,831,785
All Other Governmental Funds										
Nonspendable	\$ 36,573	\$ 35,792	\$ 36,573	\$ 34,665	\$ 20,097	\$ 23,762	\$ 23,762	\$ 18,752	\$ 18,752	\$ 10,301
Restricted	10,723,884	15,324,216	7,623,628	7,625,911	7,556,379	8,804,120	17,274,179	6,224,010	6,933,139	10,462,258
Committed	1,660,174	2,475,329	4,015,201	4,806,145	5,561,429	5,737,486	6,815,356	4,844,418	-	-
Assigned	1,470,350	1,176,135	-	-	-	-	-	1,027,392	603,322	568,048
Unassigned	(516,932)	(484)	(383,077)	(106,939)	(75,687)	(277,897)	(15,653)	(94,834)	-	(1,496)
Total all other governmental funds	\$ 13,374,049	\$ 19,010,988	\$11,292,325	\$ 12,359,782	\$ 13,062,218	\$ 14,287,471	\$ 24,097,644	\$ 12,019,738	\$ 7,555,213	\$ 11,039,111

Note: In 2011, GASB #54 was implemented.

Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years (modified accrual basis of accounting)

-	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011
REVENUES										
	\$ 45,619,199	\$ 44,301,345	\$ 41,182,424	\$ 39,185,034	\$ 37,811,495	\$ 35,954,078	\$ 35,167,105	\$ 33,704,800	\$ 31,469,323	\$ 30,111,392
Licenses, fees and permits	540,524	535,151	493,179	595,396	501,876	448,332	617,051	490,400	412,617	366,528
Intergovernmental revenues	15,636,325	10,936,331	13,251,035	13,494,737	13,517,559	12,301,393	11,830,853	12,141,113	11,133,290	11,372,188
Charges for services	2.601.363	2,959,589	3,472,403	3,498,945	3,117,773	2,956,653	2,495,788	724,432	732.685	664.288
Fines and forfeitures	59,582	76,887	54,552	54,425	56,607	48,245	50,092	56,568	42,193	73,565
Interest	832,070	888,714	137,531	168,961	211,542	94,277	80,141	60,619	43,010	105,260
Miscellaneous revenues	1,193,904	1,621,850	668,277	310,189	654,535	1,161,945	390,554	2,192,289	1.788.185	1,675,396
TOTAL REVENUES	66,482,967	61,319,867	59,259,401	57,307,687	55,871,387	52,964,923	50,631,584	49,370,221	45,621,303	44,368,617
EXPENDITURES	1 001 540	4 0 45 700	4 474 000	4 004 504	1 000 005	4 440 400	4 005 004	1 000 0 10	4 004 404	4 000 050
General government	1,381,540	1,345,720	1,474,989	1,394,501	1,260,205	1,416,430	1,065,691	1,032,042	1,061,434	1,038,658
Financial management	1,307,341	1,238,141	1,193,225	1,121,047	1,135,530	1,049,103	978,002	1,060,159	898,317	870,631
Public safety	5,024,281	4,684,265	4,407,316	4,149,690	3,939,272	3,880,849	3,540,345	3,292,596	3,198,606	3,079,808
Public works	2,489,663	2,460,598	2,444,084	2,334,934	2,203,968	2,267,942	2,379,541	2,293,304	1,818,647	1,909,968
Community development	1,399,956	1,292,783	1,485,077	1,874,220	1,450,815	1,578,173	578,546	619,971	604,505	610,355
Community program and parks	1,326,129	1,453,138	1,365,195	1,269,768	1,127,438	1,107,795	1,052,917	927,687	1,098,737	1,070,767
Education	38,899,309	35,272,809	36,948,142	34,685,068	32,691,751	31,277,421	29,963,464	28,494,449	28,100,902	27,440,999
Non-departmental	871,365	943,262	770,999	680,335	727,422	992,149	765,011	736,554	975,792	983,639
County tax	1,735,913	1,668,790	1,624,750	1,526,360	1,456,279	1,376,320	1,321,522	1,208,849	1,181,421	1,153,336
Reserves	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,301,946	20,610,734
Capital improvements	10,701,746	6,275,492	4,273,429	3,056,619	4,724,975	13,560,125	7,990,066	7,689,360	5,827,908	-
Debt service:			0.005.000	0.075.000	0.075.000		0.440.000		1 000 500	4 000 500
Principal	4,445,000	3,980,000	3,985,000	3,975,000	3,975,000	3,980,000	3,140,000	3,140,000	1,288,500	1,288,500
	1,468,263	1,350,437	1,539,512	1,604,001	1,701,331	1,874,932	1,488,006	1,554,806	1,603,518	609,000
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	71,050,506	61,965,435	61,511,718	57,671,543	56,393,986	64,361,239	54,263,111	52,049,777	49,960,233	60,666,395
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER)										
EXPENDITURES	(4,567,539)	(645,568)	(2,252,317)	(363,856)	(522,599)	(11,396,316)	(3,631,527)	(2,679,556)	(4,338,930)	(16,297,778)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)										
Bonds issued	-	9,310,000	18,120,000	-	1,900,000	-	14,400,000	-	-	47,050,000
Payment to bond refunding agent	-	(76,277)	(20,245,045)	-	(1,969,008)	-	-	-	-	(9,315,000)
Bond premiums	-	253,499	2,210,927	-	120,973	-	421,316	-	-	236,378
Sale of general capital assets	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3,332,054	-	-
Operating transfers in	5,074,664	5,623,106	2,531,692	1,672,242	2,301,628	3,277,162	2,937,837	13,837,646	-	-
Operating transfers out	(5,074,664)	(5,623,106)	(2,531,330)	(1,672,242)	(2,301,628)	(3,277,162)	(2,937,837)	(13,837,646)		
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	-	9,487,222	86,244	-	51,965		14,821,316	3,332,054		37,971,378
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	\$ (4,567,539)	\$ 8,841,654	\$ (2,166,073)	\$ (363,856)	\$ (470,634)	\$ (11,396,316)	\$ 11,189,789	\$ 652,498	\$ (4,338,930)	\$ 21,673,600
										_
Debt service as a percentage of noncapital										
expenditures	9.80%	9.57%	9.65%	10.22%	11.00%	11.53%	10.00%	10.58%	6.55%	3.13%

General Governmental Tax Revenues by Source Last Ten Fiscal Years (modified accrual basis of accounting) (dollar amounts expressed in thousands)

	Dollar Amounts Expressed in 000's								
Fiscal		Real	Pe	rsonal		Excise			
Year		Estate	Pr	operty		Tax		Total	
0044	•	07.044	•	407	•	0.004	•	00.000	
2011	\$	27,041	\$	427	\$	2,364	\$	29,832	
2012		27,041		424		2,384		29,849	
2013		28,502		434		2,650		31,586	
2014		32,221		469		2,912		35,602	
2015		32,466		447		3,041		35,954	
2016		34,225		447		3,139		37,811	
2017		35,399		562		3,224		39,185	
2018		37,126		660		3,397		41,183	
2019		39,748		567		3,560		43,875	
2020		41,051		612		3,652		45,315	

Assessed Value and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property Last Ten Fiscal Years (in thousands of dollars)

	Total Assessed Value (000's) (1)										Total			Assessed	
		Real P	rope	rty				Less:			[Direct	I	Estimated	Value as a
	Co	mmercial	F	Residential		Personal	T	ax Exempt			Ta	x Rate		Actual	% of Actual
Year	F	Property		Property		Property	R	eal Property		Total	(per	\$1,000)	Valu	ue (000's) (2)	Value
2011	\$	332,559	\$	1,931,630	\$	35,325	\$	(77,053)	\$	2,222,461	\$	12.35	\$	2,071,900	107.3%
2011	φ	334,324	φ	1,953,295	φ	33,580	φ	(77,448)	Ψ	2,222,401	φ	12.33	Ψ	2,071,900	107.0%
2012		,		1,955,295		,				2,243,737		12.92		2,097,000	107.0%
		361,500		, ,		34,031		(78,383)		, ,				, ,	
2014		363,625		1,972,150		33,250		(81,885)		2,287,140		14.12		2,091,550	109.4%
2015		339,224		2,038,131		31,738		(80,230)		2,328,863		14.10		2,141,950	108.7%
2016		300,226		2,114,789		35,839		(82,283)		2,368,571		14.63		2,253,100	105.1%
2017		304,730		2,133,953		37,236		(86,982)		2,388,937		15.09		2,338,100	102.2%
2018		310,785		2,211,644		42,226		(142,221)		2,422,434		15.62		2,401,350	100.9%
2019		317,322		2,298,165		34,536		(193,341)		2,456,681		16.47		2,532,600	97.0%
2020		318,047		2,184,276		36,263		(49,978)		2,488,608		16.87		2,726,900	91.3%

(1) Source: Falmouth Assessor's Office

(2) Estimated actual valuation amounts are the state equalized values published by Maine Revenue Services.

Collection Year	_	own Rate	 ucation Rate		ounty ate (1)	Total Tax Rate
2011 2012 2013 2014 2015 2016 2017 2018 2019	\$	3.04 3.01 3.05 3.09 3.00 3.00 3.04 3.16	\$ 8.77 9.36 9.86 10.46 10.42 10.98 11.41 11.87 12.59	\$	0.54 0.55 0.61 0.59 0.65 0.68 0.71 0.72	\$ 12.35 12.92 13.43 14.12 14.10 14.63 15.09 15.62 16.47
			-		••••	

Direct and Overlapping Property Tax Rates Last Ten Fiscal Years

(1) Cumberland County assesses a county tax to the Town of Falmouth. The Town includes the county assessment in the Town's total direct tax rate. The rate shown here reflects the portion of the Town's total direct tax rate levied by the Town to pay the county tax

Principal Property Taxpayers Current Year and Nine Years Ago (amounts expressed in thousands)

		2020		2011				
	Taxable Assessed		Percentage of Total Taxable	Taxable Assessed		Percentage of Total Taxable		
Employer	Value	Rank	Assessed Value	Value	Rank	Assessed Value		
Ocean View Retirement LLC	75,797	1	3.09%	33,873	1	1.51%		
ARC	27,681	2	1.13%		_			
20 Thames Street LLC	22,480	3	0.92%	11,846	5	0.53%		
Central Maine Power Co.	20,780	4	0.85%	10,487	7	0.47%		
Princeton Falmouth LLC	15,892	5	0.65%	16,046	4	0.72%		
Foreside Place LLC	11,491	6	0.47%					
Portland Country Club	11,120	7	0.45%	11,556	6	0.52%		
Falmouth Ventures LLC	9,238	8	0.38%	9,246	8	0.41%		
Tyler Technologies, Inc.	8,530	9	0.35%					
Hannaford Bros. Inc.	8,020	10	0.33%	8,952	9	0.40%		
Falmouth Realty Associates				23,188	2	1.04%		
Marr Associates LLP				8,540	10	0.38%		
West Falmouth Development LLC				21,082	3	0.94%		
Totals	211,028		8.61%	154,816		6.92%		

Property Tax Levies Last Ten Fiscal Years (amounts expressed in thousands)

Fiscal Year	 Total Levy	-	Current llections	Percent of Levy Collected	in Su	llections Ibsequent Years	Cc	Total Tax ollections	Percent of Total Tax
2011	\$ 27,618	\$	26,969	97.7%	\$	642	\$	27,611	99.97%
2012	29,218		28,330	97.0%		876		29,206	99.96%
2013	30,706		29,509	96.1%		1,183		30,692	99.95%
2014	32,294		31,382	97.2%		895		32,277	99.95%
2015	32,837		31,871	97.1%		959		32,830	99.98%
2016	34,619		33,632	97.1%		970		34,602	99.95%
2017	36,049		35,160	97.5%		885		36,045	99.99%
2018	37,838		36,810	97.3%		989		37,799	99.90%
2019	40,461		40,315	99.6%		140		40,455	99.99%
2020	41,983		41,663	99.2%		-		41,663	99.24%

Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type Last Ten Fiscal Years (amounts expressed in thousands, except per capita amount)

			nmental ivities				ness-type ctivities			
Year	0	General bligation Bonds	otes yable	-	ipital ases	Re	stewater evenue Bonds	Total Primary vernment	Percentage of Personal Income	^D er apita
2011	\$	51,989	\$ 150	\$	-	\$	5,184	\$ 57,323	13.96%	\$ 5
2012		50,700	100		-		4,860	55,660	10.43%	4.98
2013		47,560	100		-		4,536	52,196	9.78%	4.67
2014		59,241	-		-		4,212	63,453	11.42%	5.67
2015		55,237	-		-		3,888	59,125	10.64%	5.10
2016		51,348	-		191		3,564	55,103	9.92%	4.76
2017		47,339	-		130		3,240	50,709	7.33%	4.17
2018		44,800	-		88		2,916	47,804	6.91%	3.93
2019		47,505	-		45		2,592	50,142	6.56%	4.12
2020		43,060	-		-		2,268	45,328	5.93%	3.73

Ratios of General Bonded Debt Outstanding Last Ten Fiscal Years (amounts expressed in thousands, except per capita amount)

	-		Ratio of Net Bonded Debt to Estimated Actual	Per
Veer		oligation		
Year		Bonds	Assessed Value	 Capita
2011	\$	51,989	2.51%	\$ 4,648
2012		50,700	2.42%	4,533
2013		47,560	2.27%	4,252
2014		59,241	2.83%	5,296
2015		55,237	2.58%	4,767
2016		51,348	2.28%	4,432
2017		47,339	2.02%	3,892
2018		44,800	1.87%	3,684
2019		47,505	1.88%	3,906
2020		43,060	1.58%	3,541

Direct and Overlapping Governmental Activities Debt June 30, 2019 (amounts expressed in thousands)

	Debt Outstanding	Percentage Applicable to Town of Falmouth	Share of Overlapping Debt
Direct Debt	\$ 43,060	100.00%	\$ 43,060
Overlapping Debt: Cumberland County Portland Water District (Wastewater Fund) Portalnd Water District (Water Fund)	35,425 35,911 <u>55,760</u> 127,096	5.41% 11.27% 8.01%	1,916 4,046 <u>4,466</u> 10,428
	\$ 170,156		\$ 53,488

Overlapping Debt:

The Town is subject to an annual assessment of its proportional share of Cumberland County expenses, including debt repayment, as determined by the percentage of the Town's state valuation to the County's state valuation.

At June 30, 2020, the Town's state valuation for comparison to the County of \$2,726,900,000 was 5.41% of the County's state valuation of \$50,417,650,000. The Town's share is 5.41% or \$1,916,004 of Cumberland County's \$35,425,000 long-term debt outstanding as of June 30, 2020.

The Town is also served by the Portland Water District. At June 30, 2020, the Town's share of self-supporting bonded water debt is 8.01% or \$4,466,420 of the total debt of \$55,760,544.

The Town is also served by the Portland Water District Wastewater Fund. At June 30, 2020, the Town's share of self-supporting bonded wastewater debt is 11.27% or \$4,046,000 of the total debt of \$35,911,417.

Legal Debt Margin Information Last Ten Fiscal Years (amounts expressed in thousands)

	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011
Assessed value per State	\$2,726,900	\$2,532,600	\$2,401,350	\$2,338,100	\$2,253,100	\$2,141,950	\$2,091,550	\$2,097,800	\$2,071,900	\$2,131,400
Total debt limit - all purposes - 15% of assessed value Less outstanding debt applicable to debt limit Legal debt margin	409,035 47,809 361,226	379,890 52,827 327,063	360,203 47,804 312,399	350,715 50,709 300,006	337,965 55,103 282,862	321,293 59,125 262,168	313,733 63,032 250,701	314,670 52,096 262,574	310,785 55,560 255,225	319,710 57,173 262,537
Total outstanding debt applicable to the limit as a percentage of debt limit	11.69%	13.91%	13.27%	14.46%	16.30%	18.40%	20.09%	16.56%	17.88%	17.88%

The debt limit is restricted by State statute based on the assessed value per the State above and the percentages below.

Municipal purposes - 7.5%										
Debt limit	204,518	189,945	180,101	175,358	168,983	160,646	156,866	157,335	157,335	155,393
Less outstanding debt applicable to debt limit	20,610	17,540	9,144	9,530	10,803	11,507	11,900	2,700	2,900	3,100
Debt margin for municipal purposes	183,908	172,405	170,957	165,828	158,180	149,139	144,966	154,635	154,435	152,293
Outstanding debt applicable to the limit as a										
percentage of debt limit for municipal purposes	10.08%	9.23%	5.08%	5.43%	6.39%	7.16%	7.59%	1.72%	1.84%	1.99%
School purposes - 10.0%										
Debt limit	272,690	253,260	240,135	233,810	225,310	214,195	209,155	209,780	209,780	207,190
Less outstanding debt applicable to debt limit	24,931	32,695	35,744	37,939	40,736	43,730	46,920	44,860	47,800	48,850
Debt margin for municipal purposes	247,759	220,565	204,391	195,871	184,574	170,465	162,235	164,920	161,980	158,340
Outstanding debt applicable to the limit as a										
percentage of debt limit for municipal purposes	9.14%	12.91%	14.88%	16.23%	18.08%	20.42%	22.43%	21.38%	22.79%	23.58%
Storm and sanitary sewer purposes - 7.5%										
Debt limit	204,518	189,945	180,101	175,358	168,983	160,646	156,866	157,335	157,335	155,393
Less outstanding debt applicable to debt limit	2,268	2,592	2,916	3,240	3,564	3,888	4,212	4,536	4,860	5,223
Debt margin for municipal purposes	202,250	187,353	177,185	172,118	165,419	156,758	152,654	152,799	152,475	150,170
Outstanding debt applicable to the limit as a										
percentage of debt limit for municipal purposes	1.11%	1.36%	1.62%	1.85%	2.11%	2.42%	2.69%	2.88%	3.09%	3.36%
Maximum total debt limit - 15.0%	409,035	379,890	360,203	350,715	337,965	321,293	313,733	314,670	310,785	319,710

Demographic Statistics Last Ten Fiscal Years

Year	Population (1)	Personal Income (000's)	F	er Capita Personal come (1)	Median Age (1)	Years of Formal Schooling (1)	Unemployment Rate (2)	School Enrollment (3)
2011	11,185	\$ 410,668	\$	36,716	40.7	13.4	5.30%	2,099
2012	11,185	533,435		47,692	45.3	13.4	4.90%	2,150
2013	11,185	533,435		47,692	45.3	13.4	4.70%	2,140
2014	11,185	555,612		49,675	46.8	13.4	4.40%	2,126
2015	11,587	555,612		47,951	45.3	13.4	3.20%	2,119
2016	11,587	555,612		47,951	45.3	13.4	2.80%	2,131
2017	12,162	691,496		56,857	47.1	13.4	2.10%	2,114
2018	12,162	691,496		56,857	47.1	13.4	1.90%	2,133
2019	12,162	764,382		62,850	46.7	13.4	2.20%	2,090
2020	12,162	764,382		62,850	46.7	13.4	6.30%	2,008

(1) Source: U.S. Census Bureau, American Community Survey

(2) Source: U.S. Department of Labor

(3) Source: State of Maine, Department of Education

Principal Employers Current Year and Nine Years Ago

		2020		2011					
Employer	Employeee	Donk	Percentage of Total Town	Employeee	Donk	Percentage of Total Town			
Employer	Employees	Rank	Employment	Employees	Rank	Employment			
Town of Falmouth	478	1	9.70%	439	2	9.02%			
TD Banknorth	444	2	9.02%	444	1	8.92%			
Tyler Technologies	375	3	7.62%	375		7.62%			
Hannaford Bros. Inc.	200	4	4.06%	200		4.06%			
Walmart	150	5	3.05%			0.00%			
Sedgewood Commons	150	6	3.05%	150	5	3.05%			
Shaw's Supermarket	150	7	3.05%	150	6	3.05%			
Falmouth-by-the-Sea	118	8	2.40%	118	7	2.40%			
Skillin's Greenhouses	107	9	2.17%	107	8	2.17%			
The Woodlands Club	102	10	2.07%	102	9	2.07%			
Ocean View Assisted Living				77	10	1.56%			

Full-time Equivalent Regular Town Employees by Function (1) For the Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011
General government	28	23	23	23	23	23	23	23	23	23
Public safety: Police:										
Officers (including harbormaster)	19	20	19	19	18	18	18	18	18	17
Civilians	10	10	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8
Fire/EMS protection:	10	10	0	0	0	Ũ	0	0	0	0
Officers	5	4	3	3	3	3	2	1	1	2
Administrative	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
/ animorative		•		•				•		•
Public works:										
Public works	12	12	9	12	12	12	12	14	12	11
Solid waste	2	2	2	2	2 3	2	2	1	1	2
Vehicle maintenance	2	2	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Community programs and parks:										
Community programs	6	6	6	5	4	4	4	5	5	4
Parks	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	5 2	2	2
Education:										
Instructional	213	213	209	209	205	205	202	181	181	183
Other	171	171	151	147	143	143	141	139	137	142
	., .		101		110	110		100	101	1.12
Wastewater treatment	7	7	7	8	7	7	7	7	7	7
Total	478	473	442	442	431	431	425	403	399	405
=										

Source: Town payroll office and school department

(1) Includes only "regular" Town employees, excludes non-regular seasonal and "on-call" employees.

Selected Operating Indicators and Capital Asset Statistics by Function For the Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011
General government:										
Number of motor vehicle registrations	12,447	13,983	14,166	13,976	13,384	13,486	13,119	12,802	11,933	11,273
Number of building permits issued	300	251	249	270	208	233	254	232	227	223
Number of real estate parcels	5,594	5,539	5,494	5,460	5,369	5,318	5,287	5,259	5,251	5,238
Public safety:	0,004	0,000	0,404	0,400	0,000	0,010	0,207	0,200	0,201	0,200
Police:										
Number of stations	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Number of patrol units	13	13	13	11	11	11	11	11	9	9
Number of requests for service	16,240	20,765	22,443	17,129	22,233	17,480	21,782	18,383	21,959	22,823
Number of law violations:	10,240	20,700	22,440	17,125	22,200	17,400	21,702	10,000	21,000	22,020
Physical arrests	136	79	126	121	129	117	154	130	108	101
Traffic violations	2.707	5,003	5,872	5,484	5,410	3,654	3,921	3,588	4,008	4,422
Parking violations	2,707	151	225	182	269	138	257	472	4,000	131
Number of street lights	591	591	590	617	617	614	614	610	612	612
Number of harbor moorings	1,187	1,168	1,137	1,097	1,135	1,118	1,081	1,104	1,109	1,114
Fire/EMS protection:	1,107	1,100	1,157	1,037	1,100	1,110	1,001	1,104	1,103	1,114
Number of stations	3	3	3	3	3	2	2	3	3	3
Number of fire apparatus	9	9	9	9	9	9	2	9	10	10
Number of fire dept. requests for service	9 821	565	668	708	725	733	555	582	615	539
Number of ambulances	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
	3 1,395	3 1,254	3 1,251	3 1,181	3 1,246	1,063	3 1,072	967	1,022	1,039
Number of EMS requests for service Public works:	1,395	1,204	1,251	1,101	1,240	1,003	1,072	907	1,022	1,039
Miles of streets	85	80	80	79	79	78	77	76	76	76
		80 14	13	13	13	12	12	12	12	13
Traffic signals Number of vehicles and rolling equipment	35	35	35	35	35	43	42	42	56	56
Community programs & parks:						45	42	42	50	50
Number of recreational and adult										
education programs	815	803	670	670	644	652	521	470	514	456
Number of program participants	14,000	14,500	13,900	10,185	9,901	9,448	8,065	7,800	6,800	6,800
Parks and open space areas	50	14,500	50	50	9,901 50	9,448 50	50	7,800	50	0,800 50
Park acreage	119	119	119	119	119	119	119	119	119	119
Skating rinks	113	1	1	113	1	1	1	2	2	2
Tennis courts	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9
Education:	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	3	5
Number of elementary schools	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	3
Number of elementary school students	1,348	1,408	1.441	1,414	1,409	1,149	1,416	1,405	1,423	1,405
Number of secondary schools	1,540	1,400	1,441	1,414	1,403	1,149	1,410	1,403	1,425	1,403
Number of secondary school students	660	682	692	700	685	692	710	735	727	694
Number of school buses, vans and	000	002	032	700	000	032	710	755	121	034
rolling equipment	40	39	39	39	40	40	40	42	42	42
Wastewater treatment:	40		55		40	40	40	42	42	42
Miles of sanitary sewers	56	56	56	56	56	56	56	56	56	55
Number of treatment plants	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Number of maintenance vehicles	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	6
Number of service connections	2,480	2,440	2,425	2,399	2,366	2,342	2,335	2,300	2,273	2,249
Daily average treatment in gallons	950,000	973,000	910,000	870,000	876,000	978,000	889,000	907,000	971,000	952,000
Maximum daily licensed capacity in	350,000	373,000	310,000	070,000	070,000	370,000	003,000	307,000	371,000	352,000
gallons	1,560,000	1,560,000	1,560,000	1,560,000	1,560,000	1,560,000	1,560,000	1,560,000	1,560,000	1,560,000
gailono	1,000,000	1,000,000	1,000,000	1,000,000	1,000,000	1,000,000	1,000,000	1,000,000	1,000,000	1,000,000

Source: Town payroll office and school department payroll office.